Calendar No. 131

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 852

To create a fair and efficient system to resolve claims of victims for bodily injury caused by asbestos exposure, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 19, 2005

Mr. Specter (for himself, Mr. Leahy, Mr. Hatch, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Grassley, Mr. DeWine, Mr. Baucus, Mr. Voinovich, Mr. Vitter, and Mr. Graham) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

June 16, 2005

Reported by Mr. Specter, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To create a fair and efficient system to resolve claims of victims for bodily injury caused by asbestos exposure, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005" or
- 4 the "FAIR Act of 2005".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents of
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings and purpose.
 - Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—ASBESTOS CLAIMS RESOLUTION

Subtitle A—Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation

- Sec. 101. Establishment of Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation.
- Sec. 102. Advisory Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation.
- Sec. 103. Medical Advisory Committee.
- Sec. 104. Claimant assistance.
- Sec. 105. Physicians Panels.
- Sec. 106. Program startup.
- Sec. 107. Authority of the Administrator.

Subtitle B—Asbestos Disease Compensation Procedures

- Sec. 111. Essential elements of eligible claim.
- Sec. 112. General rule concerning no-fault compensation.
- Sec. 113. Filing of claims.
- Sec. 114. Eligibility determinations and claim awards.
- Sec. 115. Medical evidence auditing procedures.

Subtitle C-Medical Criteria

Sec. 121. Medical criteria requirements.

Subtitle D—Awards

- Sec. 131. Amount.
- Sec. 132. Medical monitoring.
- Sec. 133. Payment.
- Sec. 134. Reduction in benefit payments for collateral sources.
- Sec. 134. Setoffs for collateral source compensation and prior awards.
- Sec. 135. Certain claims not affected by payment of awards.

TITLE II—ASBESTOS INJURY CLAIMS RESOLUTION FUND

Subtitle A—Asbestos Defendants Funding Allocation

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Authority and tiers.
- Sec. 203. Subtiers.
- Sec. 204. Assessment administration.

- Sec. 205. Stepdowns and funding holidays.
- Sec. 206. Accounting treatment.

Subtitle B—Asbestos Insurers Commission

- Sec. 210. Definition.
- Sec. 211. Establishment of Asbestos Insurers Commission.
- Sec. 212. Duties of Asbestos Insurers Commission.
- Sec. 213. Powers of Asbestos Insurers Commission.
- Sec. 214. Personnel matters.
- Sec. 215. Termination of Asbestos Insurers Commission.
- Sec. 216. Expenses and costs of Commission.

Subtitle C—Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund

- Sec. 221. Establishment of Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund.
- Sec. 222. Management of the Fund.
- Sec. 223. Enforcement of payment obligations.
- Sec. 224. Interest on underpayment or nonpayment.
- Sec. 225. Education, consultation, screening, and monitoring.
- Sec. 226. National Mesothelioma Research and Treatment Program.

TITLE III—JUDICIAL REVIEW

- Sec. 301. Judicial review of rules and regulations.
- Sec. 302. Judicial review of award decisions.
- Sec. 303. Judicial review of participants' assessments.
- Sec. 304. Other judicial challenges.
- Sec. 305. Stays, exclusivity, and constitutional review.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. False information.
- Sec. 402. Effect on bankruptcy laws.
- Sec. 403. Effect on other laws and existing claims.
- Sec. 404. Effect on insurance and reinsurance contracts.
- Sec. 405. Annual report of the Administrator and sunset of the Act.
- Sec. 406. Rules of construction relating to liability of the United States Government.
- Sec. 407. Rules of construction.
- Sec. 408. Violation of environmental health and safety requirements.
- Sec. 409. Nondiscrimination of health insurance.

TITLE V—ASBESTOS BAN

- Sec. 501. Prohibition on asbestos containing products.
- Sec. 502. Naturally occurring asbestos.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) Millions of Americans have been exposed to
- 4 forms of asbestos that can have devastating health
- 5 effects.

- (2) Various injuries can be caused by exposure to some forms of asbestos, including pleural disease and some forms of cancer.
 - (3) The injuries caused by asbestos can have latency periods of up to 40 years, and even limited exposure to some forms of asbestos may result in injury in some cases.
 - (4) Asbestos litigation has had a significant detrimental effect on the country's economy, driving companies into bankruptcy, diverting resources from those who are truly sick, and endangering jobs and pensions.
 - (5) The scope of the asbestos litigation crisis cuts across every State and virtually every industry.
 - (6) The United States Supreme Court has recognized that Congress must act to create a more rational asbestos claims system. In 1991, a Judicial Conference Ad Hoc Committee on Asbestos Litigation, appointed by Chief Justice William Rehnquist, found that the "ultimate solution should be legislation recognizing the national proportions of the problem . . . and creating a national asbestos dispute resolution scheme . . .". The Court found in 1997 in Amchem Products Inc. v. Windsor, 521 U.S. 591, 595 (1997), that "[t]he argument is sen-

- sibly made that a nationwide administrative claims processing regime would provide the most secure, fair, and efficient means of compensating victims of asbestos exposure." In 1999, the Court in Ortiz v. Fibreboard Corp., 527 U.S. 819, 821 (1999), found that the "elephantine mass of asbestos cases . . . defies customary judicial administration and calls for national legislation." That finding was again rec-ognized in 2003 by the Court in Norfolk & Western Railway Co. v. Ayers, 123 S. Ct. 1210 (2003).
 - (7) This crisis, and its significant effect on the health and welfare of the people of the United States, on interstate and foreign commerce, and on the bankruptcy system, compels Congress to exercise its power to regulate interstate commerce and create this legislative solution in the form of a national asbestos injury claims resolution program to supersede all existing methods to compensate those injured by asbestos, except as specified in this Act.
 - (8) This crisis has also imposed a deleterious burden upon the United States bankruptcy courts, which have assumed a heavy burden of administering complicated and protracted bankruptcies with limited personnel.

- (9) This crisis has devastated many communities across the country, but hardest hit has been Libby, Montana, where tremolite asbestos, 1 of the most deadly forms of asbestos, was contained in the vermiculite ore mined from the area and despite ongoing cleanup by the Environmental Protection Agency, many still suffer from the deadly dust.
 - tremolite asbestos, has demonstrated an unusually high level of toxicity, as compared to chrysotile asbestos. Diseases contracted from this tremolite asbestos are unique and highly progressive. These diseases typically manifest in a characteristic pleural disease pattern, and often result in severe impairment or death without radiographic interstitial disease or typical chrysotile markers of radiographic severity. According to the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry previous studies by the National Institutes of Occupational Safety and Health document significantly increased rates of pulmonary abnormalities and disease (asbestosis and lung cancer) among former workers.
 - (11) In Libby, Montana, exposure pathways are and were not limited to the workplace, rather, for decades there has been an unprecedented 24 hour per day

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contamination of the community's homes, playgrounds, gardens, and community air, such that the entire community of Libby, Montana, has been designated a Superfund site and is listed on the Environmental Protection Agency's National Priorities List.

These multiple exposure pathways have caused severe asbestos disease and death not only in former workers at the mine and milling facilities, but also in the workers' spouses and children, and in community members who had no direct contact with the mine. According to the Environmental Protection Agency, some potentially important alternative pathways for past asbestos exposure include elevated concentrations of asbestos in ambient air and recreational exposures from children playing in piles of vermiculite. Furthermore, the Environmental Protection Agency has determined that current potential pathways of exposure include vermiculite placed in walls and attics as thermal insulation, vermiculite or ore used as road bed material, ore used as ornamental landscaping, and vermiculity or concentrated ore used as a soil and garden amendment or aggregate in driveways.

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(13) The Environmental Protection Agency also concluded, "Asbestos contamination exists in a number of potential source materials at multiple locations in and around the residential and commercial area of Libby... While data are not yet sufficient to perform reliable human-health risk evaluations for all sources and all types of disturbance, it is apparent that releases of fiber concentrations higher than Occupational Safety and Health Administration standards may occur in some cases ... and that screening-level estimates of lifetime excess cancer risk can exceed the upper-bound risk range of 1E-04 usually used by the Environmental Protection Agency for residents under a variety of exposure scenarios. The occurrence of non-occupational asbestos-related disease that has been observed among Libby residents is extremely unusual, and has not been associated with asbestos mines elsewhere, suggesting either very high and prolonged environmental exposures and/or increased toxicity of this form of amphibole asbestos.".

(14) According to a November 2003 article from the Journal Environmental Health Perspectives titled, Radiographic Abnormalities and Exposure to Asbestos-Contaminated Vermiculite in the Community of Libby, Montana, USA, Libby residents who have evi-

dence of "no apparent exposure", i.e., did not work 1 2 with asbestos, were not a family member of a former 3 worker, etc., had a greater rate of pleural abnormali-4 ties (6.7 percent) than did those in control groups or 5 general populations found in other studies from other 6 states (which ranged from 0.2 percent to 4.6 percent). 7 "Given the ubiquitous nature of vermiculite contami-8 nation in Libby, along with historical evidence of ele-9 vated asbestos concentrations in the air, it would be 10 difficult to find participants who could be character-11 ized as unexposed.".

(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to—

- (1) create a privately funded, publicly administered fund to provide the necessary resources for a fair and efficient system to resolve asbestos injury claims that will provide compensation for legitimate present and future claimants of asbestos exposure as provided in this Act;
- (2) provide compensation to those present and future victims based on the severity of their injuries, while establishing a system flexible enough to accommodate individuals whose conditions worsens;
- (3) relieve the Federal and State courts of the burden of the asbestos litigation; and

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1	(4) increase economic stability by resolving the
2	asbestos litigation crisis that has bankrupted compa-
3	nies with asbestos liability, diverted resources from
4	the truly sick, and endangered jobs and pensions.
5	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:
7	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
8	trator" means the Administrator of the Office of As-
9	bestos Disease Compensation appointed under sec-
10	tion 101(b).
11	(2) Asbestos.—The term "asbestos" in-
12	cludes—
13	(A) chrysotile;
14	(B) amosite;
15	(C) crocidolite;
16	(D) tremolite asbestos;
17	(E) winchite asbestos;
18	(F) richterite asbestos;
19	(G) anthophyllite asbestos;
20	(H) actinolite asbestos;
21	(I) amphibole asbestos;
22	(I) as best if orm amphibole minerals;
23	(J) any of the minerals listed under sub-
24	paragraphs (A) through (I) that has been
25	chemically treated or altered, and any

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1	asbestiform variety, type, or component thereof;
2	and
3	(K) asbestos-containing material, such as
4	asbestos-containing products, automotive or in-
5	dustrial parts or components, equipment, im-
6	provements to real property, and any other ma-
7	terial that contains asbestos in any physical or
8	chemical form.
9	(3) Asbestos claim.—
10	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "asbestos
11	claim" means any claim, premised on any the-
12	ory, allegation, or cause of action for damages
13	or other relief presented in a civil action or
14	bankruptcy proceeding, directly, indirectly, or
15	derivatively arising out of, based on, or related
16	to, in whole or part, the health effects of expo-
17	sure to asbestos, including loss of consortium,
18	wrongful death, and any derivative claim made
19	by, or on behalf of, any exposed person or any
20	representative, spouse, parent, child, or other
21	relative of any exposed person.
22	(B) Exclusion.—The term does not in-
23	clude—

tangible property;

(i) claims alleging damage or injury to

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1	(ii) claims for benefits under a work-
2	ers' compensation law or veterans' benefits
3	program;
4	(iii) claims arising under any govern-
5	mental or private health, welfare, dis-
6	ability, death or compensation policy, pro-
7	gram or plan;
8	(iv) claims arising under any employ-
9	ment contract or collective bargaining
10	agreement; or
11	(v) claims arising out of medical mal-
12	practice.
13	(4) ASBESTOS CLAIMANT.—The term "asbestos
14	claimant" means an individual who files a claim
15	under section 113.
16	(5) CIVIL ACTION.—The term "civil action"
17	means all suits of a civil nature in State or Federal
18	court, whether cognizable as cases at law or in eq-
19	uity or in admiralty, but does not include an action
20	relating to any workers' compensation law, or a pro-
21	ceeding for benefits under any veterans' benefits
22	program.
23	(6) Collateral source compensation.—
24	The term "collateral source compensation" means
25	the compensation that the claimant received, or is

- entitled to receive, from a defendant or an insurer of that defendant, or compensation trust as a result of a final judgment or settlement for an asbestos-related injury that is the subject of a claim filed under section 113.
 - (7) ELIGIBLE DISEASE OR CONDITION.—The term "eligible disease or condition" means the extent that an illness meets the medical criteria requirements established under subtitle C of title I.
 - (8) EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ACT.—The term "Act of April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known as the Employer's Liability Act" shall, for all purposes of this Act, include the Act of June 5, 1920 (46 U.S.C. App. 688), commonly known as the Jones Act, and the related phrase "operations as a common carrier by railroad" shall include operations as an employer of seamen.
 - (9) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund established under section 221.
 - (10) Insurance receivership proceeding" means any State proceeding with respect to a financially impaired or insolvent insurer or reinsurer including the liquidation, rehabilitation, con-

1	servation, supervision, or ancillary receivership of an
2	insurer under State law.
3	(11) LAW.—The term "law" includes all law,
4	judicial or administrative decisions, rules, regula-
5	tions, or any other principle or action having the ef-
6	fect of law.
7	(12) Participant.—
8	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "participant"
9	means any person subject to the funding re-
10	quirements of title II, including—
11	(i) any defendant participant subject
12	to liability for payments under subtitle A
13	of that title;
14	(ii) any insurer participant subject to
15	a payment under subtitle B of that title;
16	and
17	(iii) any successor in interest of a par-
18	ticipant.
19	(B) Exception.—
20	(i) In general.—A defendant partic-
21	ipant shall not include any person pro-
22	tected from any asbestos claim by reason
23	of an injunction entered in connection with
24	a plan of reorganization under chapter 11
25	of title 11, United States Code, that has

1	been confirmed by a duly entered order or
2	judgment of a court that is no longer sub-
3	ject to any appeal or judicial review, and
4	the substantial consummation, as such
5	term is defined in section 1101(2) of title
6	11, United States Code, of such plan of re-
7	organization has occurred.
8	(ii) Applicability.—Clause (i) shall
9	not apply to a person who may be liable
10	under subtitle A of title II based on prior
11	asbestos expenditures related to asbestos
12	claims that are not covered by an injunc-
13	tion described under clause (i).
14	(13) Person.—The term "person"—
15	(A) means an individual, trust, firm, joint
16	stock company, partnership, association, insur-
17	ance company, reinsurance company, or cor-
18	poration; and
19	(B) does not include the United States,
20	any State or local government, or subdivision
21	thereof, including school districts and any gen-
22	eral or special function governmental unit es-
23	tablished under State law.
24	(14) State.—The term "State" means any
25	State of the United States and also includes the Dis-

- trict of Columbia, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Northern Mariana Islands, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and any other territory or possession of the United States or any political subdivision of any of the entities under this paragraph.
 - (15) Substantially continues.—The term "substantially continues" means that the business operations have not been significantly modified by the change in ownership.
 - "successor in interest" means any person that aequires assets, in 1 or a series of transactions, acquires all or substantially all of the assets and properties (including, without limitation, under section 363(b) or 1123(b)(4) of title 11, United States Code), and substantially continues the business operations, of a participant. The factors to be considered in determining whether a person is a successor in interest include—
- 20 (A) retention of the same facilities or loca-21 tion;
 - (B) retention of the same employees;
- 23 (C) maintaining the same job under the same working conditions;

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1	(D) retention of the same supervisory per-
2	sonnel;
3	(E) continuity of assets;
4	(F) production of the same product or
5	offer of the same service;
6	(G) retention of the same name;
7	(H) maintenance of the same customer
8	base;
9	(I) identity of stocks, stockholders, and di-
10	rectors between the asset seller and the pur-
11	chaser; or
12	(J) whether the successor holds itself out
13	as continuation of previous enterprise, but ex-
14	pressly does not include whether the person ac-
15	tually knew of the liability of the participant
16	under this Act.
17	(17) Veterans' benefits program.—The
18	term "veterans' benefits program" means any pro-
19	gram for benefits in connection with military service
20	administered by the Veterans' Administration under
21	title 38, United States Code.
22	(18) Workers' compensation law.—The
23	term "workers' compensation law"—
24	(A) means a law respecting a program ad-
25	ministered by a State or the United States to

1	provide benefits, funded by a responsible em-
2	ployer or its insurance carrier, for occupational
3	diseases or injuries or for disability or death
4	caused by occupational diseases or injuries;
5	(B) includes the Longshore and Harbor
6	Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 901 et
7	seq.) and chapter 81 of title 5, United States
8	Code; and
9	(C) does not include the Act of April 22,
10	1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known
11	as the Employers' Liability Act, or damages re-
12	covered by any employee in a liability action
13	against an employer.
14	TITLE I—ASBESTOS CLAIMS
15	RESOLUTION
16	Subtitle A—Office of Asbestos
17	Disease Compensation
18	SEC. 101. ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF ASBESTOS DIS-
19	EASE COMPENSATION.
20	(a) In General.—
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	(1) Establishment.—There is established
22	(1) Establishment.—There is established within the Department of Labor the Office of Asbes-
22	within the Department of Labor the Office of Asbes-

- 1 (2) Purpose.—The purpose of the Office is to 2 provide timely, fair compensation, in the amounts 3 and under the terms specified in this Act, on a no-4 fault basis and in a non-adversarial manner, to indi-5 viduals whose health has been adversely affected by 6 exposure to asbestos.
 - (3) EXPENSES.—There shall be available from the Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund to the Administrator such sums as are necessary for the administrative expenses of the Office, including the sums necessary for conducting the studies provided for in section 121(e).
 - (3) TERMINATION OF THE OFFICE.—The Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation shall terminate effective not later than 12 months following certification by the Administrator that the Fund has neither paid a claim in the previous 12 months nor has debt obligations remaining to pay.
 - (4) Expenses.—There shall be available from the Fund to the Administrator such sums as are necessary for any and all expenses associated with the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation and necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act. Expenses covered should include—
- 25 (A) management of the Fund;

1	(B) personnel salaries and expenses, includ-
2	ing retirement and similar benefits;
3	(C) the sums necessary for conducting the
4	studies provided for in section 121(e);
5	(D) all administrative and legal expenses;
6	and
7	(E) any other sum that could be attrib-
8	utable to the Fund.
9	(b) APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—
10	(1) In General.—The Administrator of the
11	Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation shall be
12	appointed by the President, by and with the advice
13	and consent of the Senate. The Administrator shall
14	serve for a term of 5 years.
15	(2) Reporting.—The Administrator shall re-
16	port directly to the Assistant Secretary of Labor for
17	the Employment Standards Administration.
18	(c) Duties of Administrator.—
19	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall be
20	responsible for—
21	(A) processing claims for compensation for
22	asbestos-related injuries and paying compensa-
23	tion to eligible claimants under the criteria and
24	procedures established under title I;

1	(B) determining, levying, and collecting as-
2	sessments on participants under title II;
3	(C) appointing or contracting for the serv-
4	ices of such personnel, making such expendi-
5	tures, and taking any other actions as may be
6	necessary and appropriate to carry out the re-
7	sponsibilities of the Office, including entering
8	into cooperative agreements with other Federal
9	agencies or State agencies and entering into
10	contracts with nongovernmental entities;
11	(D) conducting such audits and additional
12	oversight as necessary to assure the integrity of
13	the program;
14	(E) managing the Asbestos Injury Claims
15	Resolution Fund established under section 221.
16	including—
17	(i) administering, in a fiduciary capac-
18	ity, the assets of the Fund for the exclu-
19	sive primary purpose of providing benefits
20	to asbestos claimants and their bene-
21	ficiaries;
22	(ii) defraying the reasonable expenses
23	of administering the Fund;
24	(iii) investing the assets of the Fund
25	in accordance with section 222(b);

1	(iv) retaining advisers, managers, and
2	custodians who possess the necessary fa-
3	cilities and expertise to provide for the
4	skilled and prudent management of the
5	Fund, to assist in the development, imple-
6	mentation and maintenance of the Fund's
7	investment policies and investment activi-
8	ties, and to provide for the safekeeping and
9	delivery of the Fund's assets; and
10	(v) borrowing amounts authorized by
11	section 221(b) on appropriate terms and
12	conditions, including pledging the assets of
13	or payments to the Fund as collateral;
14	(F) promulgating such rules, regulations,
15	and procedures as may be necessary and appro-
16	priate to implement the provisions of this Act;
17	(G) making such expenditures as may be
18	necessary and appropriate in the administration
19	of this Act;
20	(H) excluding evidence and disqualifying or
21	debarring any attorney, physician, provider of
22	medical or diagnostic services, including labora-
23	tories and others who provide evidence in sup-
24	port of a claimant's application for compensa-

tion where the Administrator determines that

- materially false, fraudulent, or fictitious statements or practices have been submitted or engaged in by such individuals or entities; and
 - (I) having all other powers incidental, necessary, or appropriate to carrying out the functions of the Office.
 - (2) CERTAIN ENFORCEMENTS.—For each infraction relating to paragraph (1)(H), the Administrator also may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 on any person or entity found to have submitted or engaged in a materially false, fraudulent, or fictitious statement or practice under this Act. The Administrator shall prescribe appropriate regulations to implement paragraph (1)(H).
 - (3) Selection of Deputy Administrator Shall select a Deputy Administrator for Claims Administration to carry out the Administrator's responsibilities under this title and a Deputy Administrator for Fund Management to carry out the Administrator's responsibilities under title II of this Act. The Deputy Administrators shall report directly to the Administrator and shall be in the Senior Executive Service.
- 24 (d) Expeditious Determinations.—The Adminis 25 trator shall prescribe rules to expedite claims for asbestos

- 1 claimants with exigent circumstances in order to expedite
- 2 the payment of such claims as soon as possible after start-
- 3 up of the Fund. The Administrator shall contract out the
- 4 processing of such claims.
- 5 (e) Audit and Personnel Review Proce-
- 6 DURES.—The Administrator shall establish audit and per-
- 7 sonnel review procedures for evaluating the accuracy of
- 8 eligibility recommendations of agency and contract per-
- 9 sonnel.
- 10 (f) Application of FOIA.—
- 11 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 552 of title 5,
- 12 United States Code (commonly referred to as the
- 13 Freedom of Information Act) shall apply to the Of-
- 14 fice of Asbestos Disease Compensation and the As-
- 15 bestos Insurers Commission.
- 16 (2) Confidentiality.—Any person may des-
- 17 ignate any record submitted under this section as a
- 18 confidential commercial or financial record for pur-
- 19 poses of section 552 of title 5, United States Code.
- 20 The Administrator and the Chairman of the Asbes-
- 21 tos Insurers Commission shall adopt procedures for
- designating such records as confidential. Information
- on reserves and asbestos-related liabilities submitted
- by any participant for the purpose of the allocation

1	of payments under subtitles A and B of title H shall
2	be deemed to be confidential financial records.
3	(2) Confidentiality of financial records.—
4	(A) In General.—Any person may label
5	any record submitted under this section as a
6	confidential commercial or financial record for
7	the purpose of requesting exemption from disclo-
8	sure under section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United
9	States Code.
10	(B) Duties of Administrator and
11	Chairman of the Asbestos Insurers Com-
12	MISSION.—The Administrator and Chairman of
13	the Asbestos Insurers Commission—
14	(i) shall adopt procedures for—
15	(I) handling submitted records
16	marked confidential; and
17	(II) protecting from disclosure
18	records they determine to be confiden-
19	tial commercial or financial informa-
20	tion exempt under section $552(b)(4)$ of
21	title 5, United States Code; and
22	(ii) may establish a pre-submission de-
23	termination process to protect from disclo-
24	sure records on reserves and asbestos-related
25	liabilities submitted by any defendant par-

1	ticipant that is exempt under section
2	552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code.
3	(C) Review of complaints.—Nothing in
4	this section shall supersede or preempt the de
5	novo review of complaints filed under 552(b)(4)
6	of title 5, United States Code.
7	(3) Confidentiality of medical records.—
8	Any claimant may designate any record submitted
9	under this section as a confidential personnel or med-
10	ical file for purposes of section 552 of title 5, United
11	States Code. The Administrator and the Chairman of
12	the Asbestos Insurers Commission shall adopt proce-
13	dures for designating such records as confidential.
14	SEC. 102. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ASBESTOS DISEASE
	COMPENSATION.
15	compensation. (a) Establishment.—
15 16 17	
15 16	(a) Establishment.—
15 16 17	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 120 days
15 16 17 18	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
15 16 17 18 19	(a) Establishment.— (1) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish an Advisory Committee on As-
15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish an Advisory Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation (hereinafter the "Advi-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Establishment.— (1) In General.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall establish an Advisory Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation (hereinafter the "Advisory Committee").

1	(A) The Majority and Minority Leaders of
2	the Senate, the Speaker of the House, and the
3	Minority Leader of the House shall each ap-
4	point 4 members. Of the 4—
5	(i) 2 shall be selected to represent the
6	interests of claimants, at least 1 of whom
7	shall be selected from among individuals
8	recommended by recognized national labor
9	federations; and
10	(ii) 2 shall be selected to represent the
11	interests of participants, 1 of whom shall
12	be selected to represent the interests of the
13	insurer participants and 1 of whom shall
14	be selected to represent the interests of the
15	defendant participants.
16	(B) The Administrator shall appoint $\frac{8}{4}$
17	members, who shall be individuals with quali-
18	fications and expertise in occupational or pul-
19	monary medicine, occupational health, workers'
20	compensation programs, financial administra-
21	tion, investment of funds, program auditing, or
22	other relevant fields.
23	(3) QUALIFICATIONS.—All of the members de-
24	scribed in paragraph (2) shall have expertise or ex-
25	perience relevant to the asbestos compensation pro-

- 1 gram, including experience or expertise in diagnosing 2 asbestos-related diseases and conditions, assessing 3 asbestos exposure and health risks, filing asbestos 4 claims, administering a compensation or insurance 5 program, or as actuaries, auditors, or investment 6 managers. None of the members described in para-7 graph (2)(B) shall be individuals who, for each of the 5 years before their appointments, earned more 8 9 than 15 percent of their income by serving in mat-10 ters related to asbestos litigation as consultants or 11 expert witnesses.
- 12 (b) Duties.—The Advisory Committee shall advise 13 the Administrator on—
- 14 (1) claims filing and claims processing proce-15 dures;
 - (2) claimant assistance programs;
- 17 (3) audit procedures and programs to ensure 18 the quality and integrity of the compensation pro-19 gram;
- 20 (4) the development of a list of industries, occu-21 pations and time periods for which there is a pre-22 sumption of substantial occupational exposure to as-23 bestos;

1	(5) recommended analyses or research that
2	should be conducted to evaluate past claims and to
3	project future claims under the program;
4	(6) the annual report required to be submitted
5	to Congress under section 405; and
6	(7) such other matters related to the implemen-
7	tation of this Act as the Administrator considers ap-
8	propriate.
9	(c) Operation of the Committee.—
10	(1) Each member of the Advisory Committee
11	shall be appointed for a term of 3 years, except that
12	of the members first appointed—
13	(A) 8 shall be appointed for a term of 1
14	year;
15	(B) 8 shall be appointed for a term of 2
16	years; and
17	(C) 8 shall be appointed for a term of 3
18	years, as determined by the Administrator at
19	the time of appointment.
20	(2) Any member appointed to fill a vacancy oc-
21	curring before the expiration of the term shall be ap-
22	pointed only for the remainder of such term.
23	(3) The Administrator shall designate a Chair-
24	person and Vice Chairperson from among members

- of the Advisory Committee appointed under subsection (a)(2)(B).
 - (4) The Advisory Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairperson or the majority of its members, and at a minimum shall meet at least 4 times per year during the first 5 years of the asbestos compensation program, and at least 2 times per year thereafter.
 - (5) The Administrator shall provide to the Committee such information as is necessary and appropriate for the Committee to carry out its responsibilities under this section. The Administrator may, upon request of the Advisory Committee, secure directly from any Federal, State, or local department or agency such information as may be necessary and appropriate to enable the Advisory Committee to carry out its duties under this section. Upon request of the Administrator, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Advisory Committee.
 - (6) The Administrator shall provide the Advisory Committee with such administrative support as is reasonably necessary to enable it to perform its functions.

- 1 (d) Expenses.—Members of the Advisory Com-
- 2 mittee, other than full-time employees of the United
- 3 States, while attending meetings of the Advisory Com-
- 4 mittee or while otherwise serving at the request of the Ad-
- 5 ministrator, and while serving away from their homes or
- 6 regular places of business, shall be allowed travel and meal
- 7 expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, as au-
- 8 thorized by section 5703 of title 5, United States Code,
- 9 for individuals in the Government serving without pay.

10 SEC. 103. MEDICAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish
- 12 a Medical Advisory Committee to provide expert advice re-
- 13 garding medical issues arising under the statute.
- 14 (b) QUALIFICATIONS.—None of the members of the
- 15 Medical Advisory Committee shall be individuals who, for
- 16 each of the 5 years before their appointments, earned
- 17 more than 15 percent of their income by serving in mat-
- 18 ters related to asbestos litigation as consultants or expert
- 19 witnesses.

20 SEC. 104. CLAIMANT ASSISTANCE.

- 21 (a) Establishment.—Not later than 180 days after
- 22 the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall estab-
- 23 lish a comprehensive asbestos claimant assistance program
- 24 to—

- 1 (1) publicize and provide information to poten-2 tial claimants about the availability of benefits for 3 eligible claimants under this Act, and the procedures 4 for filing claims and for obtaining assistance in fil-5 ing claims;
 - (2) provide assistance to potential claimants in preparing and submitting claims, including assistance in obtaining the documentation necessary to support a claim;
 - (3) respond to inquiries from claimants and potential claimants;
 - (4) provide training with respect to the applicable procedures for the preparation and filing of claims to persons who provide assistance or representation to claimants; and
 - (5) provide for the establishment of a website where claimants may access all relevant forms and information.
- 19 (b) RESOURCE CENTERS.—The claimant assistance 20 program shall provide for the establishment of resource 21 centers in areas where there are determined to be large 22 concentrations of potential claimants. These centers shall 23 be located, to the extent feasible, in facilities of the De-

partment of Labor or other Federal agencies.

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1	(e) Contracts.—The claimant assistance program
2	may be carried out in part through contracts with labor
3	organizations, community-based organizations, and other
4	entities which represent or provide services to potential
5	claimants, except that such organizations may not have
6	a financial interest in the outcome of claims filed with the
7	Office.
8	(d) Legal Assistance.—
9	(1) In general.—As part of the program es-
10	tablished under subsection (a), the Administrator
11	shall establish a legal assistance program to provide
12	assistance to asbestos claimants concerning legal
13	representation issues.
14	(2) List of qualified attorneys.—As part
15	of the program, the Administrator shall maintain a
16	roster of qualified attorneys who have agreed to pro-
17	vide pro bono services to asbestos claimants under
18	rules established by the Administrator. The claim-
19	ants shall not be required to use the attorneys listed
20	on such roster.
21	(3) Notice.—
22	(A) NOTICE BY ADMINISTRATOR.—The
23	Administrator shall provide asbestos claimants
24	with notice of, and information relating to—

1	(i) pro bono services for legal assist-
2	ance available to those claimants; and
3	(ii) any limitations on attorneys fees
4	for claims filed under this title.
5	(B) Notice by attorneys.—Before a
6	person becomes a client of an attorney with re-
7	spect to an asbestos claim, that attorney shall
8	provide notice to that person of pro bono serv-
9	ices for legal assistance available for that claim.
10	(e) Attorney's Fees.—
11	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any con-
12	tract, the representative of an individual may not re-
13	ceive, for services rendered in connection with the
14	claim of an individual under the Fund, more than 5
15	percent of a final award made (whether by the Ad-
16	ministrator initially or as a result of administrative
17	review) under the Fund on such claim.
18	(2) Penalty.—Any representative of an asbes-
19	tos claimant who violates this subsection shall be
20	fined not more than the greater of—
21	(A) \$5,000; or
22	(B) twice the amount received by the rep-
23	resentative for services rendered in connection
24	with each such violation.

1 SEC. 105. PHYSICIANS PANELS.

2	(a) Appointment.—The Administrator shall, in ac-
3	cordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code,
4	appoint physicians with experience and competency in di-
5	agnosing asbestos-related diseases to be available to serve
6	on Physicians Panels, as necessary to carry out this Act.
7	(b) Formation of Panels.—
8	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall pe-
9	riodically determine—
10	(A) the number of Physicians Panels nec-
11	essary for the efficient conduct of the medical
12	review process under section 121;
13	(B) the number of Physicians Panels nec-
14	essary for the efficient conduct of the excep-
15	tional medical claims process under section 121;
16	and
17	(C) the particular expertise necessary for
18	each panel.
19	(2) Expertise.—Each Physicians Panel shall
20	be composed of members having the particular ex-
21	pertise determined necessary by the Administrator,
22	randomly selected from among the physicians ap-
23	pointed under subsection (a) having such expertise.
24	(3) Panel members.—
25	(A) In GENERAL.—Except as provided
26	under subparagraph (B), each Physicians Panel

1	shall consist of 3 physicians, 2 of whom shall be
2	designated to participate in each case submitted
3	to the Physicians Panel, and the third of whom
4	shall be consulted in the event of disagreement.
5	(B) Waiver.—The Administrator may
6	waive the provisions of subparagraph (A) and
7	may provide for panels of less than 3 physi-
8	cians, if the Administrator determines that—
9	(i) there is a shortage of qualified
10	physicians available for service on panels;
11	and
12	(ii) such shortage will result in admin-
13	istrative delay in the claims process.
14	(c) QUALIFICATIONS.—To be eligible to serve on a
15	Physicians Panel under subsection (a), a person shall be—
16	(1) a physician licensed in any State;
17	(2) board-certified in pulmonary medicine, occu-
18	pational medicine, internal medicine, oncology, or
19	pathology; and
20	(3) an individual who, for each of the 5 years
21	before and during his or her appointment to a Phy-
22	sicians Panel, has earned not more than 15 percent
23	of his or her income as an employee of a partici-
24	pating defendant or insurer or a law firm rep-
25	resenting any party in asbestos litigation or as a

- 1 consultant or expert witness in matters related to
- 2 asbestos litigation.
- 3 (d) Duties.—Members of a Physicians Panel shall—
- 4 (1) make such medical determinations as are
- 5 required to be made by Physicians Panels under sec-
- 6 tion 121; and
- 7 (2) perform such other functions as required
- 8 under this Act.
- 9 (e) Compensation.—Notwithstanding any limitation
- 10 otherwise established under section 3109 of title 5, United
- 11 States Code, the Administrator shall be authorized to pay
- 12 members of a Physician Panel such compensation as is
- 13 reasonably necessary to obtain their services.
- 14 (f) Federal Advisory Committee Act.—A Physi-
- 15 cians Panel established under this section shall not be sub-
- 16 ject to the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
- 17 App. 2).
- 18 SEC. 106. PROGRAM STARTUP.
- 19 (a) Interim Regulations.—Not later than 90 days
- 20 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
- 21 shall promulgate interim regulations and procedures for
- 22 the processing of claims under title I and the operation
- 23 of the Fund under title II, including procedures for the
- 24 expediting of exigent health claims, and processing of
- 25 claims through the claims facility.

(b) Interim Personnel.—The Secretary of Labor 1 2 and the Assistant Secretary of Labor for the Employment 3 Standards Administration may make available to the Ad-4 ministrator on a temporary basis such personnel and other resources as may be necessary to facilitate the expeditious 6 startup of the program. The Administrator may in addition contract with individuals or entities having relevant 8 experience to assist in the expeditious startup of the program. Such relevant experience shall include, but not be limited to, experience with the review of workers' com-10 pensation, occupational disease, or similar claims and with 12 financial matters relevant to the operation of the program. 13 (c) Exigent Health Claims.— 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall de-15 velop procedures to provide for an expedited process to categorize, evaluate, and pay exigent health 16 17 claims. Such procedures shall include, pending pro-18 mulgation of final regulations, adoption of interim regulations as needed for processing of exigent 19 20 health claims. 21 (2) Eligible exigent health claims.—A 22 claim shall qualify for treatment as an exigent 23 health claim if the claimant is living and the claim-

ant provides—

1	(A) the claimant is living and provides a
2	diagnosis of mesothelioma meeting the require-
3	ments of section $121(d)(10)$; or
4	(B) the claimant is living and provides a
5	declaration or affidavit, from a physician who
6	has examined the claimant within 120 days be-
7	fore the date of such declaration or affidavit,
8	that the physician has diagnosed the claimant
9	as being terminally ill from an asbestos-related
10	illness and having a life expectancy of less than
11	1 year-; or
12	(C) the claimant is the spouse or child of an
13	eligible exigent health claimant who—
14	(i) was living when the claim was filed
15	with the Fund, or if before the implementa-
16	tion of interim regulations for the filing of
17	claims with the Fund, on the date of enact-
18	ment of this Act;
19	(ii) has since died from an asbestos-re-
20	lated disease or condition; and
21	(iii) has not received compensation
22	from the Fund for the disease or condition
23	for which the claim was filed.
24	(3) Additional exigent health claims.—
25	The Administrator may, in final regulations promul-

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- gated under section 101(c), designate additional categories of claims that qualify as exigent health claims under this subsection.
- (4) CLAIMS FACILITY.—To facilitate the prompt 4 5 payment of exigent health claims, the Administrator 6 shall contract with a claims facility, which applying the medical criteria of section 121, may enter into 7 8 settlements with claimants. In the absence of an 9 offer of judgment as provided under section 106(f)(2), the elaimant may submit a elaim to that 10 11 claims facility. The claims facility shall receive the 12 elaimant's submissions and evaluate the elaim in ae-13 cordance with subtitles B and C. The claims facility 14 shall then submit the file to the Administrator for 15 payment in accordance with subtitle D. This sub-16 section shall not apply to exceptional medical claims 17 under section 121(f). A claimant may appeal any de-18 eision at a claims facility with the Administrator in 19 accordance with section 114. The processing and 20 payment of claims shall be subject to regulations pro-21 mulgated under this Act.
 - (5) AUTHORIZATION FOR CONTRACTS WITH CLAIMS FACILITIES.—The Administrator may enter into contracts with elaims facilities a claims facility

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- 1 for the processing of claims (except for exceptional
- 2 medical claims) in accordance with this title.
- 3 (d) Extreme Financial Hardship Claims.—The
- 4 Administrator shall, in final regulations promulgated
- 5 under section 101(c), designate categories of claims to be
- 6 handled on an expedited basis as a result of extreme finan-
- 7 cial hardship.
- 8 (e) Interim Administrator.—Until an Adminis-
- 9 trator is appointed and confirmed under section 101(b),
- 10 the responsibilities of the Administrator under this Act
- 11 shall be performed by the Assistant Secretary of Labor
- 12 for the Employment Standards Administration, who shall
- 13 have all the authority conferred by this Act on the Admin-
- 14 istrator and who shall be deemed to be the Administrator
- 15 for purposes of this Act. Before final regulations being
- 16 promulgated relating to claims processing, the Interim Ad-
- 17 ministrator may prioritize claims processing, without re-
- 18 gard to the time requirements prescribed in subtitle B of
- 19 this title, based on severity of illness and likelihood that
- 20 the illness in question was caused by exposure to asbestos.
- 21 exposure to asbestos was a substantial contributing factor
- 22 for the illness in question.
- 23 (f) Stay of Claims; Return to Tort System.—
- 24 (1) STAY OF CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding any
- 25 other provision of this Act, any asbestos claim pend-

1	ing as of the date of enactment of this Act, other
2	than a claim to which section 403(d)(2)(A) applies,
3	shall be subject to a stay.
4	(2) Exigent Health Claims.—
5	(A) Procedures for settlement of
6	EXIGENT HEALTH CLAIMS.—
7	(i) In General.—Any person that
8	has filed a timely exigent health claim
9	seeking a judgment or order for monetary
10	damages in any Federal or State court be-
11	fore or after the date of enactment of this
12	Act, may immediately seek an offer of
13	judgment of such claim in accordance with
14	this subparagraph.
15	(ii) FILING.—
16	(I) In General.—The claimant
17	shall file with the Administrator and
18	serve upon all defendants in the pend-
19	ing court action an election to pursue
20	an offer of judgment—
21	(aa) within 60 days after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, if
23	the claim was filed in a Federal
24	or State court before such date
25	of enactment; and

1	(bb) within 60 days after
2	the date of the filing of the
3	elaim, if the elaim is filed in a
4	Federal or State court on or
5	after the date of enactment of
6	this Act.
7	(II) STAY.—If the claimant fails
8	to file and serve a timely election
9	under this clause, the stay under sub-
10	paragraph (B) shall remain in effect.
11	(iii) Information.—A claimant who
12	has filed a timely election under clause (ii)
13	shall within 60 days after filing provide to
14	each defendant and to the Administrator—
15	(I) the amount received or due to
16	be received as a result of all settle-
17	ments that would qualify as a collat-
18	eral source under section 134, to-
19	gether with copies of all settlement
20	agreements and related documents
21	sufficient to show the accuracy of that
22	amount;
23	(II) all information that the
24	elaimant would be required to provide
25	to the Administrator in support of a

1	claim under sections 115 and 121;
2	and
3	(III) a certification by the claim-
4	ant that the information provided is
5	true and complete.
6	(iv) CERTIFICATION.—The certifi-
7	eation provided under clause (iii) shall be
8	subject to the same penalties for false or
9	misleading statements that would be appli-
10	cable with regard to information provided
11	to the Administrator in support of a claim.
12	(v) Offer of Judgment. Within
13	30 days after service of a complete set of
14	the information described in clause (iii),
15	any defendant may file and serve on all
16	parties a good faith offer of judgment in
17	an aggregate amount not to exceed the
18	total amount to which the claimant may be
19	entitled under section 131 after adjust-
20	ment for collateral sources under section
21	134. If the aggregate amount offered by all
22	defendants exceeds the limitation in this
23	clause, all offers shall be deemed reduced
24	pro-rata until the aggregate amount equals
25	the amount provided under section 131.

1	(vi) ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION.—
2	Within 20 days after the service of the last
3	offer of judgment, the claimant shall either
4	accept or reject such offers. If the amount
5	of the offer made by any defendant individ-
6	ually, or by any defendants jointly, equals
7	or exceeds 100 percent of what the claim-
8	ant would receive under the Fund, the
9	elaimant shall accept such offer and re-
10	lease any outstanding asbestos claims.
11	(vii) Lump sum payment.—Any ac-
12	cepted offer of judgment shall be payable

(vii) Lump sum payment.—Any accepted offer of judgment shall be payable within 30 days and in 1 lump sum in order to settle the pending claim.

(viii) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—Any defendant whose offer of judgment is accepted and has settled an asbestos claim under clauses (vi) and (vii) may recover the cost of such settlement by deducting from its next and subsequent contributions to the Fund for the full amount of the payment made by such defendant to the exigent health claimant, unless the Administrator finds, on the basis of clear and convincing evidence, that—

1	(I) the claimant did not meet the
2	requirements of an exigent health
3	claim; and
4	(H) the defendant's offer was col-
5	lusive or otherwise not in good faith.
6	(ix) Indemnification.—In any case
7	in which the Administrator refuses to
8	grant full indemnification under clause
9	(viii), the Administrator may provide such
10	partial indemnification as may be fair and
11	just in the circumstances. If Administrator
12	denies indemnification, the defendant may
13	seek contribution from other non-settling
14	defendants, as well as reimbursement
15	under the defendant's applicable insurance
16	policies. If the Administrator refuses to
17	grant full or partial indemnification based
18	on collusive action, the defendant may pur-
19	sue any available remedy against the
20	claimant.
21	(x) Refusal to make offer. If a
22	defendant refuses to make an offer of
23	judgment, the claimant may continue to
24	seek a judgment or order for monetary
25	damages from the court where the ease is

1	currently pending in an amount not to ex-
2	ceed 150 percent of what the claimant
3	would receive if the claimant had filed a
4	claim with the Fund. Such a judgment or
5	order may also provide an award for claim-
6	ant's attorneys' fees and the costs of litiga-
7	tion.
8	(xi) REJECTION OF OFFER.—If the
9	claimant rejects the offer as less than what
10	the claimant would qualify to receive under
11	section 131, the claimant may immediately
12	pursue the claim in court where the claim-
13	ant shall demonstrate, in addition to all
14	other essential elements of the claimant's
15	claim against any defendant, that the
16	claimant meets the requirements of section
17	121.
18	(B) Pursual of exigent health
19	CLAIMS.
20	(i) STAY.—If a claimant does not
21	elect to seek an offer of judgment under
22	subparagraph (A), the pending claim is
23	stayed for 9 months after the date of en-
24	actment of this Act.

(ii) DEFENDANT OFFER.—If a claimant does not elect to seek an offer of judgment under subparagraph (A), the defendant may elect to make an offer according to the provisions of this paragraph, except that a claimant shall not be required to accept that offer. The claimant shall accept or reject the offer within 20 days.

(iii) CLAIMS FACILITY.—If a claimant does not elect to seek an offer of judgment under subparagraph (A), the claimant may seek an award from the Fund through the claims facility under section 106 (c)(4).

(iv) Continuance of claims.—If, after 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator cannot certify to Congress that the Fund is operational and paying exigent health claims at a reasonable rate, each person that has filed an exigent health claim before such date of enactment and stayed under this paragraph may continue their exigent health claims in the court where the ease was pending on the date of enactment of this Act. For exigent claims filed after the

date of enactment of this Act, by claimants
who do not elect to seek an offer of judgment under subparagraph (A), the pending
claim is stayed for 9 months after the date
the claim is filed, unless during that period
the Administrator can certify to Congress
that the Fund is operational and paying
valid claims at a reasonable rate.

(C) CREDIT OF CLAIM AND EFFECT OF OPERATIONAL FUND.—If an asbestos claim is pursued in Federal or State court in accordance with this paragraph, any recovery by the claimant shall be a collateral source compensation for purposes of section 134.

(3) Pursual of asbestos claims in federal or state court.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if, not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator cannot certify to Congress that the Fund is operational and paying all valid claims at a reasonable rate, any person with a non-exigent asbestos claim stayed under this paragraph, except for any person whose claim does not exceed a Level I claim, may pur-

1	sue that claim in the Federal district court or
2	State court located within—
3	(i) the State of residence of the claim-
4	ant; or
5	(ii) the State in which the asbestos ex-
6	posure arose.
7	(B) Defendants not found.—If any
8	defendant cannot be found in the State de-
9	scribed in clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A),
10	the claim may be pursued in the Federal dis-
11	trict court or State court located within any
12	State in which the defendant may be found.
13	(C) DETERMINATION OF MOST APPRO-
14	PRIATE FORUM.—If a person alleges that the
15	asbestos exposure occurred in more than 1
16	county (or Federal district), the trial court shall
17	determine which State and county (or Federal
18	district) is the most appropriate forum for the
19	claim. If the court determines that another
20	forum would be the most appropriate forum for
21	a claim, the court shall dismiss the claim. Any
22	otherwise applicable statute of limitations shall
23	be tolled beginning on the date the claim was
24	filed and ending on the date the claim is dis-
25	missed under this subparagraph.

1	(D) STATE VENUE REQUIREMENTS.—
2	Nothing in this paragraph shall preempt or su-
3	persede any State's law relating to venue re-
4	quirements within that State which are more
5	restrictive.
6	(E) CREDIT OF CLAIM AND EFFECT OF
7	OPERATIONAL OR NONOPERATIONAL FUND.—

(i) CREDIT OF CLAIM.—If an asbestos claim is pursued in Federal or State court in accordance with this paragraph, any recovery by the claimant shall be a collateral source compensation for purposes of section 134.

(ii) OPERATIONAL FUND.—If the Administrator subsequently certifies to Congress that the Fund has become operational and paying all valid asbestos claims at a reasonable rate, any claim in a civil action in Federal or State court that is not actually on trial before a jury which has been impancled and presentation of evidence has commenced, but before its deliberation, or before a judge and is at the presentation of evidence, may, at the option of the claimant, be deemed a rein-

1	stated claim against the Fund and the civil
2	action before the Federal or State court
3	shall be null and void.
4	(iii) Nonoperational fund.—Not-
5	withstanding any other provision of this
6	Act, if the Administrator subsequently cer-
7	tifies to Congress that the Fund cannot be-
8	come operational and paying all valid as-
9	bestos elaims at a reasonable rate, all as-
10	bestos claims that have a stay may be filed
11	or reinstated.
12	(f) Stay of Claims; Return to Tort System.—
13	(1) Stay of claims.—Notwithstanding any
14	other provision of this Act, any asbestos claim pend-
15	ing on the date of enactment of this Act, other than
16	a claim to which section 403(d)(2) applies, shall be
17	subject to a stay.
18	(2) Exigent health claims.—
19	(A) Procedures for settlement of exi-
20	GENT HEALTH CLAIMS.—
21	(i) In general.—Any person that has
22	filed an exigent health claim, as provided
23	under subsection $(c)(2)$, seeking a judgment
24	or order for monetary damages in any Fed-
25	eral or State court before the date of the en-

actment of this Act, may seek a settlement
in accordance with this paragraph. Any
person with an exigent health claim, as provided under subsection (c)(2), that arises
after such date of enactment may seek a settlement offer in accordance with this paragraph.

(ii) FILING.—

(I) In General.—At any time before the Fund or claims facility being certified as operational and paying exigent health claims at a reasonable rate, any person with an exigent health claim as described under clause (i) shall file a notice of their intent to seek a settlement or shall file their exigent health claim with the Administrator or claims facility. Filing of an exigent health claim with the Administrator or claims facility may serve as notice of intent to seek a settlement.

(II) STAY.—If the claimant fails to file under this clause, the stay shall remain in effect except as provided under subparagraph (B).

1	(iii) Exigent health claim infor-
2	MATION.—To file an exigent health claim,
3	each individual shall provide all of the fol-
4	lowing information:
5	(I) The amount received or enti-
6	tled to be received as a result of all set-
7	tlements that would qualify as a collat-
8	eral source under section 134, and cop-
9	ies of all settlement agreements and re-
10	lated documents sufficient to show the
11	accuracy of that amount.
12	(II) All information that the
13	claimant would be required to provide
14	to the Administrator in support of a
15	claim under sections 113 and 121.
16	(III) A certification by the claim-
17	ant that the information provided is
18	true and complete. The certification
19	provided under this subclause shall be
20	subject to the same penalties for false
21	or misleading statements that would be
22	applicable with regard to information
23	provided to the Administrator or
24	claims facility in support of a claim.

1	(IV) For exigent health claims
2	arising after the date of enactment of
3	this Act, the claimant shall identify
4	each defendant that would be an ap-
5	propriate defendant in a civil action
6	seeking damages for the asbestos claim
7	of the claimant. The identification of a
8	defendant under this subclause shall be
9	required to comply with rule 11 of the
10	Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
11	(iv) Timing.—A claimant who has
12	filed a notice of their intent to seek a settle-
13	ment under clause (ii) shall within 60 days
14	after filing notice provide to the Adminis-
15	trator or claims facility, and all affected de-
16	fendants the information required under
17	clause (iii). If a claimant has filed an exi-
18	gent health claim under clause (ii) the Ad-
19	ministrator shall provide all affected de-
20	fendants the information required under
21	clause (iii).
22	(v) Administrator or claims facil-
23	ITY CERTIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT.—
24	(I) Determination.—Within 60
25	days after the information under

1	clause (iii) is provided, the Adminis-
2	trator or claims facility shall deter-
3	mine whether or not the claim meets
4	the requirements of an exigent health
5	claim.
6	(II) Requirements met.—If the
7	Administrator or claims facility deter-
8	mines that the claim meets the require-
9	ments of an exigent health claim, the
10	Administrator or claims facility shall
11	immediately—
12	(aa) issue and serve on all
13	parties a certification of eligi-
14	bility of such claim;
15	(bb) determine the value of
16	such claim under the Fund by
17	subtracting from the amount in
18	section 131 the total amount of
19	collateral source compensation re-
20	ceived by the claimant; and
21	(cc) pay the award of com-
22	pensation to the claimant under
23	clause (xi).
24	(III) Requirements not met.—
25	If the requirements under clause (iii)

are not met, the claimant shall have 30 days to perfect the claim. If the claimant fails to perfect the claim within that 30-day period or the Administrator or claims facility determines that the claim does not meet the requirements of an exigent health claim, the claim shall not be eligible to proceed under this paragraph. A claimant may appeal any decision issued by a claims facility with the Administrator in accordance with section 114.

(vi) Failure to certify.—If the Administrator or claims facility is unable to process the claim and does not make a determination regarding the certification of the claim as required under clause (v), the Administrator or claims facility shall within 10 days after the end of the 60-day period referred to under clause (v)(I) provide notice of the failure to act to the claimant and the defendants in the pending Federal or State court action or the defendants identified under clause (iii)(IV). If the Administrator or claims facility fails to pro-

vide such notice within 10 days, the claimant may elect to provide the notice to the affected defendants to prompt a settlement offer.

(vii) Failure to pay.—If the Administrator or claims facility does not pay the award as required under clause (xi), the Administrator shall refer the certified claim within 10 days as a certified exigent health claim to the defendants in the pending Federal and State court action or to the potential defendants identified under clause (iii)(IV) for exigent claims arising after the date of enactment of this Act.

(viii) Settlement offer.—Any defendant or defendants may, within 30 days after receipt of such notice as provided under clause (vi) or (vii), file and serve on all parties and the Administrator a good faith settlement offer in an aggregate amount not to exceed the total amount to which the claimant may be entitled under section 131. If the aggregate amount offered by all defendants exceeds the award determined by the Administrator, all offers shall

be deemed reduced pro-rata until the aggregate amount equals the award amount. An acceptance of such settlement offer in a pending court action shall be subject to approval by the trial judge or authorized magistrate in the court where the claim is pending. The court shall approve any such accepted offer within 20 days after a request, unless there is evidence of bad faith or fraud. No court approval is necessary if the exigent health claim was certified by the Administrator or claims facility under clause (v).

(ix) Opportunity to cure.—If the settlement offer is rejected for being less than what the claimant was entitled to under the Fund, the defendants shall have 10 business days to make an amended offer. If the amended offer equals 100 percent of what the claimant would receive under the Fund, the claimant shall accept such settlement offer in writing. If the settlement offer is again rejected as less than what the claimant is entitled to under the Fund or if defendants fail to make an amended offer,

1	the claimant shall be entitled to recover 150
2	percent of what the claimant would receive
3	under the Fund before the stay being lifted
4	under subparagraph (B). If the amount of
5	the amended settlement offer made by the
6	Administrator, claims facility, or defend-
7	ants equals 150 percent of what the claim-
8	ant would receive under the Fund, the
9	claimant shall accept such settlement in
10	writing.
11	(x) Acceptance or rejection.—
12	Within 20 days after receipt of the settle-
13	ment offer, or the amended settlement offer,
14	the claimant shall either accept or reject
15	such offer in writing. If the amount of the
16	settlement offer made by the Administrator,
17	claims facility, or defendants equals 100
18	percent of what the claimant would receive
19	under the Fund, the claimant shall accept
20	such settlement in writing.
21	(xi) Payment schedule.—
22	(I) Mesothelioma claimants.—
23	For mesothelioma claimants—
24	(aa) an initial payment of
25	50 percent shall be made within

1	30 days after the date the settle-
2	ment is accepted and the second
3	and final payment shall be made
4	6 months after date the settlement
5	$is\ accepted;\ or$
6	(bb) if the Administrator de-
7	termines that the payment sched-
8	ule would impose a severe finan-
9	cial hardship on the Fund, or if
10	the court determines that the set-
11	tlement offer would impose a se-
12	vere financial hardship on the de-
13	fendant, the payments may be ex-
14	tended 50 percent in 6 months
15	and 50 percent 11 months after
16	the date the settlement offer is ac-
17	cepted.
18	(II) OTHER EXIGENT CLAIM-
19	ANTS.—For other exigent claimants, as
20	defined under section $106(c)(2)(B$ and
21	(C)—
22	(aa) the initial payment of
23	50 percent shall be made within 6
24	months after the date the settle-
25	ment is accepted and the second

1	and final payment shall be made
2	12 months after date the settle-
3	ment is accepted; or
4	(bb) if the Administrator de-
5	termines that the payment sched-
6	ule would impose a severe finan-
7	cial hardship on the Fund, or if
8	the court determines that the set-
9	tlement offer would impose a se-
10	vere financial hardship on the de-
11	fendants, the payments may be ex-
12	tended 50 percent within 1 year
13	after the date the settlement offer
14	is accepted and 50 percent in 2
15	years after date the settlement
16	offer is accepted.
17	(III) Release.—Once a claimant
18	has received final payment of the ac-
19	cepted settlement offer the claimant
20	shall release any outstanding asbestos
21	claims.
22	(xii) Recovery of costs.—
23	(I) In general.—Any defendant
24	whose settlement offer is accepted may
25	recover the cost of such settlement by

deducting from the defendant's next and subsequent contributions to the Fund the full amount of the payment made by such defendant to the exigent health claimant, unless the Administrator finds, on the basis of clear and convincing evidence, that the defendant's offer is not in good faith. Any such payment shall be considered a payment to the Fund for purposes of section 404(e)(1) and in response to the payment obligations imposed on defendant and insurer participants in title II.

(II) REIMBURSEMENT.—Notwithstanding subclause (I), if the deductions from the defendant participant's
next and subsequent contributions to
the Fund do not fully recover the cost
of such payments on or before its third
annual contribution to the Fund, the
Fund shall reimburse such defendant
for such remaining cost not later than
6 months after the date of the third
scheduled Fund contribution.

1	(xiii) Failure to make offer.—If
2	defendants fail to make a settlement offer
3	within the 30-day period described under
4	clause (viii) or make amended offers within
5	the 10 business day cure period described
6	under clause (ix), the claimant shall be en-
7	titled to recover 150 percent of what the
8	claimant would receive under the Fund be-
9	fore the stay being lifted under subpara-
10	graph(B).
11	(xiv) Failure to pay.—If defendants
12	fail to pay an accepted settlement offer
13	within the payment schedule under clause
14	(xi), the claimant shall be entitled to recover
15	150 percent of what the claimant would re-
16	ceive under the Fund before the stay being
17	lifted under subparagraph (B). If the stay
18	is lifted under subparagraph (B) the claim-
19	ant may seek a judgment or order for mone-
20	tary damages from the court where the case
21	is currently pending or the appropriate
22	Federal or State court for claims arising
23	after the date of enactment of this Act.
24	(B) Continuation of exigent health
25	CLAIMS.—If 9 months after an exigent health

claim has been filed under subparagraph (A)(ii),
a claimant has not received a settlement under
subparagraph (A)(xi) and the Administrator has
not certified to Congress that the Fund or claims
facility is operational and paying exigent health
claims at a reasonable rate, such exigent health
claimant, may seek a judgment or order for
monetary damages from the court where the case
is currently pending or the appropriate Federal
or State court for claims arising after the date
of enactment of this Act.

(C) Credit of claim and effect of operational fund.—

- (i) Collateral source.—If an asbestos claim is pursued in Federal or State court in accordance with this paragraph, any recovery by the claimant shall be a collateral source compensation for purposes of section 134.
- (ii) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—Any defendant may recover the cost of any claim continued in court for up to the amount the claimant would receive under the Fund by deducting from the defendant's next and subsequent contributions to the Fund for the

1	full amount of the payment made by such
2	defendant to the exigent health claimant.
3	(3) Pursual of non-exigent asbestos claims
4	IN FEDERAL OR STATE COURT.—
5	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
6	other provision of this Act, if not later than 24
7	months after the date of enactment of this Act,
8	the Administrator cannot certify to Congress
9	that the Fund is operational and paying all
10	valid claims at a reasonable rate, any person
11	with a non-exigent asbestos claim stayed, except
12	for any person whose claim does not exceed a
13	Level I claim, may pursue that claim in the
14	Federal district court or State court located
15	within—
16	(i) the State of residence of the claim-
17	ant; or
18	(ii) the State in which the asbestos ex-
19	$posure\ occurred.$
20	(B) Defendants not found.—If any de-
21	fendant cannot be found in the State described
22	under subparagraph (A) (i) or (ii), the claim
23	may be pursued in the Federal district court or
24	State court located within any State in which
25	the defendant may be found.

1	(C) Determination of most appropriate
2	FORUM.—If a person alleges that the asbestos ex-
3	posure occurred in more than 1 county (or Fed-
4	eral district), the trial court shall determine
5	which State and county (or Federal district) is
6	the most appropriate forum for the claim. If the
7	court determines that another forum would be
8	the most appropriate forum for a claim, the
9	court shall dismiss the claim. Any otherwise ap-
10	plicable statute of limitations shall be tolled be-
11	ginning on the date the claim was filed and end-
12	ing on the date the claim is dismissed under this
13	subparagraph.
14	(D) State venue requirements.—Noth-
15	ing in this paragraph shall preempt or supersede
16	any State law relating to venue requirements
17	within that State which are more restrictive.
18	(E) CREDIT OF CLAIM AND EFFECT OF
19	OPERATIONAL OR NONOPERATIONAL FUND.—
20	(i) Credit of Claim.—If an asbestos
21	claim is pursued in Federal or State court
22	in accordance with this paragraph, any re-
23	covery by the claimant shall be a collateral

source compensation for purposes of section

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1	(ii) Operational certification.—
2	Operational certification shall be a filing in
3	the Federal Register confirming that the
4	Fund is operational and paying all valid
5	asbestos claims at a reasonable rate.
6	(iii) Operational preconditions.—
7	(I) The Administrator may not
8	issue a operational certification
9	until—
10	(aa) 60 days after the fund-
11	ing allocation information re-
12	quired under section 221(e) has
13	been published in the Federal Reg-
14	ister; and
15	(bb) insurers subject to sec-
16	tion 212(a)(3) submit their names
17	and information to the Adminis-
18	trator within 30 days after the
19	date of enactment of this Act and
20	60 days after the Administrator
21	publishes such information in the
22	Federal Register.
23	(iv) Operational fund.—If the Ad-
24	ministrator issues an operational certifi-
25	cation and notifies Congress that the Fund

1 has become operational and paying all 2 valid asbestos claims at a reasonable rate, any nonexigent asbestos claim in a civil ac-3 tion in Federal or State court that is not on before a jury which has been 6 impaneled and presentation of evidence has 7 commenced, but before its deliberation, or 8 before a judge and is at the presentation of evidence shall be deemed a reinstated claim 9 against the Fund and the civil action before 10 the Federal or State court shall be null and 11 12 void.

(v) Nonoperational fund.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if the Administrator subsequently issues a nonoperational certification and notifies Congress that the Fund is unable to become operational and pay all valid asbestos claims at a reasonable rate, all asbestos claims that have a stay may be filed or reinstated.

22 SEC. 107. AUTHORITY OF THE ADMINISTRATOR.

The Administrator, on any matter within the jurisdic-

24 tion of the Administrator under this Act, may—

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1	(1) issue subpoenas for and compel the attend-
2	ance of witnesses within a radius of 200 miles;
3	(2) administer oaths;
4	(3) examine witnesses;
5	(4) require the production of books, papers
6	documents, and other evidence; and
7	(5) request assistance from other Federal agen-
8	cies with the performance of the duties of the Ad-
9	ministrator under this Act.
10	Subtitle B—Asbestos Disease
11	Compensation Procedures
12	SEC. 111. ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF ELIGIBLE CLAIM.
13	To be eligible for an award under this Act for an as-
14	bestos-related disease or injury, an individual shall—
15	(1) file a claim in a timely manner in accord-
16	ance with section 113; and
17	(2) prove, by a preponderance of the evidence
18	that the claimant suffers from an eligible disease or
19	condition, as demonstrated by evidence that meets
20	the requirements established under subtitle C.
21	SEC. 112. GENERAL RULE CONCERNING NO-FAULT COM
22	PENSATION.
23	An asbestos claimant shall not be required to dem-
24	onstrate that the asbestos-related injury for which the

1	claim is being made resulted from the negligence or other
2	fault of any other person.
3	SEC. 113. FILING OF CLAIMS.
4	(a) Who May Submit.—
5	(1) In general.—Any individual who has suf-
6	fered from a disease or condition that is believed to
7	meet the requirements established under subtitle C
8	(or the personal representative of the individual, if
9	the individual is deceased or incompetent) may file
10	a claim with the Office for an award with respect to
11	such injury.
12	(2) Definition.—In this Act, the term "per-
13	sonal representative" shall have the same meaning
14	as that term is defined in section 104.4 of title 28
15	of the Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on
16	December 31, 2004.
17	(3) Limitation.—A claim may not be filed by
18	any person seeking contribution or indemnity.
19	(4) Effect of multiple injuries.—
20	(A) In general.—A claimant who receives
21	an award for an eligible disease or condition
22	shall not be precluded from submitting claims for
23	and receiving additional awards under this title

for any higher disease level for which the claim-

1	ant becomes eligible, subject to appropriate
2	setoffs as provided under section 134.
3	(B) Libby, montana claims.—
4	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
5	subparagraph (A), if a Libby, Montana
6	claimant worsens in condition, as measured
7	by pulmonary function tests, such that a
8	claimant qualifies for a higher nonmalig-
9	nant level, the claimant shall be eligible for
10	an additional award, at the appropriate
11	level, offset by any award previously paid
12	under this Act, such that a claimant would
13	qualify for Level IV if the claimant satisfies
14	section $121(f)(8)$, and would qualify for
15	Level V if the claimant provides—
16	(I) a diagnosis of bilateral asbes-
17	tos related nonmalignant disease;
18	(II) evidence of TLC or FVC less
19	than 60 percent; and
20	(III) supporting medical docu-
21	mentation establishing asbestos expo-
22	sure as a substantial contributing fac-
23	tor in causing the pulmonary condi-
24	tion in question, and excluding more

1	likely causes of that pulmonary condi-
2	tion.
3	(ii) Subsequent malignant dis-
4	EASE.—If a Libby, Montana, claimant de-
5	velops malignant disease, such that the
6	claimant qualifies for Level VI, VII, VIII,
7	or IX, subparagraph (A) shall apply.
8	(b) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—
9	(1) In general.—Except as otherwise pro-
10	vided in this subsection, if an individual fails to file
11	a claim with the Office under this section within 5
12	years after the date on which the individual first—
13	(A) received a medical diagnosis of an eli-
14	gible disease or condition as provided for under
15	this subtitle and subtitle C; or
16	(B) discovered facts that would have led a
17	reasonable person to obtain a medical diagnosis
18	with respect to an eligible disease or condition,
19	any claim relating to that injury, and any other as-
20	bestos claim related to that injury, If a claim is not
21	filed with the Office within the limitations period
22	specified in this subsection for that category of claim,
23	such claim shall be extinguished, and any recovery
24	thereon shall be prohibited.

1 (2) INITIAL CLAIMS.—An initial claim for an award under this Act shall be filed within 5 years after the date on which the claimant first received a medical diagnosis and medical test results sufficient to satisfy the criteria for the disease level for which the claimant is seeking compensation.

(3) Claims for additional awards.—

- (A) Non-malignant disease level, there shall be no limitations period applicable to the filing of claims by the claimant for additional awards for higher disease levels based on the progression of the non-malignant disease.
- (B) MALIGNANT DISEASES.—Regardless of whether the claimant has previously filed a claim for compensation for any other disease level, a claim for compensation for a malignant disease level shall be filed within 5 years after the claimant first obtained a medical diagnosis and medical test results sufficient to satisfy the criteria for the malignant disease level for which the claimant is seeking compensation.

1	(2) Exception.—The statute of limitations in
2	paragraph (1) does not apply to the progression of
3	nonmalignant diseases once the initial claim has
4	been filed.
5	(3)(4) Effect on pending claims.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—If, on the date of en-
7	actment of this Act, an asbestos claimant has
8	any timely filed asbestos claim that is pre-
9	empted under section 403(e), such claimant
10	shall file a claim under this section within 5
11	years after such date of enactment, or any
12	claim relating to that injury, and any other as-
13	bestos claim related to that injury shall be ex-
14	tinguished, and recovery there shall be prohib-
15	ited.
16	(B) Special Rule.—For purposes of this
17	paragraph, a claim shall not be treated as pend-
18	ing with a trust established under title 11
19	United States Code, solely because a claimant
20	whose claim was previously compensated by the
21	trust has or alleges—
22	(i) a non-contingent right to the pay-
23	ment of future installments of a fixed

award; or

1 (ii) a contingent right to recover some
2 additional amount from the trust on the
3 occurrence of a future event, such as the
4 reevaluation of the trust's funding ade5 quacy or projected claims experience.

(4) Effect of multiple injuries.—

(A) In GENERAL.—An asbestos claimant who receives an award under this title for an eligible disease or condition, and who subsequently develops another such injury, shall be eligible for additional awards under this title (subject to appropriate setoffs for such prior recovery of any award under this title and from any other collateral source) and the statute of limitations under paragraph (1) shall not begin to run with respect to such subsequent injury until such claimant obtains a medical diagnosis of such other injury or discovers facts that would have led a reasonable person to obtain such a diagnosis.

(B) SETOFFS.—Except as provided in subparagraph (C), any amounts paid or to be paid for a prior award under this Act shall be deducted as a setoff against amounts payable for the second injury claim.

- (C) EXCEPTION.—Any amounts paid or to 1 2 be paid for a prior claim for a nonmalignant 3 disease (Levels I through V) filed against the 4 Fund shall not be deducted as a setoff against amounts payable for the second injury claim for 6 a malignant disease (Levels VI through IX), 7 unless the malignancy was diagnosed, or the as-8 bestos elaimant had discovered facts that would 9 have led a reasonable person to obtain such a 10 diagnosis, before the date on which the non-11 malignancy claim was compensated.
- 12 (c) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—A claim filed under subsection (a) shall be in such form, and contain such information in such detail, as the Administrator shall by 14 15 regulation prescribe. At a minimum, a claim shall in-16 clude—
- 17 (1) the name, social security number, gender, 18 date of birth, and, if applicable, date of death of the 19 claimant;
- 20 (2) information relating to the identity of dependents and beneficiaries of the claimant;
- 22 (3) an employment history sufficient to estab-23 lish required asbestos exposure, accompanied by so-24 cial security or other payment records or a signed 25 release permitting access to such records;

- 1 (4) a description of the asbestos exposure of the 2 claimant, including, to the extent known, informa-3 tion on the site, or location of exposure, and dura-4 tion and intensity of exposure;
 - (5) a description of the tobacco product use history of the claimant, including frequency and duration;
 - (6) an identification and description of the asbestos-related diseases or conditions of the claimant, accompanied by a written report by the claimant's physician with medical diagnoses and x-ray films, and other test results necessary to establish eligibility for an award under this Act;
 - (7) a description of any prior or pending civil action or other claim brought by the claimant for asbestos-related injury or any other pulmonary, parenchymal, or pleural injury, including an identification of any recovery of compensation or damages through settlement, judgment, or otherwise; and
 - (8) for any claimant who asserts that he or she is a nonsmoker or an ex-smoker, as defined in section 131, for purposes of an award under Malignant Level VI, Malignant Level VII, or Malignant Level VIII, evidence to support the assertion of non-

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- 1 smoking or ex-smoking, including relevant medical
- 2 records.
- 3 (d) Date of Filing.—A claim shall be considered
- 4 to be filed on the date that the claimant mails the claim
- 5 to the Office, as determined by postmark, or on the date
- 6 that the claim is received by the Office, whichever is the
- 7 earliest determinable date.
- 8 (e) Incomplete Claims.—If a claim filed under
- 9 subsection (a) is incomplete, the Administrator shall notify
- 10 the claimant of the information necessary to complete the
- 11 claim and inform the claimant of such services as may
- 12 be available through the Claimant Assistance Program es-
- 13 tablished under section 104 to assist the claimant in com-
- 14 pleting the claim. Any time periods for the processing of
- 15 the claim shall be suspended until such time as the claim-
- 16 ant submits the information necessary to complete the
- 17 claim. If such information is not received within 1 year
- 18 after the date of such notification, the claim shall be dis-
- 19 missed.
- $20\,$ sec. 114. eligibility determinations and claim
- 21 AWARDS.
- 22 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 23 (1) Review of Claims.—The Administrator
- shall, in accordance with this section, determine
- 25 whether each claim filed under the Fund or claims

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facility satisfies the requirements for eligibility for an award under this Act and, if so, the value of the award. In making such determinations, the Administrator shall consider the claim presented by the claimant, the factual and medical evidence submitted by the claimant in support of the claim, the medical determinations of any Physicians Panel to which a claim is referred under section 121, and the results of such investigation as the Administrator may deem necessary to determine whether the claim satisfies the criteria for eligibility established by this Act.

- (2) ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE.—The Administrator may request the submission of medical evidence in addition to the minimum requirements of section 113(c) if necessary or appropriate to make a determination of eligibility for an award, in which case the cost of obtaining such additional information or testing shall be borne by the Office.
- 19 (b) Proposed Decisions.—Not later than 90 days
 20 after the filing of a claim, the Administrator shall provide
 21 to the claimant (and the claimant's representative) a pro22 posed decision accepting or rejecting the claim in whole
 23 or in part and specifying the amount of the proposed
 24 award, if any. The proposed decision shall be in writing,
 25 shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law, and

- shall contain an explanation of the procedure for obtaining 2 review of the proposed decision. 3 (c) Payments if No Timely Proposed Deci-4 SION.—If the Administrator has received a complete claim 5 and has not provided a proposed decision to the claimant 6 under subsection (b) within 180 days after the filing of the claim, the claim shall be deemed accepted and the 8 claimant shall be entitled to payment under section 133(a)(2). If the Administrator subsequently rejects the 10 claim the claimant shall receive no further payments under 11 section 133. If the Administrator subsequently rejects the 12 claim in part, the Administrator shall adjust future payments due the claimant under section 133 accordingly. In no event may the Administrator recover amounts properly 14 15 paid under this section from a claimant. 16 (d) Review of Proposed Decisions.— 17 (1) Right to hearing.— 18 (A) IN GENERAL.—Any claimant not satis-19 fied with a proposed decision of the Adminis-20 trator under subsection (b) shall be entitled, on
 - written request made within 90 days after the date of the issuance of the decision, to a hearing on the claim of that claimant before a representative of the Administrator. At the hearing, the claimant shall be entitled to present

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oral evidence and written testimony in further support of that claim.

(B) Conduct of Hearing.—When practicable, the hearing will be set at a time and place convenient for the claimant. In conducting the hearing, the representative of the Administrator shall not be bound by common law or statutory rules of evidence, by technical or formal rules of procedure, or by section 554 of title 5, United States Code, except as provided by this Act, but shall conduct the hearing in such manner as to best ascertain the rights of the claimant. For this purpose, the representative shall receive such relevant evidence as the claimant adduces and such other evidence as the representative determines necessary or useful in evaluating the claim.

(C) Request for Subpoenas.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—A claimant may request a subpoena but the decision to grant or deny such a request is within the discretion of the representative of the Administrator. The representative may issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and for the production of books,

1	records, correspondence, papers, or other
2	relevant documents. Subpoenas are issued
3	for documents only if such documents are
4	relevant and cannot be obtained by other
5	means, and for witnesses only where oral
6	testimony is the best way to ascertain the
7	facts.
8	(ii) Request.—A claimant may re-
9	quest a subpoena only as part of the hear-
10	ing process. To request a subpoena, the re-
11	quester shall—
12	(I) submit the request in writing
13	and send it to the representative as
14	early as possible, but no later than 30
15	days after the date of the original
16	hearing request; and
17	(II) explain why the testimony or
18	evidence is directly relevant to the
19	issues at hand, and a subpoena is the
20	best method or opportunity to obtain
21	such evidence because there are no
22	other means by which the documents
23	or testimony could have been ob-
24	tained.

- 1 (iii) FEES AND MILEAGE.—Any per2 son required by such subpoena to attend as
 3 a witness shall be allowed and paid the
 4 same fees and mileage as are paid wit5 nesses in the district courts of the United
 6 States. Such fees and mileage shall be paid
 7 from the Fund.
 - (2) Review of Written Record.—In lieu of a hearing under paragraph (1), any claimant not satisfied with a proposed decision of the Administrator shall have the option, on written request made within 90 days after the date of the issuance of the decision, of obtaining a review of the written record by a representative of the Administrator. If such review is requested, the claimant shall be afforded an opportunity to submit any written evidence or argument which the claimant believes relevant.

(e) Final Decisions.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the period of time for requesting review of the proposed decision expires and no request has been filed, or if the claimant waives any objections to the proposed decision, the Administrator shall issue a final decision. If such decision materially differs from the proposed decision, the

- 1 claimant shall be entitled to review of the decision 2 under subsection (d).
- 3 (2) Time and content.—If the claimant requests review of all or part of the proposed decision the Administrator shall issue a final decision on the 5 6 claim not later than 180 days after the request for 7 review is received, if the claimant requests a hearing, 8 or not later than 90 days after the request for re-9 view is received, if the claimant requests review of 10 the written record. Such decision shall be in writing 11 and contain findings of fact and conclusions of law.
- 12 (f) Representation.—A claimant may authorize an 13 attorney or other individual to represent him or her in any 14 proceeding under this Act.

15 SEC. 115. MEDICAL EVIDENCE AUDITING PROCEDURES.

- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 17 (1) Development.—The Administrator shall
 18 develop methods for auditing and evaluating the
 19 medical evidence submitted as part of a claim the
 20 claims process. The Administrator may develop addi21 tional methods for auditing and evaluating other
 22 types of evidence or information received by the Administrator.
- 24 (2) Refusal to consider certain evi-25 dence.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator determines that an audit conducted in accordance with the methods developed under paragraph (1) demonstrates that the medical evidence submitted by a specific physician or medical facility is not consistent with prevailing medical practices or the applicable requirements of this Act, any medical evidence from such physician or facility shall be unacceptable for purposes of establishing eligibility for an award under this Act.
 - (B) NOTIFICATION.—Upon a determination by the Administrator under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall notify the physician or medical facility involved of the results of the audit. Such physician or facility shall have a right to appeal such determination under procedures issued by the Administrator.

(b) REVIEW OF CERTIFIED B-READERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—At a minimum, the Administrator shall prescribe procedures to randomly assign claims for evaluation by an independent certified Breader of x-rays submitted in support of a claim, the cost of which shall be borne by the Office.

- (1) In General.—The Administrator shall prescribe procedures to randomly evaluate the x-rays submitted in support of a statistically significant number of claims by independent certified B-readers, the cost of which shall be paid by the Fund.
 - (2) DISAGREEMENT.—If an independent certified B-reader assigned under paragraph (1) disagrees with the quality grading or ILO level assigned to an x-ray submitted in support of a claim, the Administrator shall require a review of such x-rays by a second independent certified B-reader.
 - (3) Effect on claim.—If neither certified B-reader under paragraph (2) agrees with the quality grading and the ILO grade level assigned to an x-ray as part of the claim, the Administrator shall take into account the findings of the 2 independent B readers in making the determination on such claim.
 - (4) Certified B-readers.—The Administrator shall maintain a list of a minimum of 50 certified B-readers eligible to participate in the independent reviews, chosen from all certified B-readers. When an x-ray is sent for independent review, the Administrator shall choose the certified B-reader at random from that list.

1	(c) Smoking Assessment.—
2	(1) In general.—
3	(A) Records and documents.—To aid
4	in the assessment of the accuracy of claimant
5	representations as to their smoking status for
6	purposes of determining eligibility and amount
7	of award under Malignant Level VI, Malignant
8	Level VII, or Malignant Level VIII, and excep-
9	tional medical claims, the Administrator shall
10	have the authority to obtain relevant records
11	and documents, including—
12	(i) records of past medical treatment
13	and evaluation;
14	(ii) affidavits of appropriate individ-
15	uals;
16	(iii) applications for insurance and
17	supporting materials; and
18	(iv) employer records of medical ex-
19	aminations.
20	(B) CONSENT.—The claimant shall provide
21	consent for the Administrator to obtain such
22	records and documents where required.
23	(2) Review.—The frequency of review of
24	records and documents submitted under paragraph
25	(1)(A) shall be at the discretion of the Adminis-

trator, but shall address at least 5 percent of the claimants asserting status as nonsmokers or exsmokers.

(3) Consent.—The Administrator may require the performance of blood tests or any other appropriate medical test, such as serum cotinine screening, where claimants assert they are nonsmokers or ex-smokers for purposes of an award under Malignant Level VII, Malignant Level VII, or Malignant Level VIII, or as an exceptional medical claim, the cost of which shall be borne by the Office.

(3) Consent.—

- (A) In General.—The Administrator may require the performance of blood tests or any other appropriate medical test, where claimants assert they are nonsmokers or ex-smokers for purposes of an award under Malignant Level VI, VII, or VIII, or as an exceptional medical claim, the cost of which shall be paid by the Fund.
- (B) SERUM COTININE SCREENING.—The Administrator shall require the performance of serum cotinine screening on all claimants who assert they are nonsmokers or ex-smokers for purposes of an award under Malignant Level VI,

1	VII, or VIII, or as an exceptional medical claim,
2	the cost of which shall be paid by the Fund.
3	(4) Penalty for false statements.—Any
4	false information submitted under this subsection
5	shall be subject to criminal prosecution or civil pen-
6	alties as provided under section 1348 of title 18,
7	United States Code (as added by this Act) and sec-
8	tion $101(e)(2)$.
9	(d) Pulmonary Function Testing.—The Adminis-
10	trator shall develop auditing procedures for pulmonary
11	function test results submitted as part of a claim, to ensure
12	that such tests are conducted in accordance with American
13	Thoracic Society Criteria, as defined under section
14	121(a)(13).
15	Subtitle C—Medical Criteria
16	SEC. 121. MEDICAL CRITERIA REQUIREMENTS.
17	(a) Definitions.—In this section, the following defi-
18	nitions shall apply:
19	(1) Asbestosis determined by pathol-
20	OGY.—The term "asbestosis determined by pathol-
21	ogy" means indications of asbestosis based on the
22	pathological grading system for asbestosis described
23	in the Special Issues of the Archives of Pathology
24	and Laboratory Medicine, "Asbestos-associated Dis-

eases", Vol. 106, No. 11, App. 3 (October 8, 1982).

1	(2) Bilateral asbestos-related nonmalig-
2	NANT DISEASE.—The term "bilateral asbestos-re-
3	lated nonmalignant disease" means a diagnosis of
4	bilateral asbestos-related nonmalignant disease
5	based on—
6	(A) an x-ray reading of 1/0 or higher
7	based on the ILO grade scale;
8	(B) bilateral pleural plaques;
9	(C) bilateral pleural thickening; or
10	(D) bilateral pleural calcification.
11	(3) BILATERAL PLEURAL DISEASE OF B2.—The
12	term "bilateral pleural disease of B2" means a chest
13	wall pleural thickening or plaque with a maximum
14	width of at least 5 millimeters and a total length of
15	at least ½ of the projection of the lateral chest wall.
16	(4) CERTIFIED B-READER.—The term "cer-
17	tified B-reader" means an individual who is certified
18	by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and
19	Health and whose certification by the National Insti-
20	tute of Occupational Safety and Health is up to
21	date.
22	(5) DIFFUSE PLEURAL THICKENING.—The
23	term "diffuse pleural thickening" means blunting of
24	either costophrenic angle and bilateral pleural plaque

or bilateral pleural thickening.

- 1 (6) DLCO.—The term "DLCO" means the sin2 gle-breath diffusing capacity of the lung (carbon monoxide) technique used to measure the volume of carbon monoxide transferred from the alveoli to blood in the pulmonary capillaries for each unit of driving pressure of the carbon monoxide.
 - (7) FEV1.—The term "FEV1" means forced expiratory volume (1 second), which is the maximal volume of air expelled in 1 second during performance of the spirometric test for forced vital capacity.
 - (8) FVC.—The term "FVC" means forced vital capacity, which is the maximal volume of air expired with a maximally forced effort from a position of maximal inspiration.
 - (9) ILO GRADE.—The term "ILO grade" means the radiological ratings for the presence of lung changes as determined from a chest x-ray, all as established from time to time by the International Labor Organization.
 - (10) Lower limits of Normal.—The term "lower limits of normal" means the fifth percentile of healthy populations as defined in the American Thoracic Society statement on lung function testing (Amer. Rev. Resp. Disease 1991, 144:1202–1218) and any future revision of the same statement.

1	(11) Nonsmoker.—The term "nonsmoker"
2	means a claimant who—
3	(A) never smoked; or
4	(B) has smoked fewer than 100 cigarettes
5	or the equivalent amount of other tobacco prod-
6	ucts during the claimant's lifetime.
7	(12) PO2.—The term "PO2" means the partial
8	pressure (tension) of oxygen, which measures the
9	amount of dissolved oxygen in the blood.
10	(13) Pulmonary function testing.—The
11	term "pulmonary function testing" means
12	spirometry testing that is in material compliance
13	with the quality criteria established by the American
14	Thoracic Society and is performed on equipment
15	which is in material compliance with the standards
16	of the American Thoracic Society for technical qual-
17	ity and calibration.
18	(14) Substantial occupational exposure
19	TO ASBESTOS.—
20	(A) In general.—The term "substantial
21	occupational exposure" means employment in
22	an industry and an occupation where for a sub-
23	stantial portion of a normal work year for that
24	occupation, the claimant—
25	(i) handled raw asbestos fibers;

1	(ii) fabricated asbestos-containing
2	products so that the claimant in the fab-
3	rication process was exposed to raw asbes-
4	tos fibers;
5	(iii) altered, repaired, or otherwise
6	worked with an asbestos-containing prod-
7	uct such that the claimant was exposed on
8	a regular basis to asbestos fibers; or
9	(iv) worked in close proximity to other
10	workers engaged in the activities described
11	under clause (i), (ii), or (iii), such that the
12	claimant was exposed on a regular basis to
13	asbestos fibers.
14	(B) Regular basis.—In this paragraph,
15	the term "on a regular basis" means on a fre-
16	quent or recurring basis.
17	(15) TLC.—The term "TLC" means total lung
18	capacity, which is the total volume of air in the lung
19	after maximal inspiration.
20	(16) Weighted occupational exposure.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "weighted oc-
22	cupational exposure" means exposure for a pe-
23	riod of years calculated according to the expo-
24	sure weighting formula under subparagraphs
25	(B) through (E).

- (B) Moderate exposure.—Subject to subparagraph (E), each year that a claimant's primary occupation, during a substantial portion of a normal work year for that occupation, involved working in areas immediate to where asbestos-containing products were being installed, repaired, or removed under circumstances that involved regular airborne emissions of asbestos fibers, shall count as 1 year of substantial occupational exposure.
 - (C) Heavy exposure.—Subject to subparagraph (E), each year that a claimant's primary occupation, during a substantial portion of a normal work year for that occupation, involved the direct installation, repair, or removal of asbestos-containing products such that the person was exposed on a regular basis to asbestos fibers, shall count as 2 years of substantial occupational exposure.
 - (D) VERY HEAVY EXPOSURE.—Subject to subparagraph (E), each year that a claimant's primary occupation, during a substantial portion of a normal work year for that occupation, was in primary asbestos manufacturing, a World War II shipyard, or the asbestos insula-

tion trades, such that the person was exposed on a regular basis to asbestos fibers, shall count as 4 years of substantial occupational exposure.

- (E) Dates of exposure.—Each year of exposure calculated under subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D) that occurred before 1976 shall be counted at its full value. Each year from 1976 to 1986 shall be counted as ½ of its value. Each year after 1986 shall be counted as ½ of its value.
- (F) Other claims.—Individuals who do not meet the provisions of subparagraphs (A) through (E) and believe their post-1976 or post-1986 exposures exceeded the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard may submit evidence, documentation, work history, or other information to substantiate non-compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration standard (such as lack of engineering or work practice controls, or protective equipment) such that exposures would be equivalent to exposures before 1976 or 1986, or to documented exposures in similar jobs or occupations where control measures had not been implemented. Claims under this subpara-

1	graph shall be evaluated on an individual basis
2	by a Physicians Panel.
3	(b) Medical Evidence.—
4	(1) Latency.—Unless otherwise specified, all
5	diagnoses of an asbestos-related disease for a level
6	under this section shall be accompanied by—
7	(A) a statement by the physician providing
8	the diagnosis that at least 10 years have
9	elapsed between the date of first exposure to as-
10	bestos or asbestos-containing products and the
11	diagnosis; or
12	(B) a history of the claimant's exposure
13	that is sufficient to establish a 10-year latency
14	period between the date of first exposure to as-
15	bestos or asbestos-containing products and the
16	diagnosis.
17	(2) Diagnostic guidelines.—All diagnoses of
18	asbestos-related diseases shall be based upon—
19	(A) for disease Levels I through V, in the
20	case of a claimant who was living at the time
21	the claim was filed—
22	(i) a physical examination of the
23	claimant by the physician providing the di-
24	agnosis;

1	(ii) an evaluation of smoking history
2	and exposure history before making a diag-
3	nosis;
4	(iii) an x-ray reading by a certified B-
5	reader; and
6	(iv) pulmonary function testing in the
7	case of disease Levels III, IV, and V;
8	(B) for disease Levels I through V, in the
9	case of a claimant who was deceased at the
10	time the claim was filed, a report from a physi-
11	cian based upon a review of the claimant's med-
12	ical records which shall include—
13	(i) pathological evidence of the non-
14	malignant asbestos-related disease; or
15	(ii) an x-ray reading by a certified B-
16	reader;
17	(C) for disease Levels VI through IX, in
18	the case of a claimant who was living at the
19	time the claim was filed—
20	(i) a physical examination by the
21	claimant's physician providing the diag-
22	nosis; or
23	(ii) a diagnosis of such a malignant
24	asbestos-related disease, as described in

1	this section, by a board-certified patholo-
2	gist; and
3	(D) for disease Levels VI through IX, in
4	the case of a claimant who was deceased at the
5	time the claim was filed—
6	(i) a diagnosis of such a malignant as-
7	bestos-related disease, as described in this
8	section, by a board-certified pathologist;
9	and
10	(ii) a report from a physician based
11	upon a review of the claimant's medical
12	records.
13	(3) Credibility of medical evidence.—To
14	ensure the medical evidence provided in support of
15	a claim is credible and consistent with recognized
16	medical standards, a claimant under this title may
17	be required to submit—
18	(A) x-rays or computerized tomography;
19	(B) detailed results of pulmonary function
20	tests;
21	(C) laboratory tests;
22	(D) tissue samples;
23	(E) results of medical examinations;
24	(F) reviews of other medical evidence; and

1	(G) medical evidence that complies with
2	recognized medical standards regarding equip-
3	ment, testing methods, and procedure to ensure
4	the reliability of such evidence as may be sub-
5	mitted.
6	(e) Exposure Evidence.—
7	(1) In general.—To qualify for any disease
8	level, the claimant shall demonstrate—
9	(A) a minimum exposure to asbestos or as-
10	bestos-containing products;
11	(B) the exposure occurred in the United
12	States, its territories or possessions, or while a
13	United States citizen, while an employee of an
14	entity organized under any Federal or State law
15	regardless of location, or while a United States
16	citizen while serving on any United States
17	flagged or owned ship, provided the exposure
18	results from such employment or service; and
19	(C) any additional asbestos exposure re-
20	quirement under this section.
21	(2) Proof of exposure.—
22	(A) Affidavits.—Exposure to asbestos
23	sufficient to satisfy the exposure requirements
24	for any disease level may be established by an
25	affidavit of—

1	(i) the claimant; or
2	(ii) if the claimant is deceased, a co-
3	worker or a family member, if the affidavit
4	of the claimant, co-worker, or family mem-
5	ber is found in proceedings under this title
6	to be reasonably reliable, attesting to the
7	claimant's exposure; and is credible and is
8	not contradicted by other evidence.
9	(B) Other proof.—Exposure to asbestos
10	may alternatively be established by invoices
11	construction or other similar records, or any
12	other reasonably reliable evidence.
13	(3) Take-home exposure.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A claimant may alter-
15	natively satisfy the medical criteria require-
16	ments of this section where a claim is filed by
17	a person who alleges their exposure to asbestos
18	was the result of living with a person who, is
19	the claim had been filed by that person, would
20	have met the exposure criteria for the given dis-
21	ease level, and the claimant lived with such per-
22	son for the time period necessary to satisfy the

exposure requirement, for the claimed disease

level.

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- 1 (B) REVIEW.—Except for claims for dis-2 ease Level IX (mesothelioma), all claims alleg-3 ing take-home exposure shall be submitted as 4 an exceptional medical claim under section 5 121(f)(g) for review by a Physicians Panel.
 - (4) Waiver for workers and residents of Libby, Montana.—Because of the unique nature of the asbestos exposure related to the vermiculite mining and milling operations in Libby, Montana, the Administrator shall waive the exposure requirements under this subtitle for individuals who worked at the vermiculite mining and milling facility in Libby, Montana, or lived or worked within a 20-mile radius of Libby, Montana, for at least 12 consecutive months before December 31, 2004. Claimants under this section shall provide such supporting documentation as the Administrator shall require.

(5) Exposure presumptions.—

(A) In General.—The Administrator shall prescribe rules identifying specific industries, occupations within such industries, and time periods in which workers employed in those industries or occupations typically had substantial occupational exposure to asbestos as defined under section 121(a). Until 5 years

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after the Administrator certifies that the Fund is paying claims at a reasonable rate, the industries, occupations and time periods identified by the Administrator shall at a minimum include those identified in the 2002 Trust Distribution Process of the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust as of January 1, 2005, as industries, occupations and time periods in which workers were presumed to have had significant occupational exposure to asbestos. Thereafter, the Administrator may by rule modify or eliminate those exposure presumptions required to be adopted from the Manville Personal Injury Settlement Trust, if there is evidence that demonstrates that the typical exposure for workers in such industries and occupations during such time periods did not constitute substantial occupational exposure in asbestos.

(B) CLAIMANTS ENTITLED TO PRESUMP-TIONS.—Any claimant who demonstrates through meaningful and credible evidence that such claimant was employed during relevant time periods in industries or occupations identified under subparagraph (A) shall be entitled to a presumption that the claimant had substan-

1	tial occupational exposure to asbestos during
2	those time periods. That presumption shall not
3	be conclusive, and the Administrator may find
4	that the claimant does not have substantial oc-
5	cupational exposure if other information dem-
6	onstrates that the claimant did not in fact have
7	substantial occupational exposure during any
8	part of the relevant time periods.
9	(C) Criteria requirements.—Nothing in
10	subparagraphs (A) or (B) shall negate the expo-
11	sure or medical criteria requirements in section
12	121, for the purpose of receiving compensation
13	from the Fund.
14	(6) Penalty for false statement.—Any
15	false information submitted under this subsection
16	shall be subject to section 1348 of title 18, United
17	States Code (as added by this Act).
18	(d) Asbestos Disease Levels.—
19	(1) Nonmalignant level i.—To receive Level
20	I compensation, a claimant shall provide—
21	(A) a diagnosis of bilateral asbestos-related
22	nonmalignant disease; and
23	(B) evidence of 5 years cumulative occupa-
24	tional exposure to asbestos.

1	(2) Nonmalignant level II.—To receive
2	Level II compensation, a claimant shall provide—
3	(A) a diagnosis of bilateral asbestos-related
4	nonmalignant disease with ILO grade of $1/1$ or
5	greater, and showing small irregular opacities
6	of shape or size, either ss, st, or tt, and present
7	in both lower lung zones, or asbestosis deter-
8	mined by pathology, or blunting of either
9	costophrenic angle and bilateral pleural plaque
10	or bilateral pleural thickening of at least grade
11	B2 or greater, or bilateral pleural disease of
12	grade B2 or greater;
13	(B) evidence of TLC less than 80 percent
14	or FVC less than the lower limits of normal,
15	and FEV1/FVC ratio less than 65 percent;
16	(C) evidence of 5 or more weighted years
17	of substantial occupational exposure to asbes-
18	tos; and
19	(D) supporting medical documentation,
20	such as a written opinion by the examining or
21	diagnosing physician, according to the diag-
22	nostic guidelines in section $121(b)(2)$, estab-
23	lishing asbestos exposure as a substantial con-
24	tributing factor in causing the pulmonary con-
25	dition in question.

1	(3) Nonmalignant level III.—To receive
2	Level III compensation a claimant shall provide—
3	(A) a diagnosis of bilateral asbestos-related
4	nonmalignant disease with ILO grade of $1/0$ or
5	greater and showing small irregular opacities of
6	shape or size, either ss, st, or tt, and present
7	in both lower lung zones, or asbestosis deter-
8	mined by pathology, or diffuse pleural thick-
9	ening, or bilateral pleural disease of B2 or
10	greater;
11	(B) evidence of TLC less than 80 percent,
12	FVC less than the lower limits of normal and
13	FEV1/FVC ratio greater than or equal to 65
14	percent, or evidence of a decline in FVC of 20
15	percent or greater, after allowing for the ex-
16	pected decrease due to aging, and an FEV1/
17	FVC ratio greater than or equal to 65 percent
18	documented with a second spirometry;
19	(C) evidence of 5 or more weighted years
20	of substantial occupational exposure to asbes-
21	tos; and
22	(D) supporting medical documentation,
23	such as a written opinion by the examining or
24	diagnosing physician, according to the diag-
25	nostic guidelines in section 121(b)(2)—

1	(i) establishing asbestos exposure as a
2	substantial contributing factor in causing
3	the pulmonary condition in question; and
4	(ii) excluding other more likely causes
5	of that pulmonary condition.
6	(4) Nonmalignant level iv.—To receive
7	Level IV compensation a claimant shall provide—
8	(A) diagnosis of bilateral asbestos-related
9	nonmalignant disease with ILO grade of $1/1$ or
10	greater and showing small irregular opacities of
11	shape or size, either ss, st, or tt, and present
12	in both lower lung zones, or asbestosis deter-
13	mined by pathology, or diffuse pleural thick-
14	ening, or bilateral pleural disease of B2 or
15	greater;
16	(B) evidence of TLC less than 60 percent
17	or FVC less than 60 percent, and FEV1/FVC
18	ratio greater than or equal to 65 percent;
19	(C) evidence of 5 or more weighted years
20	of substantial occupational exposure to asbestos
21	before diagnosis; and
22	(D) supporting medical documentation,
23	such as a written opinion by the examining or
24	diagnosing physician, according to the diag-
25	nostic guidelines in section 121(b)(2)—

1	(i) establishing asbestos exposure as a
2	substantial contributing factor in causing
3	the pulmonary condition in question; and
4	(ii) excluding other more likely causes
5	of that pulmonary condition.
6	(5) Nonmalignant level v.—To receive
7	Level V compensation a claimant shall provide—
8	(A) diagnosis of bilateral asbestos-related
9	nonmalignant disease with ILO grade of 1/1 or
10	greater and showing small irregular opacities of
11	shape or size, either ss, st, or tt, and present
12	in both lower lung zones, or asbestosis deter-
13	mined by pathology, or diffuse pleural thick-
14	ening, or bilateral pleural disease of B2 or
15	greater;
16	(B)(i) evidence of TLC less than 50 per-
17	cent or FVC less than 50 percent, and FEV1/
18	FVC ratio greater than or equal to 65 percent;
19	(ii) DLCO less than 40 percent of pre-
20	dicted, plus a FEV1/FVC ratio not less than 65
21	percent; or
22	(iii) PO ₂ less than 55 mm/Hg, plus a
23	FEV1/FVC ratio not less than 65 percent:

1	(C) evidence of 5 or more weighted years
2	of substantial occupational exposure to asbes-
3	tos; and
4	(D) supporting medical documentation,
5	such as a written opinion by the examining or
6	diagnosing physician, according to the diag-
7	nostic guidelines in section 121(b)(2)—
8	(i) establishing asbestos exposure as a
9	substantial contributing factor in causing
10	the pulmonary condition in question; and
11	(ii) excluding other more likely causes
12	of that pulmonary condition.
13	(6) Malignant Level VI.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—To receive Level VI
15	compensation a claimant shall provide—
16	(i) a diagnosis of a primary colorectal,
17	laryngeal, esophageal, pharyngeal, or stom-
18	ach cancer on the basis of findings by a
19	board certified pathologist;
20	(ii) evidence of a bilateral asbestos-re-
21	lated nonmalignant disease;
22	(iii) evidence of 15 or more weighted
23	years of substantial occupational exposure
24	to asbestos; and

1	(iv) supporting medical documenta-
2	tion, such as a written opinion by the ex-
3	amining or diagnosing physician, according
4	to the diagnostic guidelines in section
5	121(b)(2), establishing asbestos exposure as
6	a substantial contributing factor in causing
7	the cancer in question.

(B) Referral to Physicians Panel.— All claims filed with respect to Level VI under this paragraph shall be referred to a Physicians Panel for a determination that it is more probable than not that asbestos exposure was a substantial contributing factor in causing the other cancer in question. If the claimant meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), there shall be a presumption of eligibility for the scheduled value of compensation unless there is evidence determined by the Physicians Panel that rebuts that presumption. In making its determination under this subparagraph, the Physicians Panel shall consider the intensity and duration of exposure, smoking history, and the quality of evidence relating to exposure and smoking. Claimants shall bear the burden of producing mean-

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1	ingful and credible evidence of their smoking
2	history as part of their claim submission.
3	(7) Malignant Level VII.—
4	(A) In general.—To receive Level VII
5	compensation, a claimant shall provide—
6	(i) a diagnosis of a primary lung can-
7	cer disease on the basis of findings by a
8	board certified pathologist;
9	(ii) evidence of bilateral pleural
10	plaques or bilateral pleural thickening or
11	bilateral pleural calcification by chest x-ray
12	or such diagnostic methodology supported
13	by the findings of the Institute of Medicine
14	under subsection (f);
15	(iii) evidence of 12 or more weighted
16	years of substantial occupational exposure
17	to asbestos; and
18	(iv) supporting medical documenta-
19	tion, such as a written opinion by the ex-
20	amining or diagnosing physician, according
21	to the diagnostic guidelines in section
22	121(b)(2), establishing asbestos exposure as
23	a substantial contributing factor in causing
24	the lung cancer in question.

1	(B) Physicians panel.—A claimant filing
2	a claim relating to Level VII under this para-
3	graph may request that the claim be referred to
4	a Physicians Panel for a determination of
5	whether the claimant qualifies for the disease
6	category and relevant smoking status. In mak-
7	ing its determination under this subparagraph,
8	the Physicians Panel shall consider the inten-
9	sity and duration of exposure, smoking history,
10	and the quality of evidence relating to exposure
11	and smoking. Claimants shall bear the burden
12	of producing meaningful and credible evidence
13	of their smoking history as part of their claim
14	submission.
15	(8) Malignant Level VIII.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—To receive Level VIII
17	compensation, a claimant shall provide a diag-
18	nosis—
19	(i) of a primary lung cancer disease
20	on the basis of findings by a board cer-
21	tified pathologist;
22	(ii)(I) of—
23	(aa) asbestosis based on a chest
24	x-ray of at least 1/0 on the ILO scale
25	and showing small irregular opacities

1	of shape or size, either ss, st, or tt,
2	and present in both lower lung zones;
3	and
4	(bb) 10 or more weighted years
5	of substantial occupational exposure
6	to asbestos;
7	(II) of—
8	(aa) asbestosis based on a chest
9	x-ray of at least 1/1 on the ILO scale
10	and showing small irregular opacities
11	of shape or size, either ss, st, or tt,
12	and present in both lower lung zones;
13	and
14	(bb) 8 or more weighted years of
15	substantial occupational exposure to
16	asbestos;
17	(III) asbestosis determined by pathol-
18	ogy and 10 or more weighted years of sub-
19	stantial occupational exposure to asbestos;
20	or
21	(IV) asbestosis as determined by CT
22	Scan, the cost of which shall not be borne
23	by the Fund. The CT Scan must be inter-
24	preted by a board certified radiologist and

1	confirmed	by	a	board	certified	radiologist;
2	and					

- (iii) supporting medical documentation, such as a written opinion by the examining or diagnosing physician, according to the diagnostic guidelines in section 121(b)(2), establishing asbestos exposure as a substantial contributing factor in causing the lung cancer in question; and 10 or more weighted years of substantial occupational exposure to asbestos.
- (B) Physicians Panel.—A claimant filing a claim with respect to Level VIII under this paragraph may request that the claim be referred to a Physicians Panel for a determination of whether the claimant qualifies for the disease category and relevant smoking status. In making its determination under this subparagraph, the Physicians Panel shall consider the intensity and duration of exposure, smoking history, and the quality of evidence relating to exposure and smoking. Claimants shall bear the burden of producing meaningful and credible evidence of their smoking history as part of their claim submission.

1	(9) Malignant Level IX.—To receive Level
2	IX compensation, a claimant shall provide—
3	(A) a diagnosis of malignant mesothelioma
4	disease on the basis of findings by a board cer-
5	tified pathologist; and
6	(B) credible evidence of identifiable expo-
7	sure to asbestos resulting from—
8	(i) occupational exposure to asbestos;
9	(ii) exposure to asbestos fibers
10	brought into the home of the claimant by
11	a worker occupationally exposed to asbes-
12	tos;
13	(iii) exposure to asbestos fibers result-
14	ing from living or working in the proxi-
15	mate vicinity of a factory, shipyard, build-
16	ing demolition site, or other operation that
17	regularly released asbestos fibers into the
18	air due to operations involving asbestos at
19	that site; or
20	(iv) other identifiable exposure to as-
21	bestos fibers, in which case the claim shall
22	be reviewed by a Physicians Panel under
23	section $121(f)$ subsection (g) for a deter-
24	mination of eligibility.

- 1 (e) Institute of Medicine Study.—Not later than April 1, 2006, the Institute of Medicine of the Na-3 tional Academy of Sciences shall complete a study con-4 tracted with the National Institutes of Health of the to 5 determine whether there is a causal link between asbestos exposure and other cancers, including colorectal, laryn-6 geal, esophageal, pharyngeal, and stomach cancers, except 8 for mesothelioma and lung cancers. The Institute of Medicine shall issue a report on its findings on causation, which 10 shall be transmitted to Congress, the Administrator, the Advisory Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation or 11 the Medical Advisory Committee, and the Physicians Pan-12 els. The Institute of Medicine report shall be binding on the Administrator and the Physicians Panels for purposes 14 15 of determining whether asbestos exposure is a substantial contributing factor under section 121(d)(6)(B). in causing 16 the other cancerous disease in question under subsection (d)(6). If asbestos is not a substantial contributing factor 18 19 to the particular cancerous disease under subsection (d)(6), subsection (d)(6) shall not apply with respect to that disease 21 and no claim may be filed with, or award paid from, the Fund with respect to that disease under malignant Level 23 VI.
- 24 (f) Institute of Medicine Study on CT Scans.—

1	(1) In General.—Not later than April 1, 2006,
2	the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of
3	Sciences shall complete a study contracted with the
4	National Institutes of Health of the use of CT scans
5	as a diagnostic tool for bilateral pleural plaques, bi-
6	lateral pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcifi-
7	cation.
8	(2) Findings.—The Institute of Medicine shall
9	make and issue findings based on the study required
10	under paragraph (1) on whether—
11	(A) CT scans are generally accepted in the
12	medical profession to detect bilateral pleural
13	plaques, bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral
14	pleural calcification; and
15	(B) professional standards of practice exist
16	to allow for the Administrator's reasonable reli-
17	ance on such as evidence of bilateral pleural
18	plaques, bilateral pleural thickening, or bilateral
19	pleural calcification under the Fund.
20	(3) Report.—The Institute of Medicine shall
21	issue a report on the findings required under para-
22	graph (2), which shall be transmitted to Congress, the
23	Administrator, the Advisory Committee on Asbestos
24	Disease Compensation or the Medical Advisory Com-

mittee, and the Physicians Panels.

1	(4) Report binding on the administrator.—
2	The Institute of Medicine report required under para-
3	graph (3) shall be binding on the Administrator and
4	the Physicians Panels for purposes of determining re-
5	liable and acceptable evidence that may be submitted
6	for a Level VII claim under subsection $(d)(7)$.
7	(f)(g) Exceptional Medical Claims.—
8	(1) In general.—A claimant who does not
9	meet the medical criteria requirements under this
10	section may apply for designation of the claim as an
11	exceptional medical claim.
12	(2) APPLICATION.—When submitting an appli-
13	cation for review of an exceptional medical claim, the
14	claimant shall—
15	(A) state that the claim does not meet the
16	medical criteria requirements under this sec-
17	tion; or
18	(B) seek designation as an exceptional
19	medical claim within 60 days after a determina-
20	tion that the claim is ineligible solely for failure
21	to meet the medical criteria requirements under
22	subsection (d).
23	(3) Report of Physician.—
24	(A) In general.—Any claimant applying
25	for designation of a claim as an exceptional

1	medical claim shall support an application filed
2	under paragraph (1) with a report from a phy-
3	sician meeting the requirements of this section.
4	(B) CONTENTS.—A report filed under sub-
5	paragraph (A) shall include—
6	(i) a complete review of the claimant's
7	medical history and current condition;
8	(ii) such additional material by way of
9	analysis and documentation as shall be
10	prescribed by rule of the Administrator;
11	and
12	(iii) a detailed explanation as to why
13	the claim meets the requirements of para-
14	graph (4)(B).
15	(4) Review.—
16	(A) In General.—The Administrator
17	shall refer all applications and supporting docu-
18	mentation submitted under paragraph (2) to a
19	Physicians Panel for review for eligibility as an
20	exceptional medical claim.
21	(B) STANDARD.—A claim shall be des-
22	ignated as an exceptional medical claim if the
23	claimant, for reasons beyond the control of the
24	claimant, cannot satisfy the requirements under
25	this section, but is able, through comparably re-

1	liable evidence that meets the standards under
2	this section, to show that the claimant has an
3	asbestos-related condition that is substantially
4	comparable to that of a medical condition that
5	would satisfy the requirements of a category
6	under this section.
7	(C) Additional information.—A Physi-
8	cians Panel may request additional reasonable

- testing to support the claimant's application.
- (D) CT SCAN.—A claimant may submit a CT Scan in addition to an x-ray.

(5) Approval.—

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- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Physicians Panel determines that the medical evidence is sufficient to show a comparable asbestos-related condition, it shall issue a certificate of medical eligibility designating the category of asbestosrelated injury under this section for which the claimant shall be eligible to seek compensation.
- (B) Referral.—Upon the issuance of a certificate under subparagraph (A), the Physicians Panel shall submit the claim to the Administrator, who shall give due consideration to the recommendation of the Physicians Panel in

- determining whether the claimant meets the requirements for compensation under this Act.
 - (6) RESUBMISSION.—Any claimant whose application for designation as an exceptional medical claim is rejected may resubmit an application if new evidence becomes available. The application shall identify any prior applications and state the new evidence that forms the basis of the resubmission.
 - (7) Rules.—The Administrator shall promulgate rules governing the procedures for seeking designation of a claim as an exceptional medical claim.

(8) Libby, Montana.—

- (A) In GENERAL.—A Libby, Montana, claimant may elect to have the claimant's claims designated as exceptional medical claims and referred to a Physicians Panel for review. In reviewing the medical evidence submitted by a Libby, Montana claimant in support of that claim, the Physicians Panel shall take into consideration the unique and serious nature of asbestos exposure in Libby, Montana, including the nature of the pleural disease related to asbestos exposure in Libby, Montana.
- (B) Claims.—For all claims for Levels II through IV filed by Libby, Montana claimants,

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as described under subsection (c)(4), once the Administrator or the Physicians Panel issues a certificate of medical eligibility to a Libby, Montana claimant, and notwithstanding the disease category designated in the certificate or the eligible disease or condition established in accordance with this section, or the value of the award determined in accordance with section 114, the Libby, Montana claimant shall be entitled to an award that is not less than that awarded to claimants who suffer from asbestosis, Level IV. For all malignant claims filed by Libby, Montana claimants, the Libby, Montana claimant shall be entitled to an award that corresponds to the malignant disease category designated by the Administrator or the Physicians Panel.

(C) EVALUATION OF CLAIMS.—For purposes of evaluating exceptional medical claims from Libby, Montana, a claimant shall be deemed to have a comparable asbestos-related condition to an asbestos disease category Level IV, and shall be deemed to qualify for compensation at Level IV, if the claimant provides—

1	(i) a diagnosis of bilateral asbestos re-
2	lated nonmalignant disease;
3	(ii) evidence of TLC or FVC less than
4	80 percent; and
5	(iii) supporting medical documenta-
6	tion establishing asbestos exposure as a sub-
7	stantial contributing factor in causing the
8	pulmonary condition in question, and ex-
9	cluding more likely causes of that pul-
10	$monary\ condition.$
11	(9) Study of vermiculite processing facili-
12	TIES.—
13	(A) In general.—As part of the ongoing
14	National Asbestos Exposure Review (in this sec-
15	tion referred to as "NAER") being conducted by
16	the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease
17	Registry (in this section referred to as
18	"ATSDR") of facilities that received vermiculite
19	ore from Libby, Montana, the ATSDR shall con-
20	duct a study of all Phase 1 sites where—
21	(i) the Environmental Protection
22	Agency has mandated further action at the
23	site on the basis of current contamination;
24	or

1	(ii) the site was an exfoliation facility
2	that processed roughly 100,000 tons or more
3	of vermiculite from the Libby mine.
4	(B) Study by ATSDR.—The study by the
5	ATSDR shall evaluate the facilities identified
6	under subparagraph (A) and compare—
7	(i) the levels of asbestos emissions from
8	such facilities;
9	(ii) the resulting asbestos contamina-
10	tion in areas surrounding such facilities;
11	(iii) the levels of exposure to residents
12	living in the vicinity of such facilities;
13	(iv) the risks of asbestos-related disease
14	to the residents living in the vicinity of
15	such facilities; and
16	(v) the risk of asbestos-related mor-
17	tality to residents living in the vicinity of
18	such facilities,
19	to the emissions, contamination, exposures, and
20	risks resulting from the mining of vermiculite
21	ore in Libby, Montana.
22	(C) Results of study.—The results of the
23	study required under this paragraph shall be
24	transmitted to the Administrator. If the ATSDR
25	finds as a result of such study that, for any par-

1 ticular facility, the levels of emissions from, the 2 resulting contamination caused by, the levels of 3 exposure to nearby residents from, and the risks 4 of asbestos-related disease and asbestos-related 5 mortality to nearby residents from such facility 6 are substantially equivalent to those of Libby, 7 Montana, then the Administrator shall treat 8 claims from residents surrounding such facilities 9 the same as claims of residents of Libby, Mon-10 tana, and such residents shall have all the rights 11 of residents of Libby, Montana, under this Act. 12 As part of the results of its study, the ATSDR 13 shall prescribe for any such facility the relevant 14 geographic and temporal criteria under which 15 the exposures and risks to the surrounding resi-16 dents are substantially equivalent to those of 17 residents of Libby, Montana, and therefore qual-18 ify for treatment under this paragraph.

(10) Naturally occurring asbestos.—A claimant who has been exposed to naturally occurring asbestos may file an exceptional medical claim with the Fund.

23 (h) Guidelines for CT Scans.—The Administrator 24 shall commission the American College of Radiology to de-25 velop, in consultation with the American Thoracic Society,

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- 1 American College of Chest Physicians, and Institute of Med-
- 2 icine, guidelines and a methodology for the use of CT scans
- 3 as a diagnostic tool for bilateral pleural plaques, bilateral
- 4 pleural thickening, or bilateral pleural calcification under
- 5 the Fund. After development, such guidelines and method-
- 6 ology shall be used for diagnostic purposes under the Fund.

7 Subtitle D—Awards

- 8 SEC. 131. AMOUNT.
- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—An asbestos claimant who meets
- 10 the requirements of section 111 shall be entitled to an
- 11 award in an amount determined by reference to the benefit
- 12 table and the matrices developed under subsection (b).
- 13 (b) Benefit Table.—
- 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—An asbestos claimant with
 15 an eligible disease or condition established in accord16 ance with section 121 shall be eligible for an award
 17 as determined under this subsection. The award for
 18 all asbestos claimants with an eligible disease or con19 dition established in accordance with section 121

shall be according to the following schedule:

Level	Scheduled Condition or Disease	Scheduled Value
I	Asbestosis/Pleural Disease A	Medical Monitoring
II	Mixed Disease With Impairment	\$25,000
III	Asbestosis/Pleural Disease B	\$100,000
IV	Severe Asbestosis	\$400,000
V	Disabling Asbestosis	\$850,000

	VI	Other Cancer	\$200,000
	VII	Lung Cancer With Pleural Disease	smokers, \$300,000; ex-smokers, \$725,000; non-smokers, \$800,000
	VIII	Lung Cancer With Asbestosis	smokers, \$600,000; ex-smokers, \$975,000; non-smokers, \$1,100,000
	IX	Mesothelioma	\$1,100,000
1	(2) D	EFINITIONS.—In this se	ection—
2	(A) the term "nonsmoke	er" means a claim-
3	ant w	ho—	
4		(i) never smoked; or	\mathbf{r}
5		(ii) has smoked fev	ver than 100 ciga-
6	r	ettes or the equivalen	t of other tobacco
7	r	oroducts during the o	elaimant's lifetime;
8	a	and	
9	(B) the term "ex-smoke	er" means a claim-
10	ant w	ho has not smoked dur	ring any portion of
11	the 1	2-year period precedin	g the diagnosis of
12	lung	eancer.	
13	(3) Li	EVEL IX ADJUSTMENTS.	.—
14	(A) In general.—If	the Administrator
15	deterr	mines that the impact	of all adjustments
16	under	this paragraph on the	Fund is cost neu-
17	tral, t	he Administrator may—	_
18		(i) increase awar	ds for Level IX
19	e	laimants who are less	than 51 years of
20		ge with dependent child	

1	(ii) decrease awards for Level IX
2	claimants who are at least 65 years of age,
3	but in no case shall an award for Level IX
4	be less than \$1,000,000.
5	(B) Implementation.—Before making
6	adjustments under this paragraph, the Admin-
7	istrator shall publish in the Federal Register
8	notice of, and a plan for, making such adjust-
9	ments.
10	(4) Special adjustment for fela cases.—
11	(A) In general.—A claimant who would
12	be eligible to bring a claim under the Act of
13	April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), com-
14	monly known as the Employers' Liability Act,
15	but for section 403 of this Act, shall be eligible
16	for a special adjustment under this paragraph.
17	(B) REGULATIONS.—
18	(i) In general.—Not later than 90
19	days after the date of enactment of this
20	Act, the Administrator shall promulgate
21	regulations relating to special adjustments
22	under this paragraph.
23	(ii) JOINT PROPOSAL.—Not later than
24	45 days after the date of enactment of this
25	Act representatives of railroad manage-

ment and representatives of railroad labor shall submit to the Administrator a joint proposal for regulations describing the eligibility for and amount of special adjustments under this paragraph. If a joint proposal is submitted, the Administrator shall promulgate regulations that reflect the joint proposal.

(iii) Absence of Joint Proposal.—
If railroad management and railroad labor are unable to agree on a joint proposal within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the benefits prescribed in subparagraph (E) shall be the benefits available to claimants, and the Administrator shall promulgate regulations containing such benefits.

(iv) REVIEW.—The parties participating in the arbitration may file in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia a petition for review of the Administrator's order. The court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the order of the Administrator, or to set it aside, in whole or in part, or it may remand the pro-

ceedings to the Administrator for such further action as it may direct. On such review, the findings and order of the Administrator shall be conclusive on the parties, except that the order of the Administrator may be set aside, in whole or in parts or remanded to the Administrator, for failure of the Administrator to comply with the requirements of this section, for failure of the order to conform, or confine itself, to matters within the scope of the Administrator's jurisdiction, or for fraud or corruption.

(C) ELIGIBILITY.—An individual eligible to file a claim under the Act of April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known as the Employers' Liability Act, shall be eligible for a special adjustment under this paragraph if such individual meets the criteria set forth in subparagraph (F).

(D) Amount.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the special adjustment shall be based on the type and severity of asbestos disease, and shall be 110 percent of the average amount

an injured individual with a disease caused by asbestos, as described in section 121(d) of this Act, would have received, during the 5-year period before the enactment of this Act, adjusted for inflation. This adjustment shall be in addition to any other award for which the claimant is eligible under this Act. The amount of the special adjustment shall be reduced by an amount reasonably calculated to take into account all expenses of litigation normally borne by plaintiffs, including attorney's fees.

- (ii) LIMITATION.—The amount under clause (i) may not exceed the amount the claimant is eligible to receive before applying the special adjustment under that clause.
- (E) Arbitrated benefits.—If railroad management and railroad labor are unable to agree on a joint proposal within 45 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall appoint an arbitrator to determine the benefits under subparagraph (D). The Administrator shall appoint an arbitrator who shall be acceptable to both railroad manage-

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ment and railroad labor. Railroad management and railroad labor shall each designate their representatives to participate in the arbitration. The arbitrator shall submit the benefits levels to the Administrator not later than 30 days after appointment and such benefits levels shall be based on information provided by rail labor and rail management. The information submitted to the arbitrator by railroad management and railroad labor shall be considered confidential and shall be disclosed to the other party upon execution of an appropriate confidentiality agreement. Unless the submitting party provides written consent, neither the arbitrator nor either party to the arbitration shall divulge to any third party any information or data, in any form, submitted to the arbitrator under this section. Nor shall either party use such information or data for any purpose other than participation in the arbitration proceeding, and each party shall return to the other any information it has received from the other party as soon the arbitration is concluded. Information submitted to the arbitrator may not be admitted into evidence, nor discovered, in any civil

1	litigation in Federal or State court. The nature
2	of the information submitted to the arbitrator
3	shall be within the sole discretion of the submit-
4	ting party, and the arbitrator may not require
5	a party to submit any particular information,
6	including information subject to a prior con-
7	fidentiality agreement.
8	(F) Demonstration of eligibility.—
9	(i) In General.—A claimant under
10	this paragraph shall be required to dem-
11	onstrate—
12	(I) employment of the claimant
13	in the railroad industry;
14	(II) exposure of the claimant to
15	asbestos as part of that employment;
16	and
17	(III) the nature and severity of
18	the asbestos-related injury.
19	(ii) Medical Criteria.—In order to
20	be eligible for a special adjustment a
21	claimant shall meet the criteria set forth in
22	section 121 that would qualify a claimant
23	for a payment under Level II or greater.
24	(5) Medical monitoring.—An asbestos claim-
25	ant with asymptomatic exposure, based on the cri-

1	teria under section 121(d)(1), shall only be eligible
2	for medical monitoring reimbursement as provided
3	under section 132.
4	(6) Cost-of-living adjustment.—
5	(A) In General.—Beginning January 1,
6	2007, award amounts under paragraph (1)
7	shall be annually increased by an amount equal
8	to such dollar amount multiplied by the cost-of-
9	living adjustment, rounded to the nearest
10	\$1,000 increment.
11	(B) CALCULATION OF COST-OF-LIVING AD-
12	JUSTMENT.—For the purposes of subparagraph
13	(A), the cost-of-living adjustment for any cal-
14	endar year shall be the percentage, if any, by
15	which the consumer price index for the suc-
16	ceeding calendar year exceeds the consumer
17	price index for calendar year 2005.
18	(C) Consumer price index.—
19	(i) IN GENERAL.—For the purposes of
20	subparagraph (B), the consumer price
21	index for any calendar year is the average
22	of the consumer price index as of the close
23	of the 12-month period ending on August

31 of such calendar year.

1 Definition.—For purposes of 2 (i), the term "consumer price clause index" means the consumer price index 3 4 published by the Department of Labor. The consumer price index series to be used 6 for award escalations shall include the con-7 sumer price index used for all-urban con-8 sumers, with an area coverage of the 9 United States city average, for all items, 10 based on the 1982–1984 index based pe-11 riod, as published by the Department of 12 Labor.

13 SEC. 132. MEDICAL MONITORING.

- 14 (a) RELATION TO STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—The 15 filing of a claim under this Act that seeks reimbursement
- 16 for medical monitoring shall not be considered as evidence
- 17 that the claimant has discovered facts that would other-
- 18 wise commence the period applicable for purposes of the
- 19 statute of limitations under section 113(b).
- 20 (b) Costs.—Reimbursable medical monitoring costs
- 21 shall include the costs of a claimant not covered by health
- 22 insurance for an examination by the claimant's physician,
- 23 x-ray tests, and pulmonary function tests every 3 years.
- 24 (c) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall promul-
- 25 gate regulations that establish—

1	(1) the reasonable costs for medical monitoring
2	that is reimbursable; and
3	(2) the procedures applicable to asbestos claim-
4	ants.
5	SEC. 133. PAYMENT.
6	(a) Structured Payments.—
7	(1) In general.—An asbestos claimant who is
8	entitled to an award should receive the amount of
9	the award through structured payments from the
10	Fund, made over a period of 3 years, and in no
11	event more than 4 years after the date of final adju-
12	dication of the claim.
13	(2) PAYMENT PERIOD AND AMOUNT.—There
14	shall be a presumption that any award paid under
15	this subsection shall provide for payment of—
16	(A) 40 percent of the total amount in year
17	1;
18	(B) 30 percent of the total amount in year
19	2; and
20	(C) 30 percent of the total amount in year
21	3.
22	(3) Extension of payment period.—
23	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
24	shall develop guidelines to provide for the pay-
25	ment period of an award under subsection (a)

to be extended to a 4-year period if such action is warranted in order to preserve the overall solvency of the Fund. Such guidelines shall include reference to the number of claims made to the Fund and the awards made and scheduled to be paid from the Fund as provided under section 405.

(B) LIMITATIONS.—In no event shall less than 50 percent of an award be paid in the first 2 years of the payment period under this subsection.

(4) Accelerated Lump-sum payments.—

- (A) In General.—The Administrator shall develop guidelines to provide for accelerated payments 1 lump-sum payment to asbestos claimants who are mesothelioma victims and who are alive on the date on which the Administrator receives notice of the eligibility of the claimant. Such payments shall be credited against the first regular payment under the structured payment plan for the claimant.
- (B) Timing of payments.—Lump-sum payments shall be made within the shorter of—

1	(i) not later than 30 days after the
2	date the claim is approved by the Adminis-
3	trator; or
4	(ii) not later than 6 months after the
5	date the claim is filed.
6	(C) Timing of payments to be adjusted
7	WITH RESPECT TO SOLVENCY OF THE FUND.—If
8	the Administrator determines that solvency of the
9	Fund would be severely harmed by the timing of
10	the payments required under subparagraph (B),
11	the time for such payments may be extended to
12	the shorter of—
13	(i) not later than 6 months after the
14	date the claim is approved by the Adminis-
15	trator; or
16	(ii) not later than 11 months after the
17	date the claim is filed.
18	(5) Expedited payments.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
20	develop guidelines to provide for expedited pay-
21	ments to asbestos claimants in cases of exigent
22	circumstances or extreme hardship caused by
23	asbestos-related injury. health claims as de-
24	scribed under section $106(c)(2)(B)$ and (C) .

1	(B) Timing of payments.—Total pay-
2	ments shall be made within the shorter of—
3	(i) not later than 6 months after the
4	date the claim is approved by the Adminis-
5	trator; or
6	(ii) not later than 1 year after the date
7	the claim is filed.
8	(C) Timing of payments to be adjusted
9	WITH RESPECT TO SOLVENCY OF THE FUND.— If
10	the Administrator determines that solvency of the
11	Fund would be severely harmed by the timing of
12	the payments required under subparagraph (B),
13	the time for such payments may be extended to
14	the shorter of—
15	(i) not later than 1 year after the date
16	the claim is approved by the Administrator;
17	or
18	(ii) not later than 2 years after the
19	date the claim is filed.
20	(6) Annuity.—An asbestos claimant may elect
21	to receive any payments to which that claimant is
22	entitled under this title in the form of an annuity.
23	(b) Limitation on Transferability.—A claim
24	filed under this Act shall not be assignable or otherwise
25	transferable under this Act.

- 1 (c) CREDITORS.—An award under this title shall be
- 2 exempt from all claims of creditors and from levy, execu-
- 3 tion, and attachment or other remedy for recovery or col-
- 4 lection of a debt, and such exemption may not be waived.
- 5 (d) Medicare as Secondary Payer.—No award
- 6 under this title shall be deemed a payment for purposes
- 7 of section 1862 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
- 8 1395y).
- 9 (e) Exempt Property in Asbestos Claimant's
- 10 Bankruptcy Case.—If an asbestos claimant files a peti-
- 11 tion for relief under section 301 of title 11, United States
- 12 Code, no award granted under this Act shall be treated
- 13 as property of the bankruptcy estate of the asbestos claim-
- 14 ant in accordance with section 541(b)(6) of title 11,
- 15 United States Code.
- 16 (f) Effect of Payment.—The full payment of an as-
- 17 bestos claim under this section shall be in full satisfaction
- 18 of such claim and shall be deemed to operate as a release
- 19 to such claim. No claimant with an asbestos claim that has
- 20 been fully paid under this section may proceed in the tort
- 21 system with respect to such claim.

1	SEC. 134. REDUCTION IN BENEFIT PAYMENTS FOR COLLAT-
2	ERAL SOURCES. SETOFFS FOR COLLATERAL
3	SOURCE COMPENSATION AND PRIOR
4	AWARDS.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—The amount of an award other-
6	wise available to an asbestos claimant under this title shall
7	be reduced by the amount of any collateral source com-
8	pensation and by any amounts paid or to be paid to the
9	claimant for a prior award under this Act.
10	(b) Exclusions.—
11	(1) Collateral source compensation.—In
12	no case shall statutory benefits under workers' com-
13	pensation laws, special adjustments made under sec-
14	tion 131(b)(3), occupational or total disability bene-
15	fits under the Railroad Retirement Act (45 U.S.C.
16	201 et seq.), sickness benefits under the Railroad
17	Unemployment Insurance Act (45 U.S.C 351 et
18	seq.), and veterans' benefits programs be deemed as
19	collateral source compensation for purposes of this
20	section.
21	(2) Prior Award Payments.—Any amounts
22	paid or to be paid for a prior claim for a nonmalig-
23	nant disease (Levels I through V) filed against the
24	Fund shall not be deducted as a setoff against
25	amounts payable for the second injury claims for a

malignant disease (Levels VI through IX), unless the

1	malignancy was diagnosed before the date on which
2	the nonmalignancy claim was compensated.
3	SEC. 135. CERTAIN CLAIMS NOT AFFECTED BY PAYMENT
4	OF AWARDS.
5	(a) In General.—The payment of an award under
6	section 106 or 133 shall not be considered a form of com-
7	pensation or reimbursement for a loss for purposes of im-
8	posing liability on any asbestos claimant receiving such
9	payment to repay any—
10	(1) insurance carrier for insurance payments;
11	or
12	(2) person or governmental entity on account of
13	worker's compensation, health care, or disability
14	payments.
15	(b) No Effect on Claims.—The payment of an
16	award to an asbestos claimant under section 106 or 133
17	shall not affect any claim of an asbestos claimant
18	against—
19	(1) an insurance carrier with respect to insur-
20	ance; or
21	(2) against any person or governmental entity
22	with respect to worker's compensation, healthcare,
23	or disability.

1	TITLE II—ASBESTOS INJURY
2	CLAIMS RESOLUTION FUND
3	Subtitle A—Asbestos Defendants
4	Funding Allocation
5	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this subtitle, the following definitions shall apply:
7	(1) Affiliated Group.—The term "affiliated
8	group''—
9	(A) means a defendant participant that is
10	an ultimate parent and any person whose entire
11	beneficial interest is directly or indirectly owned
12	by that ultimate parent on the date of enact-
13	ment of this Act; and
14	(B) shall not include any person that is a
15	debtor or any direct or indirect majority-owned
16	subsidiary of a debtor.
17	(2) CLASS ACTION TRUST.—The term "class ac-
18	tion trust" means a trust or similar entity estab-
19	lished to hold assets for the payment of asbestos
20	claims asserted against a debtor or participating de-
21	fendant, under a settlement that—
22	(A) is a settlement of class action claims
23	under rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Pro-
24	cedure; and

1	(B) has been approved by a final judgment
2	of a United States district court before the date
3	of enactment of this Act.
4	(3) Debtor.—The term "debtor"—
5	(A) means—
6	(i) a person that is subject to a case
7	pending under a chapter of title 11, United
8	States Code, on the date of enactment of
9	this Act or at any time during the 1-year
10	period immediately preceding that date, ir-
11	respective of whether the debtor's case
12	under that title has been dismissed; and
13	(ii) all of the direct or indirect major-
14	ity-owned subsidiaries of a person de-
15	scribed under clause (i), regardless of
16	whether any such majority-owned sub-
17	sidiary has a case pending under title 11,
18	United States Code; and
19	(B) shall not include an entity—
20	(i) subject to chapter 7 of title 11,
21	United States Code, if a final decree clos-
22	ing the estate shall have been entered be-
23	fore the date of enactment of this Act; or
24	(ii) subject to chapter 11 of title 11,
25	United States Code, if a plan of reorga-

nization for such entity shall have been confirmed by a duly entered order or judgment of a court that is no longer subject to any appeal or judicial review, and the substantial consummation, as such term is defined in section 1101(2) of title 11, United States Code, of such plan of reorganization has occurred.

- (4) INDEMNIFIABLE COST.—The term "indemnifiable cost" means a cost, expense, debt, judgment, or settlement incurred with respect to an asbestos claim that, at any time before December 31, 2002, was or could have been subject to indemnification, contribution, surety, or guaranty.
- (5) INDEMNITEE.—The term "indemnitee" means a person against whom any asbestos claim has been asserted before December 31, 2002, who has received from any other person, or on whose behalf a sum has been paid by such other person to any third person, in settlement, judgment, defense, or indemnity in connection with an alleged duty with respect to the defense or indemnification of such person concerning that asbestos claim, other than under a policy of insurance or reinsurance.

- 1 INDEMNITOR.—The term "indemnitor" (6)2 means a person who has paid under a written agree-3 ment at any time before December 31, 2002, a sum 4 in settlement, judgment, defense, or indemnity to or 5 on behalf of any person defending against an asbes-6 tos claim, in connection with an alleged duty with 7 respect to the defense or indemnification of such 8 person concerning that asbestos claim, except that 9 payments by an insurer or reinsurer under a con-10 tract of insurance or reinsurance shall not make the 11 insurer or reinsurer an indemnitor for purposes of 12 this subtitle.
 - (7) Prior asbestos expenditures.—The term "prior asbestos expenditures"—
 - (A) means the gross total amount paid by or on behalf of a person at any time before December 31, 2002, in settlement, judgment, defense, or indemnity costs related to all asbestos claims against that person;
 - (B) includes payments made by insurance carriers to or for the benefit of such person or on such person's behalf with respect to such asbestos claims, except as provided in section 204(g);

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- 1 (C) shall not include any payment made by
 2 a person in connection with or as a result of
 3 changes in insurance reserves required by con4 tract or any activity or dispute related to insur5 ance coverage matters for asbestos-related li6 abilities; and
 - (D) shall not include any payment made by or on behalf of persons who are or were common carriers by railroad for asbestos claims brought under the Act of April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known as the Employers' Liability Act, as a result of operations as a common carrier by railroad, including settlement, judgment, defense, or indemnity costs associated with these claims.
 - (8) TRUST.—The term "trust" means any trust, as described in sections 524(g)(2)(B)(i) or 524(h) of title 11, United States Code, or established in conjunction with an order issued under section 105 of title 11, United States Code, established or formed under the terms of a chapter 11 plan of reorganization, which in whole or in part provides compensation for asbestos claims.
 - (9) Ultimate Parent.—The term "ultimate parent" means a person—

1	(A) that owned, as of December 31, 2002,
2	the entire beneficial interest, directly or indi-
3	rectly, of at least 1 other person; and
4	(B) whose entire beneficial interest was not
5	owned, on December 31, 2002, directly or indi-
6	rectly, by any other single person (other than a
7	natural person).
8	SEC. 202. AUTHORITY AND TIERS.
9	(a) Liability for Payments to the Fund.—
10	(1) In general.—Defendant participants shall
11	be liable for payments to the Fund in accordance
12	with this section based on tiers and subtiers as-
13	signed to defendant participants.
14	(2) AGGREGATE PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS
15	LEVEL.—The total payments required of all defend-
16	ant participants over the life of the Fund shall not
17	exceed a sum equal to \$90,000,000,000 less any
18	bankruptcy trust credits under section $222(e)(d)$.
19	The Administrator shall have the authority to allo-
20	cate the payments required of the defendant partici-
21	pants among the tiers as provided in this title.
22	(3) Ability to enter reorganization.—
23	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, all
24	debtors that, together with all of their direct or indi-
25	rect majority-owned subsidiaries, have prior asbestos

1	expenditures less than \$1,000,000 may proceed with
2	the filing, solicitation, and confirmation of a plan of
3	reorganization that does not comply with the re-
4	quirements of this Act, including a trust and chan-
5	neling injunction under section 524(g) of title 11,
6	United States Code. Any asbestos claim made in
7	conjunction with a plan of reorganization allowable
8	under the preceding sentence shall be subject to sec-
9	tion 403(d) of this Act.
10	(b) Tier I.—Tier I shall include all debtors that, to-
11	gether with all of their direct or indirect majority-owned
12	subsidiaries, have prior asbestos expenditures greater than
13	\$1,000,000.
14	(c) Treatment of Tier I Business Entities in
15	Bankruptcy.—
16	(1) Definition.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—In this subsection, the
18	term "bankrupt business entity" means a per-
19	son that is not a natural person that—
20	(i) filed a petition for relief under
21	chapter 11, of title 11, United States
22	Code, before January 1, 2003;
23	(ii) has not substantially con-
24	summated, as such term is defined under
25	section 1101(2) of title 11, United States

1	Code, a plan of reorganization as of the
2	date of enactment of this Act; and
3	(iii) the bankruptcy court presiding
4	over the business entity's case determines,
5	after notice and a hearing upon motion
6	filed by the entity within 30 days after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, that asbes-
8	tos liability was not the sole or precipi-
9	tating cause of the entity's chapter 11 fil-
10	ing.
11	(B) MOTION AND RELATED MATTERS.—A
12	motion under subparagraph (A)(iii) shall be
13	supported by—
14	(i) an affidavit or declaration of the
15	chief executive officer, chief financial offi-
16	cer, or chief legal officer of the business
17	entity; and
18	(ii) copies of the entity's public state-
19	ments and securities filings made in con-
20	nection with the entity's filing for chapter
21	11 protection.
22	Notice of such motion shall be as directed by
23	the bankruptcy court, and the hearing shall be
24	limited to consideration of the question of
25	whether or not asbestos liability was the sole or

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precipitating cause of the entity's chapter 11 filing. The bankruptcy court shall hold a hearing and make its determination with respect to the motion within 60 days after the date the motion is filed. In making its determination, the bankruptcy court shall take into account the affidavits, public statements, and securities filings, and other information, if any, submitted by the entity and all other facts and circumstances presented by an objecting party. Any review of this determination shall be an expedited appeal and limited to whether the decision was against the weight of the evidence. Any appeal of a determination shall be an expedited review to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the circuit in which the bankruptcy is filed.

(2) PROCEEDING WITH REORGANIZATION PLAN.—A bankrupt business entity may proceed with the filing, solicitation, confirmation, and consummation of a plan of reorganization that does not comply with the requirements of this Act, including a trust and channeling injunction described in section 524(g) of title 11, United States Code, notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, if the

1	bankruptcy court makes a favorable determination
2	under paragraph (1)(B), unless the bankruptcy
3	court's determination is overruled on appeal and all
4	appeals are final. Such a bankrupt business entity
5	may continue to so proceed, if—
6	(A) on request of a party in interest or on
7	a motion of the court, and after a notice and
8	a hearing, the bankruptcy court presiding over
9	the chapter 11 case of the bankrupt business
10	entity determines that—
11	(i) confirmation is necessary to permit
12	the reorganization of that entity and as-
13	sure that all creditors and that entity are
14	treated fairly and equitably; and
15	(ii) confirmation is clearly favored by
16	the balance of the equities; and
17	such confirmation is required to avoid the liq-
18	uidation or the need for further financial reorga-
19	nization of that entity; and
20	(B) an order confirming the plan of reor-
21	ganization is entered by the bankruptcy court
22	within 9 months after the date of enactment of
23	this Act or such longer period of time approved
24	by the bankruptcy court for cause shown.

(3) APPLICABILITY.—If the bankruptcy court does not make the determination required under paragraph (2), or if an order confirming the plan is not entered within 9 months after the date of enactment of this Act or such longer period of time approved by the bankruptcy court for cause shown, the provisions of this Act shall apply to the bankrupt business entity notwithstanding the certification. Any timely appeal under title 11, United States Code, from a confirmation order entered during the applicable time period shall automatically extend the time during which this Act is inapplicable to the bankrupt business entity, until the appeal is fully and finally resolved.

(4) Offsets.—

(A) Payments by insurers.—To the extent that a bankrupt business entity or debtor successfully confirms a plan of reorganization, including a trust, and channeling injunction that involves payments by insurers who are otherwise subject to this Act as described under section 524(g) of title 11, United States Code, an insurer who makes payments to the trust shall obtain a dollar-for-dollar reduction in the

1	amount otherwise payable by that insurer under
2	this Act to the Fund.
3	(B) Contributions to fund.—Any cash
4	payments by a bankrupt business entity, if any,
5	to a trust described under section 524(g) of
6	title 11, United States Code, may be counted as
7	a contribution to the Fund.
8	(d) Tiers II Through VI.—Except as provided in
9	section 204 and subsection (b) of this section, persons or
10	affiliated groups are included in Tier II, III, IV, V, or
11	VI, according to the prior asbestos expenditures paid by
12	such persons or affiliated groups as follows:
13	(1) Tier II: \$75,000,000 or greater.
14	(2) Tier III: \$50,000,000 or greater, but less
15	than \$75,000,000.
16	(3) Tier IV: \$10,000,000 or greater, but less
17	than \$50,000,000.
18	(4) Tier V: $$5,000,000$ or greater, but less than
19	\$10,000,000.
20	(5) Tier VI: \$1,000,000 or greater, but less
21	than \$5,000,000.
22	(e) TIER PLACEMENT AND COSTS.—
23	(1) PERMANENT TIER PLACEMENT.—After a
24	defendant participant or affiliated group is assigned
25	to a tier and subtier under section 204(i)(6), the

1	participant or affiliated group shall remain in that
2	tier and subtier throughout the life of the Fund, re-
3	gardless of subsequent events, including—
4	(A) the filing of a petition under a chapter
5	of title 11, United States Code;
6	(B) a discharge of debt in bankruptcy;
7	(C) the confirmation of a plan of reorga-
8	nization; or
9	(D) the sale or transfer of assets to any
10	other person or affiliated group, unless the Ad-
11	ministrator finds that the information sub-
12	mitted by the participant or affiliated group to
13	support its inclusion in that tier was inaccurate.
14	(2) Costs.—Payments to the Fund by all per-
15	sons that are the subject of a case under a chapter
16	of title 11, United States Code, after the date of en-
17	actment of this Act—
18	(A) shall constitute costs and expenses of
19	administration of the case under section 503 of
20	title 11, United States Code, and shall be pay-
21	able in accordance with the payment provisions
22	under this subtitle notwithstanding the pend-
23	ency of the case under that title 11;

1	(B) shall not be stayed or affected as to
2	enforcement or collection by any stay or injunc-
3	tion power of any court; and
4	(C) shall not be impaired or discharged in
5	any current or future case under title 11,
6	United States Code.
7	(f) Superseding Provisions.—
8	(1) In general.—All of the following shall be
9	superseded in their entireties by this Act:
10	(A) The treatment of any asbestos claim in
11	any plan of reorganization with respect to any
12	debtor included in Tier I.
13	(B) Any asbestos claim against any debtor
14	included in Tier I.
15	(C) Any agreement, understanding, or un-
16	dertaking by any such debtor or any third party
17	with respect to the treatment of any asbestos
18	claim filed in a debtor's bankruptcy case or
19	with respect to a debtor before the date of en-
20	actment of this Act, whenever such debtor's
21	case is either still pending, if such case is pend-
22	ing under a chapter other than chapter 11 of
23	title 11, United States Code, or subject to con-
24	firmation or substantial consummation of a

plan of reorganization under chapter 11 of title
11, United States Code.

(2) Prior agreements of no effect.—Notwithstanding section 403(c)(3), any plan of reorganization, agreement, understanding, or undertaking by any debtor (including any pre-petition agreement, understanding, or undertaking that requires future performance) or any third party under paragraph (1), and any agreement, understanding, or undertaking entered into in anticipation, contemplation, or furtherance of a plan of reorganization, to the extent it relates to any asbestos claim, shall be of no force or effect, and no person shall have any right or claim with respect to any such agreement, understanding, or undertaking.

16 **SEC. 203. SUBTIERS.**

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- 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 18 (1) Subtier Liability.—Except as otherwise 19 provided under subsections (b), (d), and (l) of sec-20 tion 204, persons or affiliated groups shall be in-21 cluded within Tiers I through VII and shall pay 22 amounts to the Fund in accordance with this sec-23 tion.
- 24 (2) REVENUES.—

1	(A) In general.—For purposes of this
2	section, revenues shall be determined in accord-
3	ance with generally accepted accounting prin-
4	ciples, consistently applied, using the amount
5	reported as revenues in the annual report filed
6	with the Securities and Exchange Commission
7	in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act
8	of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.) for the most
9	recent fiscal year ending on or before December
10	31, 2002. If the defendant participant or affili-
11	ated group does not file reports with the Securi-
12	ties and Exchange Commission, revenues shall
13	be the amount that the defendant participant or
14	affiliated group would have reported as reve-
15	nues under the rules of the Securities and Ex-
16	change Commission in the event that it had
17	been required to file.

- (B) Insurance premiums.—Any portion of revenues of a defendant participant that is derived from insurance premiums shall not be used to calculate the payment obligation of that defendant participant under this subtitle.
- (C) DEBTORS.—Each debtor's revenues shall include the revenues of the debtor and all of the direct or indirect majority-owned subsidi-

aries of that debtor, except that the pro forma revenues of a person that is included in Subtier 2 of Tier I shall not be included in calculating the revenues of any debtor that is a direct or indirect majority owner of such Subtier 2 person. If a debtor or affiliated group includes a person in respect of whose liabilities for asbestos claims a class action trust has been established, there shall be excluded from the 2002 revenues of such debtor or affiliated group—

(i) all revenues of the person in re-

- (i) all revenues of the person in respect of whose liabilities for asbestos claims the class action trust was established; and
- (ii) all revenues of the debtor and affiliated group attributable to the historical business operations or assets of such person, regardless of whether such business operations or assets were owned or conducted during the year 2002 by such person or by any other person included within such debtor and affiliated group.
- (b) Tier I Subtiers.—

1	(1) In general.—Each debtor in Tier I shall
2	be included in subtiers and shall pay amounts to the
3	Fund as provided under this section.
4	(2) Subtier 1.—
5	(A) In general.—All persons that are
6	debtors with prior asbestos expenditures of
7	\$1,000,000 or greater, shall be included in
8	Subtier 1.
9	(B) Payment.—
10	(i) In GENERAL.—Each debtor in-
11	cluded in Subtier 1 shall pay on an annual
12	basis 1.67024 percent of the debtor's 2002
13	revenues.
14	(ii) Exception to payment percent-
15	AGE.—Notwithstanding clause (i), a debtor
16	in Subtier 1 shall pay, on an annual basis,
17	\$500,000 if—
18	(I) such debtor, including its di-
19	rect or indirect majority-owned sub-
20	sidiaries, has less than \$10,000,000 in
21	$prior\ as best os\ expenditures;$
22	(II) at least 95 percent of such
23	debtors revenues derive from the provi-
24	sion of engineering and construction
25	services; and

1	(III) such debtor, including its di-
2	rect or indirect majority-owned sub-
3	sidiaries, never manufactured, sold, or
4	distributed asbestos-containing prod-
5	ucts in the stream of commerce.

(C) OTHER ASSETS.—The Administrator, at the sole discretion of the Administrator, may allow a Subtier 1 debtor to satisfy its funding obligation under this paragraph with assets other than cash if the Administrator determines that requiring an all-cash payment of the debtor's funding obligation would render the debtor's reorganization infeasible.

(D) Liability.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—If a person who is subject to a case pending under a chapter of title 11, United States Code, as defined in section 201(3)(A)(i), does not pay when due any payment obligation for the debtor, the Administrator shall have the right to seek payment of all or any portion of the entire amount due (as well as any other amount for which the debtor may be liable under sections 223 and 224) from any of

	the di	rect or	indirect	majority-owned	sub-
2	sidiari	ies unde	er section	201(3)(A)(ii).	

(ii) Cause of action.—Notwithstanding section 221(e), this Act shall not preclude actions among persons within a debtor under section 201(3)(A) (i) and (ii) with respect to the payment obligations under this Act.

(iii) Right of Contribution.—

(I)IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, if a direct or indirect majorityowned foreign subsidiary of a debtor participant (with such relationship to the debtor participant as determined on the date of enactment of this Act) is or becomes subject to any foreign insolvency proceedings, and such foreign direct or indirect-majority owned subsidiary is liquidated in connection with such foreign insolvency proceedings (or if the debtor participant's interest in such foreign subsidiary is otherwise canceled or terminated in connection with such foreign insol-

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1	vency proceedings), the debtor partici-
2	pant shall have a claim against such
3	foreign subsidiary or the estate of
4	such foreign subsidiary in an amount
5	equal to the greater of—
6	(aa) the estimated amount
7	of all current and future asbestos
8	liabilities against such foreign
9	subsidiary; or
10	(bb) the foreign subsidiary's
11	allocable share of the debtor par-
12	ticipant's funding obligations to
13	the Fund as determined by such
14	foreign subsidiary's allocable
15	share of the debtor participant's
16	2002 gross revenue.
17	(II) DETERMINATION OF CLAIM
18	AMOUNT.—The claim amount under
19	subclause (I) (aa) or (bb) shall be de-
20	termined by a court of competent ju-
21	risdiction in the United States.
22	(III) EFFECT ON PAYMENT OBLI-
23	GATION.—The right to, or recovery
24	under, any such claim shall not re-
25	duce, limit, delay, or otherwise affect

1	the debtor participant's payment obli-
2	gations under this Act.
3	(iv) Maximum annual payment ob-
4	LIGATION.—Subject to any payments
5	under sections 204(l) and $222\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(c)}}$, and
6	paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of this sub-
7	section, the annual payment obligation by
8	a debtor under subparagraph (B) of this
9	paragraph shall not exceed \$80,000,000.
10	(3) Subtier 2.—
11	(A) In general.—Notwithstanding para-
12	graph (2), all persons that are debtors that
13	have no material continuing business operations
14	, other than class action trusts under paragraph
15	(6), but hold cash or other assets that have
16	been allocated or earmarked for the settlement
17	of asbestos claims shall be included in Subtier
18	2.
19	(B) Assignment of Assets.—Not later
20	than 90 days after the date of enactment of
21	this Act, each person included in Subtier 2 shall
22	assign all of its unencumbered assets to the
23	Fund.
24	(4) Subtier 3.—

1	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding para-
2	graph (2), all persons that are debtors other
3	than those included in Subtier 2, which have no
4	material continuing business operations and no
5	cash or other assets allocated or earmarked for
6	the settlement of any asbestos claim, shall be
7	included in Subtier 3.
8	(B) Assignment of unencumbered as-
9	SETS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of
10	enactment of this Act, each person included in
11	Subtier 3 shall contribute an amount equal to
12	50 percent of its total unencumbered assets.
13	(C) CALCULATION OF UNENCUMBERED AS-
14	SETS.—Unencumbered assets shall be eal-
15	culated as the Subtier 3 person's total assets,
16	excluding insurance-related assets, less—
17	(i) all allowable administrative ex-
18	penses;
19	(ii) allowable priority claims under
20	section 507 of title 11, United States
21	Code; and
22	(iii) allowable secured claims.
23	(5) Calculation of unencumbered assets.—
24	Unencumbered assets shall be calculated as the
25	Subtier 3 person's total assets, excluding insurance-

1	related assets, jointly held, in trust or otherwise, with
2	a defendant participant, less—
3	(A) all allowable administrative expenses;
4	(B) allowable priority claims under section
5	507 of title 11, United States Code; and
6	(C) allowable secured claims.
7	(5)(6) Class action trust.—The assets of
8	any class action trust that has been established in
9	respect of the liabilities for asbestos claims of any
10	person included within a debtor and affiliated group
11	that has been included in Tier I (exclusive of any as-
12	sets needed to pay previously incurred expenses and
13	asbestos claims within the meaning of section
14	403(d)(1), before the date of enactment of this Act)
15	shall be transferred to the Fund not later than 6
16	months 60 days after the date of enactment of this
17	Act.
18	(e) Tier II Subtiers.—
19	(1) In general.—Each person or affiliated
20	group in Tier II shall be included in 1 of the 5
21	subtiers of Tier II, based on the person's or affili-
22	ated group's revenues. Such subtiers shall each con-
23	tain as close to an equal number of total persons
24	and affiliated groups as possible, with—

1	(A) those persons or affiliated groups with
2	the highest revenues included in Subtier 1;
3	(B) those persons or affiliated groups with
4	the next highest revenues included in Subtier 2;
5	(C) those persons or affiliated groups with
6	the lowest revenues included in Subtier 5;
7	(D) those persons or affiliated groups with
8	the next lowest revenues included in Subtier 4;
9	and
10	(E) those persons or affiliated groups re-
11	maining included in Subtier 3.
12	(2) Payments.—Each person or affiliated
13	group within each subtier shall pay, on an annual
14	basis, the following:
15	(A) Subtier 1: \$27,500,000.
16	(B) Subtier 2: \$24,750,000.
17	(C) Subtier 3: \$22,000,000.
18	(D) Subtier 4: \$19,250,000.
19	(E) Subtier 5: \$16,500,000.
20	(d) Tier III Subtiers.—
21	(1) In general.—Each person or affiliated
22	group in Tier III shall be included in 1 of the 5
23	subtiers of Tier III, based on the person's or affili-
24	ated group's revenues. Such subtiers shall each con-

1	tain as close to an equal number of total persons
2	and affiliated groups as possible, with—
3	(A) those persons or affiliated groups with
4	the highest revenues included in Subtier 1;
5	(B) those persons or affiliated groups with
6	the next highest revenues included in Subtier 2;
7	(C) those persons or affiliated groups with
8	the lowest revenues included in Subtier 5;
9	(D) those persons or affiliated groups with
10	the next lowest revenues included in Subtier 4;
11	and
12	(E) those persons or affiliated groups re-
13	maining included in Subtier 3.
14	(2) Payments.—Each person or affiliated
15	group within each subtier shall pay, on an annual
16	basis, the following:
17	(A) Subtier 1: \$16,500,000.
18	(B) Subtier 2: \$13,750,000.
19	(C) Subtier 3: \$11,000,000.
20	(D) Subtier 4: \$8,250,000.
21	(E) Subtier 5: \$5,500,000.
22	(e) Tier IV Subtiers.—
23	(1) In general.—Each person or affiliated
24	group in Tier IV shall be included in 1 of the 4
25	subtiers of Tier IV, based on the person's or affili-

ated group's revenues. Such subtiers shall each contain as close to an equal number of total persons and affiliated groups as possible, with those persons or affiliated groups with the highest revenues in Subtier 1, those with the lowest revenues in Subtier 4. Those persons or affiliated groups with the highest revenues among those remaining will be included in Subtier 2 and the rest in Subtier 3.

- (2) PAYMENT.—Each person or affiliated group within each subtier shall pay, on an annual basis, the following:
- 12 (A) Subtier 1: \$3,850,000.
- 13 (B) Subtier 2: \$2,475,000.
- 14 (C) Subtier 3: \$1,650,000.
- 15 (D) Subtier 4: \$550,000.
- 16 (f) Tier V Subtiers.—

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17 (1) IN GENERAL.—Each person or affiliated 18 group in Tier V shall be included in 1 of the 3 19 subtiers of Tier V, based on the person's or affili-20 ated group's revenues. Such subtiers shall each con-21 tain as close to an equal number of total persons 22 and affiliated groups as possible, with those persons 23 or affiliated groups with the highest revenues in 24 Subtier 1, those with the lowest revenues in Subtier 25 3, and those remaining in Subtier 2.

1	(2) Payment.—Each person or affiliated group
2	within each subtier shall pay, on an annual basis,
3	the following:
4	(A) Subtier 1: \$1,000,000.
5	(B) Subtier 2: \$500,000.
6	(C) Subtier 3: \$200,000.
7	(g) Tier VI Subtiers.—
8	(1) In general.—Each person or affiliated
9	group in Tier VI shall be included in 1 of the 3
10	subtiers of Tier VI, based on the person's or affili-
11	ated group's revenues. Such subtiers shall each con-
12	tain as close to an equal number of total persons
13	and affiliated groups as possible, with those persons
14	or affiliated groups with the highest revenues in
15	Subtier 1, those with the lowest revenues in Subtier
16	3, and those remaining in Subtier 2.
17	(2) Payment.—Each person or affiliated group
18	within each subtier shall pay, on an annual basis,
19	the following:
20	(A) Subtier 1: \$500,000.
21	(B) Subtier 2: \$250,000.
22	(C) Subtier 3: \$100,000.
23	(3) Other payment for certain persons and
24	AFFILIATED GROUPS.—

1	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
2	other provision of this subsection, and if an ad-
3	justment authorized by this subsection does not
4	impair the overall solvency of the Fund, any per-
5	son or affiliated group within Tier VI whose re-
6	quired subtier payment in any given year would
7	exceed such person's or group's average annual
8	expenditure on settlements, and judgments of as-
9	bestos disease-related claims over the 8 years be-
10	fore the date of enactment of this Act shall make
11	the payment required of the immediately lower
12	subtier or, if the person's or group's average an-
13	nual expenditures on settlements and judgments
14	over the 8 years before the date of enactment of
15	this Act is less than \$100,000, shall not be re-
16	quired to make a payment under this Act.

(B) No further adjustment.—Any person or affiliated group that receives an adjustment under this paragraph shall not be eligible to receive any further adjustment under section 204(d).

(h) Tier VII.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding prior asbestos expenditures that might qualify a person or affiliated group to be included in Tiers II, III, IV,

- V, or VI, a person or affiliated group shall also be included in Tier VII, if the person or affiliated group—
 - (A) is or has at any time been subject to asbestos claims brought under the Act of April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known as the Employers' Liability Act, as a result of operations as a common carrier by railroad; and
 - (B) has paid (including any payments made by others on behalf of such person or affiliated group) not less than \$5,000,000 in settlement, judgment, defense, or indemnity costs relating to such claims.
 - (2) Additional amount.—The payment requirement for persons or affiliated groups included in Tier VII shall be in addition to any payment requirement applicable to such person or affiliated group under Tiers II through VI.
 - (3) Subtier 1.—Each person or affiliated group in Tier VII with revenues of \$6,000,000,000 or more is included in Subtier 1 and shall make annual payments of \$11,000,000 to the Fund.
- 24 (4) SUBTIER 2.—Each person or affiliated 25 group in Tier VII with revenues of less than

- \$6,000,000,000, but not less than \$4,000,000,000 is
 included in Subtier 2 and shall make annual payments of \$5,500,000 to the Fund.
 - (5) SUBTIER 3.—Each person or affiliated group in Tier VII with revenues of less than \$4,000,000,000, but not less than \$500,000,000 is included in Subtier 3 and shall make annual payments of \$550,000 to the Fund.
 - (6) Joint venture revenues and liability.—
 - (A) REVENUES.—For purposes of this subsection, the revenues of a joint venture shall be included on a pro rata basis reflecting relative joint ownership to calculate the revenues of the parents of that joint venture. The joint venture shall not be responsible for a contribution amount under this subsection.
 - (B) LIABILITY.—For purposes of this subsection, the liability under the Act of April 22, 1908 (45 U.S.C. 51 et seq.), commonly known as the Employers' Liability Act, shall be attributed to the parent owners of the joint venture on a pro rata basis, reflecting their relative share of ownership. The joint venture shall not

1	be responsible for a payment amount under this
2	provision.
3	SEC. 204. ASSESSMENT ADMINISTRATION.
4	(a) In General.—Each defendant participant or af-
5	filiated group shall pay to the Fund in the amounts pro-
6	vided under this subtitle as appropriate for its tier and
7	subtier each year until the earlier to occur of the following:
8	(1) The participant or affiliated group has sat-
9	isfied its obligations under this subtitle during the
10	30 annual payment cycles of the operation of the
11	Fund.
12	(2) The amount received by the Fund from de-
13	fendant participants, excluding any amounts rebated
14	to defendant participants under subsection (d) sub-
15	sections (d) and (m), equals the maximum aggregate
16	payment obligation of section 202(a)(2).
17	(b) SMALL BUSINESS EXEMPTION.—Notwith-
18	standing any other provision of this subtitle, a person or
19	affiliated group that is a small business concern (as de-
20	fined under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15
21	U.S.C. 632)), on December 31, 2002, is exempt from any
22	payment requirement under this subtitle and shall not be
23	included in the subtier allocations under section 203.
24	(c) Procedures.—The Administrator shall pre-

25 scribe procedures on how amounts payable under this sub-

- 1 title are to be paid, including, to the extent the Adminis-
- 2 trator determines appropriate, procedures relating to pay-
- 3 ment in installments.

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(d) Adjustments.—

(1) In General.—Under expedited procedures established by the Administrator, a defendant participant may seek adjustment of the amount of its payment obligation based on severe financial hardship or demonstrated inequity. The Administrator may determine whether to grant an adjustment and the size of any such adjustment, in accordance with this subsection. A defendant participant has a right to obtain a rehearing of the Administrator's determination under this subsection under the procedures prescribed in subsection (i)(10). The Administrator may adjust a defendant participant's payment obligations under this subsection, either by forgiving the relevant portion of the otherwise applicable payment obligation or by providing relevant rebates from the defendant hardship and inequity adjustment account created under subsection (j) after payment of the otherwise applicable payment obligation, at the discretion of the Administrator.

(2) Financial Hardship adjustments.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—A defendant partici-pant may apply for an adjustment based on fi-nancial hardship at any time during the period in which a payment obligation to the Fund re-mains outstanding and may qualify for such ad-justment by demonstrating that the amount of its payment obligation under the statutory allocation would constitute a severe financial hard-ship.
 - (B) TERM.—Subject to the annual availability of funds in the defendant hardship and inequity adjustment account established under subsection (j), a financial hardship adjustment under this subsection shall have a term of 3 years.
 - (C) Renewal.—After an initial hardship adjustment is granted under this paragraph, a defendant participant may renew its hardship adjustment by demonstrating that it remains justified.
 - (D) Reinstatement.—Following the expiration of the hardship adjustment period provided for under this section and during the funding period prescribed under subsection (a), the Administrator shall annually determine

1	whether there has been a material change in
2	the financial condition of the defendant partici-
3	pant such that the Administrator may, con-
4	sistent with the policies and legislative intent
5	underlying this Act, reinstate under terms and
6	conditions established by the Administrator any
7	part or all of the defendant participant's pay-
8	ment obligation under the statutory allocation
9	that was not paid during the hardship adjust-
10	ment term.
11	(3) Inequity adjustments.—
12	(A) In General.—A defendant partici-
13	pant—
14	(i) may qualify for an adjustment
15	based on inequity by demonstrating that
16	the amount of its payment obligation
17	under the statutory allocation is exception-
18	ally inequitable—
19	(I) when measured against the
20	amount of the likely cost to the de-
21	fendant participant net of insurance
22	of its future liability in the tort sys-
23	tem in the absence of the Fund;

1	(II) when compared to the me-
2	dian payment rate for all defendant
3	participants in the same tier; or
4	(III) when measured against the
5	percentage of the prior asbestos ex-
6	penditures of the defendant that were
7	incurred with respect to claims that
8	neither resulted in an adverse judg-
9	ment against the defendant, nor were
10	the subject of a settlement that re-
11	quired a payment to a plaintiff by or
12	on behalf of that defendant;
13	(ii) shall qualify for a two-tier main
14	tier and a two-tier subtier adjustment re-
15	ducing the defendant participant's pay-
16	ment obligation based on inequity by dem-
17	onstrating that not less than 95 percent of
18	such person's prior asbestos expenditures
19	arose from claims related to the manufac-
20	ture and sale of railroad locomotives and
21	related products, so long as such person's
22	manufacture and sale of railroad loco-
23	motives and related products is temporally
24	and causally remote, and for purposes of

this clause, a person's manufacture and

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sale of railroad locomotives and related products shall be deemed to be temporally and causally remote if the asbestos claims historically and generally filed against such person relate to the manufacture and sale of railroad locomotives and related products by an entity dissolved more than 25 years before the date of enactment of this Act; and

(iii) shall be granted a two-tier adjustment reducing the defendant participant's payment obligation based on inequity by demonstrating that not less than 95 percent of such participant's prior asbestos expenditures arose from asbestos claims based on successor liability arising from a merger to which the participant or its predecessor was a party that occurred at least 30 years before the date of enactment of this Act, and that such prior asbestos expenditures exceed the inflation-adjusted value of the assets of the company from which such liability was derived in such merger, and upon such demonstration the Administrator shall grant such adjustment

1	for the life of the Fund and amounts paid
2	by such defendant participant prior to such
3	adjustment in excess of its adjusted pay-
4	ment obligation under this clause shall be
5	credited against next succeeding required
6	payment obligations.
7	(B) PAYMENT RATE.—For purposes of
8	subparagraph (A), the payment rate of a de-
9	fendant participant is the payment amount of
10	the defendant participant as a percentage of
11	such defendant participant's gross revenues for
12	the year ending December 31, 2002.
13	(C) Term.—Subject to the annual avail-
14	ability of funds in the defendant hardship and
15	inequity adjustment account established under
16	subsection (j), an inequity adjustment under
17	this subsection shall have a term of 3 years.
18	(D) Renewal.—A defendant participant
19	may renew an inequity adjustment every 3
20	years by demonstrating that the adjustment re-
21	mains justified.
22	(E) Reinstatement.—
23	(i) In general.—Following the ter-
24	mination of an inequity adjustment under
25	subparagraph (A), and during the funding

1	period prescribed under subsection (a), the
2	Administrator shall annually determine
3	whether there has been a material change
4	in conditions which would support a find-
5	ing that the amount of the defendant par-
6	ticipant's payment under the statutory al-
7	location was not inequitable. Based on this
8	determination, the Administrator may,
9	consistent with the policies and legislative
10	intent underlying this Act, reinstate any or
11	all of the payment obligations of the de-
12	fendant participant as if the inequity ad-
13	justment had not been granted for that 3-
14	year period.

- (ii) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—In the event of a reinstatement under clause (i), the Administrator may require the defendant participant to pay any part or all of amounts not paid due to the inequity adjustment on such terms and conditions as established by the Administrator.
- (4) LIMITATION ON ADJUSTMENTS.—The aggregate total of financial hardship adjustments under paragraph (2) and inequity adjustments under

[paragraph (3) in effect in any given year shall not
2	exceed \$300,000,000, except to the extent that—

- (A) additional monies are available for such adjustments as a result of carryover of prior years' funds under subsection (j)(3) or as a result of monies being made available in that year under subsection (k)(1)(A); or
- (B) the Administrator determines that the \$300,000,000 is insufficient and additional adjustments as provided under paragraph (5) are needed to address situations in which a defendant participant would otherwise be rendered insolvent by its payment obligations without such adjustment.

(5) Bankruptcy relief.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Any defendant participant may apply for an adjustment under this paragraph at any time during the period in which a payment obligation to the Fund remains outstanding and may qualify for such adjustment by demonstrating, to a reasonable degree of certainty, evidence that the amount of its payment obligation would render the defendant participant insolvent, as defined under section 101

1	of title 11, United States Code, and unable to
2	pay its debts as they become due.
3	(B) Information required.—Any defend-
4	ant participant seeking an adjustment or re-
5	newal of an adjustment under this paragraph
6	shall provide the Administrator with the infor-
7	mation required under section 521(1) of title 11
8	of the United States Code.
9	(C) Limitation.—Any adjustment granted
10	by the Administrator under subparagraph (A)
11	shall be limited to the extent reasonably nec-
12	essary to prevent insolvency of a defendant par-
13	ticipant.
14	(D) Term.—To the extent the Adminis-
15	trator grants any relief under this paragraph,
16	such adjustments shall have a term of 1 year. An
17	adjustment may be renewed or modified on an
18	annual basis upon the defendant participant
19	demonstrating that the adjustment or modifica-
20	tion remains justified under this paragraph.
21	(E) Reinstatement.—During the funding
22	period prescribed under subparagraph (A), the
23	Administrator shall annually determine whether

there has been a material change in the financial

condition of any defendant participant granted

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1 an adjustment under this paragraph such that 2 the Administrator may, consistent with the policies and legislative intent underlying this Act, 3 4 reinstate under terms and conditions established 5 by the Administrator any part or all of the de-6 fendant participant's payment obligation under 7 the statutory allocation that was not paid dur-8 ing the adjustment term.

(5)(6) Advisory Panels.—

- (A) APPOINTMENT.—The Administrator shall appoint a Financial Hardship Adjustment Panel and an Inequity Adjustment Panel to advise the Administrator in carrying out this subsection.
- (B) Membership.—The membership of the panels appointed under subparagraph (A) may overlap.
- 18 (C) COORDINATION.—The panels appointed under subparagraph (A) shall coordinate their deliberations and advice.
- 21 (e) LIMITATION ON LIABILITY.—The liability of each 22 defendant participant to pay to the Fund shall be limited 23 to the payment obligations under this Act, and, except as 24 provided in subsection (f) and section 203(b)(2)(D), no

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1	defendant participant shall have any liability for the pay-
2	ment obligations of any other defendant participant.
3	(f) Consolidation of Payments.—
4	(1) In general.—For purposes of determining
5	the payment levels of defendant participants, any af-
6	filiated group including 1 or more defendant partici-
7	pants may irrevocably elect, as part of the submis-
8	sions to be made under paragraphs (1) and (3) of
9	subsection (i), to report on a consolidated basis all
10	of the information necessary to determine the pay-
11	ment level under this subtitle and pay to the Fund
12	on a consolidated basis.
13	(2) Election.—If an affiliated group elects
14	consolidation as provided in this subsection—
15	(A) for purposes of this Act other than
16	this subsection, the affiliated group shall be
17	treated as if it were a single participant, includ-
18	ing with respect to the assessment of a single
19	annual payment under this subtitle for the en-
20	tire affiliated group;
21	(B) the ultimate parent of the affiliated
22	group shall prepare and submit each submission
23	to be made under subsection (i) on behalf of the
24	entire affiliated group and shall be solely liable,

as between the Administrator and the affiliated

group only, for the payment of the annual amount due from the affiliated group under this subtitle, except that, if the ultimate parent does not pay when due any payment obligation for the affiliated group, the Administrator shall have the right to seek payment of all or any portion of the entire amount due (as well as any other amount for which the affiliated group may be liable under sections 223 and 224) from any member of the affiliated group;

- (C) all members of the affiliated group shall be identified in the submission under subsection (i) and shall certify compliance with this subsection and the Administrator's regulations implementing this subsection; and
- (D) the obligations under this subtitle shall not change even if, after the date of enactment of this Act, the beneficial ownership interest between any members of the affiliated group shall change.
- (3) Cause of action.—Notwithstanding section 221(e), this Act shall not preclude actions among persons within an affiliated group with respect to the payment obligations under this Act.

1	(g) Determination of Prior Asbestos Expendi-
2	TURES.—

- (1) In General.—For purposes of determining a defendant participant's prior asbestos expenditures, the Administrator shall prescribe such rules as may be necessary or appropriate to assure that payments by indemnitors before December 31, 2002, shall be counted as part of the indemnitor's prior asbestos expenditures, rather than the indemnitee's prior asbestos expenditures, in accordance with this subsection.
 - (2) Indemnifiable costs.—If an indemnitor has paid or reimbursed to an indemnitee any indemnifiable cost or otherwise made a payment on behalf of or for the benefit of an indemnitee to a third party for an indemnifiable cost before December 31, 2002, the amount of such indemnifiable cost shall be solely for the account of the indemnitor for purposes under this Act.
 - (3) Insurance payments.—When computing the prior asbestos expenditures with respect to an asbestos claim, any amount paid or reimbursed by insurance shall be solely for the account of the indemnitor, even if the indemnitor would have no di-

25 rect right to the benefit of the insurance, if—

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1	(A) such insurance has been paid or reim-
2	bursed to the indemnitor or the indemnitee, or
3	paid on behalf of or for the benefit of the
4	indemnitee; and
5	(B) the indemnitor has either, with respect
6	to such asbestos claim or any similar asbestos
7	claim, paid or reimbursed to its indemnitee any
8	indemnifiable cost or paid to any third party or
9	behalf of or for the benefit of the indemnited
10	any indemnifiable cost.
11	(4) Treatment of Certain Expendi-
12	TURES.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
13	this Act, where—
14	(A) an indemnitor entered into a stock
15	purchase agreement in 1988 that involved the
16	sale of the stock of businesses that produced
17	friction and other products; and
18	(B) the stock purchase agreement provided
19	that the indemnitor indemnified the indemnited
20	and its affiliates for losses arising from various
21	matters, including asbestos claims—
22	(i) asserted before the date of the
23	agreement; and

1 (ii) filed after the date of the agree-2 ment and prior to the 10-year anniversary 3 of the stock sale,

then the prior asbestos expenditures arising from the asbestos claims described in clauses (i) and (ii) shall not be for the account of either the indemnitor or indemnitee.

(h) Minimum Annual Payments.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—The aggregate annual payments of defendant participants to the Fund shall be at least \$3,000,000,000 for each calendar year in the first 30 years of the Fund, or until such shorter time as the condition set forth in subsection (a)(2) is attained.
- (2) Guaranteed payment account.—To the extent payments in accordance with sections 202 and 203 (as modified by subsections (b), (d), (f) and (g) of this section) (as modified by subsections (b), (d), (f), (g), and (m) of this section) fail in any year to raise at least \$3,000,000,000 net of any adjustments under subsection (d), after applicable reductions or adjustments have been taken according to subsections (d) and (m), the balance needed to meet this required minimum aggregate annual payment

1	shall be obtained from the defendant guaranteed
2	payment account established under subsection (k).
3	(3) Guaranteed payment surcharge.—To
4	the extent the procedure set forth in paragraph (2)
5	is insufficient to satisfy the required minimum ag-
6	gregate annual payment net of any adjustments
7	under subsection (d), after applicable reductions or
8	adjustments have been taken according to subsections
9	(d) and (m), the Administrator may shall unless the
10	Administrator implements a funding holiday under
11	section 205(b), assess a guaranteed payment sur-
12	charge under subsection (l).
13	(i) Procedures for Making Payments.—
14	(1) Initial year: Tiers II–VI.—
15	(A) In general.—Not later than 120 96
16	days after enactment of this Act, each defende
17	ant participant that is included in Tiers II, III
18	IV, V, or VI shall file with the Administrator—
19	(i) a statement of whether the defend-
20	ant participant irrevocably elects to report
21	on a consolidated basis under subsection
22	(f);
23	(ii) a good-faith estimate of its prior
24	asbestos expenditures;
24	asbestos expenditures;

1	(iii) a statement of its 2002 revenues,
2	determined in accordance with section
3	203(a)(2); and
4	(iv) payment in the amount specified
5	in section 203 for the lowest subtier of the
6	tier within which the defendant participant
7	falls, except that if the defendant partici-
8	pant, or the affiliated group including the
9	defendant participant, had 2002 revenues
10	exceeding \$3,000,000,000, it or its affili-
11	ated group shall pay the amount specified
12	for Subtier 3 of Tiers II, III, or IV or
13	Subtier 2 of Tiers V or VI, depending on
14	the applicable Tier-; and
15	(v) a signature page personally
16	verifying the truth of the statements and es-
17	timates described under this subparagraph,
18	as required under section 404 of the Sar-
19	banes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7201 et
20	seq.).
21	(B) Relief.—
22	(i) In general.—The Administrator
23	shall establish procedures to grant a de-
24	fendant participant relief from its initial

1	payment obligation if the participant shows
2	that—
3	(I) the participant is likely to
4	qualify for a financial hardship ad-
5	justment; and
6	(II) failure to provide interim re-
7	lief would cause severe irreparable
8	harm.
9	(ii) Judicial relief.—The Adminis-
10	trator's refusal to grant relief under clause
11	(i) is subject to immediate judicial review
12	under section 303.
13	(2) Initial year: Tier I.—Not later than 60
14	days after enactment of this Act, each debtor shall
15	file with the Administrator—
16	(A) a statement identifying the bankruptcy
17	case(s) associated with the debtor;
18	(B) a statement whether its prior asbestos
19	expenditures exceed \$1,000,000;
20	(C) a statement whether it has material
21	continuing business operations and, if not,
22	whether it holds cash or other assets that have
23	been allocated or earmarked for asbestos settle-
24	ments;

1	(D) in the case of debtors falling within
2	Subtier 1 of Tier I—
3	(i) a statement of the debtor's 2002
4	revenues, determined in accordance with
5	section $203(a)(2)_{7}$;
6	(ii) for those debtors subject to the pay-
7	ment requirement of section
8	203(b)(2)(B)(ii), a statement whether its
9	prior asbestos expenditures do not exceed
10	\$10,000,000, and a description of its busi-
11	ness operations sufficient to show the re-
12	quirements of that section are met; and
13	(iii) a payment under section
14	203(b)(2)(B);
15	(E) in the case of debtors falling within
16	Subtier 2 of Tier I, an assignment of its assets
17	under section 203(b)(3)(B); and
18	(F) in the case of debtors falling within
19	Subtier 3 of Tier I, a payment under section
20	203(b)(4)(B), and a statement of how such
21	payment was calculated:; and
22	(G) a signature page personally verifying
23	the truth of the statements and estimates de-
24	scribed under this paragraph, as required under

1	section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
2	(15 U.S.C. 7201 et seq.).
3	(3) Initial year: Tier VII.—Not later than 90
4	days after enactment of this Act, each defendant
5	participant in Tier VII shall file with the Adminis-
6	trator—
7	(A) a good-faith estimate of all payments
8	of the type described in section 203(h)(1) (as
9	modified by section 203(h)(6));
10	(B) a statement of revenues calculated in
11	accordance with sections 203(a)(2) and 203(h)
12	and
13	(C) payment in the amount specified in
14	section 203(h).
15	(4) Notice to participants.—Not later than
16	240 days after enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
17	trator shall—
18	(A) directly notify all reasonably identifi-
19	able defendant participants of the requirement
20	to submit information necessary to calculate the
21	amount of any required payment to the Fund
22	and
23	(B) publish in the Federal Register a no-
24	tice—

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1	(i) setting forth the criteria in this
2	Act, and as prescribed by the Adminis-
3	trator in accordance with this Act, for pay-
4	ing under this subtitle as a defendant par-
5	ticipant and requiring any person who may
6	be a defendant participant to submit such
7	information; and
8	(ii) that includes a list of all defend-
9	ant participants notified by the Adminis-
10	trator under subparagraph (A), and pro-
11	vides for 30 days for the submission by the

(5) Response required.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Any person who receives notice under paragraph (4)(A), and any other person meeting the criteria specified in the notice published under paragraph (4)(B), shall provide the Administrator with an address to send any notice from the Administrator in accordance with this Act and all the information required by the Administrator in accordance with this subsection no later than the earlier of—

public of comments or information regard-

ing the completeness and accuracy of the

list of identified defendant participants.

1	(i) 30 days after the receipt of direct
2	notice; or
3	(ii) 30 days after the publication of
4	notice in the Federal Register.
5	(B) CERTIFICATION.—The response sub-
6	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall be signed
7	by a responsible corporate officer, general part-
8	ner, proprietor, or individual of similar author-
9	ity, who shall certify under penalty of law the
10	completeness and accuracy of the information
11	submitted.
12	(C) CONSENT TO AUDIT AUTHORITY.—The
13	response submitted under subparagraph (A)
14	shall include, on behalf of the defendant partici-
15	pant or affiliated group, a consent to the Ad-
16	ministrator's audit authority under section
17	221(d).
18	(6) Notice of initial determination.—
19	(A) In General.—
20	(i) NOTICE TO INDIVIDUAL.—Not
21	later than 60 days after receiving a re-
22	sponse under paragraph (5), the Adminis-
23	trator shall send the person a notice of ini-
24	tial determination identifying the tier and
25	subtier, if any, into which the person falls

and the annual payment obligation, if any,
to the Fund, which determination shall be
based on the information received from the
person under this subsection and any other
pertinent information available to the Administrator and identified to the defendant
participant.

(ii) Public Notice.—Not later than

- (ii) Public Notice.—Not later than 7 days after sending the notification of initial determination to defendant participants, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register a notice listing the defendant participants that have been sent such notification, and the initial determination identifying the tier and subtier assignment and annual payment obligation of each identified participant.
- (B) No RESPONSE; INCOMPLETE RE-SPONSE.—If no response in accordance with paragraph (5) is received from a defendant participant, or if the response is incomplete, the initial determination shall be based on the best information available to the Administrator.
- (C) Payments.—Within 30 days of receiving a notice of initial determination requiring

1 payment, the defendant participant shall pay 2 the Administrator the amount required by the notice, after deducting any previous payment 3 4 made by the participant under this subsection. 5 If the amount that the defendant participant is 6 required to pay is less than any previous pay-7 ment made by the participant under this sub-8 section, the Administrator shall credit any ex-9 cess payment against the future payment obli-10 gations of that defendant participant. The 11 pendency of a petition for rehearing under 12 paragraph (10) shall not stay the obligation of 13 the participant to make the payment specified 14 in the Administrator's notice.

- (7) Exemptions for information required.—
 - (A) Prior asbestos expenditures.—In lieu of submitting information related to prior asbestos expenditures as may be required for purposes of this subtitle, a non-debtor defendant participant may consent to be assigned to Tier II.
 - (B) REVENUES.—In lieu of submitting information related to revenues as may be required for purposes of this subtitle, a non-debt-

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or defendant participant may consent to be assigned to Subtier 1 of the defendant participant's applicable tier.

(8) New information.—

- (A) Existing participant.—The Administrator shall adopt procedures for requiring additional payment, or refunding amounts already paid, based on new information received.
- (B) Additional participant.—If the Administrator, at any time, receives information that an additional person may qualify as a defendant participant, the Administrator shall require such person to submit information necessary to determine whether that person is required to make payments, and in what amount, under this subtitle and shall make any determination or take any other act consistent with this Act based on such information or any other information available to the Administrator with respect to such person.
- (9) Subpoenas.—The Administrator may request the Attorney General to subpoena persons to compel testimony, records, and other information relevant to its responsibilities under this section. The Attorney General may enforce such subpoena in ap-

propriate proceedings in the United States district court for the district in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served, or transacts business.

- (10) Rehearing.—A defendant participant has a right to obtain rehearing of the Administrator's determination under this subsection of the applicable tier or subtier and, of the Administrator's determination under subsection (d) of a financial hardship or inequity adjustment, and of the Administrator's determination under subsection (m) of a distributor's adjustment, if the request for rehearing is filed within 30 days after the defendant participant's receipt of notice from the Administrator of the determination. A defendant participant may not file an action under section 303 unless the defendant participant requests a rehearing under this paragraph. The Administrator shall publish a notice in the Federal Register of any change in a defendant participant's tier or subtier assignment or payment obligation as a result of a rehearing.
- 22 (j) Defendant Hardship and Inequity Adjust-23 ment Account.—
- 24 (1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent the total pay-25 ments by defendant participants in any given year

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- exceed the minimum aggregate annual payments required under subsection (h), excess monies up to a maximum of \$300,000,000 in any such year shall be placed in a defendant hardship and inequity adjustment account established within the Fund by the Administrator.
 - (2) Use of account monies.—Monies from the defendant hardship and inequity adjustment account shall be preserved and administered like the remainder of the Fund, but shall be reserved and may be used only—
 - (A) to make up for any relief granted to a defendant participant for severe financial hardship or demonstrated inequity under subsection (d) or to reimburse any defendant participant granted such relief after its payment of the amount otherwise due; and
 - (B) if the condition set forth in subsection (a)(2) is met, for any purpose that the Fund may serve under this Act.
 - (3) Carryover of unused funds.—To the extent the Administrator does not, in any given year, use all of the funds allocated to the account under paragraph (1) for adjustments granted under subsection (d), remaining funds in the account shall be

1	carried forward for use by the Administrator for ad-
2	justments in subsequent years.
3	(k) Defendant Guaranteed Payment Ac-
4	COUNT.—
5	(1) In general.—Subject to subsections (h)
6	and (j), if there are excess monies paid by defendant
7	participants in any given year, including any bank-
8	ruptcy trust credits that may be due under section
9	222(e)(d), such monies—
10	(A) at the discretion of the Administrator,
11	may be used to provide additional adjustments
12	under subsection (d), up to a maximum aggre-
13	gate of \$50,000,000 in such year; and
14	(B) to the extent not used under subpara-
15	graph (A), shall be placed in a defendant guar-
16	anteed payment account established within the
17	Fund by the Administrator.
18	(2) Use of account monies.—Monies from
19	the defendant guaranteed payment account shall be
20	preserved and administered like the remainder of the
21	Fund, but shall be reserved and may be used only—
22	(A) to ensure the minimum aggregate an-
23	nual payment set forth in required under sub-
24	section (h) net of any adjustments under sub-
25	section (d), after applicable reductions or adjust-

1	ments	have	been	taken	according	to	subsections
2	(d) an	d(m)	is re	ached (each year;	and	l

(B) if the condition set forth in subsection(a)(2) is met, for any purpose that the Fundmay serve under this Act.

(1) GUARANTEED PAYMENT SURCHARGE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent there are insufficient monies in the defendant guaranteed payment account established in subsection (k) to attain the minimum aggregate annual payment required under subsection (h) net of any adjustments under subsection (d) in any given year, the Administrator may shall, unless the Administrator implements a funding holiday under section 205(b), impose on each defendant participant a surcharge as necessary to raise the balance required to attain the minimum aggregate annual payment required under subsection (h) net of any adjustments under subsection (d) as provided in this subsection. Any such surcharge shall be imposed on a pro rata basis, in accordance with each defendant participant's relative annual liability under sections 202 and 203 (as modified by subsections (b), (d), (f), and (g) of this section) (as modified by subsections (b), (d), (f), (g), and (m) of this section).

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1	(2) Limitation.—
2	(A) In general.—In no case shall the Ad-
3	ministrator impose a surcharge under this sub-
4	section on any defendant participant included in
5	Subtier 3 of Tiers V or VI as described under
6	section 203.
7	(B) Reallocation.—Any amount not im-
8	posed under subparagraph (A) shall be reallo-
9	cated on a pro-rata basis, in accordance with
10	each defendant participant's (other than a de-
11	fendant participant described under subpara-
12	graph (A)) relative annual liability under sec-
13	tions 202 and 203 (as modified by subsections
14	(b), (d), (f), and (g) of this section).
15	$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ Certification.—
16	(A) In General.—Before imposing a
17	guaranteed payment surcharge under this sub-
18	section, the Administrator shall certify that he
19	or she has used all reasonable efforts to collect
20	mandatory payments for all defendant partici-
21	pants, including by using the authority in sub-
22	section (i)(9) of this section and section 223.
23	(B) NOTICE AND COMMENT.—Before make
24	ing a final certification under subparagraph

(C), the Administrator shall publish a notice in

1	the Federal Register of a proposed certification
2	and provide in such notice for a public comment
3	period of 30 days.
4	(C) Final certification.—
5	(i) In General.—The Administrator
6	shall publish a notice of the final certifi-
7	cation in the Federal Register after consid-
8	eration of all comments submitted under
9	subparagraph (B).
10	(ii) Written notice.—Not later
11	than 30 days after publishing any final
12	certification under clause (i), the Adminis-
13	trator shall provide each defendant partici-
14	pant with written notice of that defendant
15	participant's payment, including the
16	amount of any surcharge.
17	(m) Adjustments for Distributors.—
18	(1) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
19	"distributor" means a person—
20	(A) whose prior asbestos expenditures arise
21	exclusively from the sale of products manufac-
22	tured by others;
23	(B) who did not prior to December 31,
24	2002, sell raw asbestos or a product containing
25	more than 95 percent asbestos by weight;

1	(C) whose prior asbestos expenditures did
2	not arise out of—
3	(i) the manufacture, installation, re-
4	pair, reconditioning, maintaining, serv-
5	icing, constructing, or remanufacturing of
6	any product;
7	(ii) the control of the design, specifica-
8	tion, or manufacture of any product; or
9	(iii) the sale or resale of any product
10	under, as part of, or under the auspices of,
11	its own brand, trademark, or service mark;
12	and
13	(D) who is not subject to assignment under
14	section 202 to Tier I, II, III or VII.
15	(2) Tier reassignment for distributors.—
16	(A) In General.—Notwithstanding section
17	202, the Administrator shall assign a distributor
18	to a Tier for purposes of this title under the pro-
19	cedures set forth in this paragraph.
20	(B) Designation.—After a final deter-
21	mination by the Administrator under section
22	204(i), any person who is, or any affiliated
23	group in which every member is, a distributor
24	may apply to the Administrator for adjustment
25	of its Tier assignment under this subsection.

1	Such application shall be prepared in accord-
2	ance with such procedures as the Administrator
3	shall promulgate by rule. Once the Adminis-
4	trator designates a person or affiliated group as
5	a distributor under this subsection, such designa-
6	tion and the adjustment of tier assignment under
7	this subsection are final.

- (C) Payments.—Any person or affiliated group that seeks adjustment of its Tier assignment under this subsection shall pay all amounts required of it under this title until a final determination by the Administrator is made under this subsection. Such payments may not be stayed pending any appeal. The Administrator shall grant any person or affiliated group a refund or credit of any payments made if such adjustment results in a lower payment obligation.
- (D) Adjustment.—Subject to paragraph (3), any person or affiliated group that the Administrator has designated as a distributor under this subsection shall be given an adjustment of Tier assignment as follows:
 - (i) A distributor that but for this subsection would be assigned to Tier IV shall be deemed assigned to Tier V.

1	(ii) A distributor that but for this sub-
2	section would be assigned to Tier V shall be
3	deemed assigned to Tier VI.
4	(iii) A distributor that but for this
5	subsection would be assigned to Tier VI
6	shall be deemed assigned to no Tier and
7	shall have no obligation to make any pay-
8	ment to the Fund under this Act.
9	(E) Exclusive to inequity adjust-
10	MENT.—Any person or affiliated group des-
11	ignated by the Administrator as a distributor
12	under this subsection shall not be eligible for an
13	$inequity\ adjustment\ under\ subsection\ 204 (d).$
14	(3) Limitation on adjustments.—The aggre-
15	gate total of distributor adjustments under this sub-
16	section in effect in any given year shall not exceed
17	\$50,000,000. If the aggregate total of distributors ad-
18	justments under this subsection would otherwise ex-
19	ceed \$50,000,000, then each distributor's adjustment
20	shall be reduced pro rata until the aggregate of all ad-
21	$just ments\ equals\ \$50,000,000.$
22	(4) Rehearing.—A defendant participant has a
23	right to obtain a rehearing of the Administrator's de-
24	termination on an adjustment under this subsection
25	under the procedures prescribed in subsection (i)(10).

1 SEC. 205. STEPDOWNS AND FUNDING HOLIDAYS.

(a)	STEPDOWNS.—
\al	DIELDOWNS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the minimum aggregate annual funding obligation under section 204(h) shall be reduced by 10 percent of the initial minimum aggregate funding obligation at the end of the tenth, fifteenth, twentieth, and twenty-fifth years after the date of enactment of this Act. The reductions under this paragraph shall be applied on an equal pro rata basis to the funding obligations of all defendant participants, except with respect to defendant participants in Tier 1, Subtiers 2 and 3, and class action trusts.
- (2) LIMITATION.—The Administrator shall suspend, cancel, reduce, or delay any reduction under paragraph (1) if at any time the Administrator finds, in accordance with subsection (c), that such action is necessary and appropriate to ensure that the assets of the Fund and expected future payments remain sufficient to satisfy the Fund's anticipated obligations.

(b) Funding Holidays.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator determines, at any time after 10 years following the date of enactment of this Act, that the assets of the Fund at the time of such determination and expected fu-

1	ture payments, taking into consideration any reduc-
2	tions under subsection (a), are sufficient to satisfy
3	the Fund's anticipated obligations without the need
4	for all, or any portion of, that year's payment other-
5	wise required under this subtitle, the Administrator
6	shall reduce or waive all or any part of the payments
7	required from defendant participants for that year.
8	(2) Annual Review.—The Administrator shall
9	undertake the review required by this subsection and
10	make the necessary determination under paragraph
11	(1) every year.
12	(3) Limitations on funding holidays.—Any
13	reduction or waiver of the defendant participants'
14	funding obligations shall—
15	(A) be made only to the extent the Admin-
16	istrator determines that the Fund will still be
17	able to satisfy all of its anticipated obligations;
18	and
19	(B) be applied on an equal pro rata basis
20	to the funding obligations of all defendant par-
21	ticipants, except with respect to defendant par-
22	ticipants in Subtiers 2 and 3 of Tier I and class
23	action trusts, for that year.
04	(4) NEW INFORMATION—If at any time the

Administrator determines that a reduction or waiver

under this section may cause the assets of the Fund and expected future payments to decrease to a level at which the Fund may not be able to satisfy all of its anticipated obligations, the Administrator shall revoke all or any part of such reduction or waiver to the extent necessary to ensure that the Fund's obligations are met. Such revocations shall be applied on an equal pro rata basis to the funding obligations of all defendant participants, except defendant participants in Subtiers 2 and 3 of Tier I and class action trusts, for that year.

(c) Certification.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Before suspending, canceling, reducing, or delaying any reduction under subsection (a) or granting or revoking a reduction or waiver under subsection (b), the Administrator shall certify that the requirements of this section are satisfied.
- (2) Notice and comment.—Before making a final certification under this subsection, the Administrator shall publish a notice in the Federal Register of a proposed certification and a statement of the basis therefor and provide in such notice for a public comment period of 30 days.

25 (3) Final certification.—

1	(A) In General.—The Administrator
2	shall publish a notice of the final certification in
3	the Federal Register after consideration of all
4	comments submitted under paragraph (2).
5	(B) Written notice.—Not later than 30
6	days after publishing any final certification
7	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
8	shall provide each defendant participant with
9	written notice of that defendant's funding obli-
10	gation for that year.
11	SEC. 206. ACCOUNTING TREATMENT.
12	Defendant participants payment obligations to the
13	Fund shall be subject to discounting under the applicable
14	accounting guidelines for generally accepted accounting
15	purposes and statutory accounting purposes for each de-
16	fendant participant. This section shall in no way reduce
17	the amount of monetary payments to the Fund by defendant
18	$participants \ as \ required \ under \ section \ 202(a)(2).$
19	Subtitle B—Asbestos Insurers
20	Commission
21	SEC. 210. DEFINITION.
22	In this subtitle, the term "captive insurance com-
23	pany" means a company—
24	(1) whose entire beneficial interest is owned on
25	the date of enactment of this Act, directly or indi-

1	rectly, by a defendant participant or by the ultimate
2	parent or the affiliated group of a defendant partici-
3	pant;
4	(2) whose primary commercial business during
5	the period from calendar years 1940 through 1986
6	was to provide insurance to its ultimate parent or
7	affiliated group, or any portion of the affiliated
8	group or a combination thereof; and
9	(3) that was incorporated or operating no later
10	than December 31, 2003.
11	SEC. 211. ESTABLISHMENT OF ASBESTOS INSURERS COM-
12	MISSION.
13	(a) Establishment.—There is established the As-
14	bestos Insurers Commission (referred to in this subtitle
15	as the "Commission") to carry out the duties described
16	in section 212.
17	(b) Membership.—
18	(1) Appointment.—The Commission shall be
19	composed of 5 members who shall be appointed by
20	the President, by and with the advice and consent
21	of the Senate.
22	(2) Qualifications.—
23	(A) Expertise.—Members of the Com-
24	mission shall have sufficient expertise to fulfill
25	their responsibilities under this subtitle.

1	(B) Conflict of interest.—
2	(i) IN GENERAL.—No member of the
3	Commission appointed under paragraph
4	(1) may be an employee or immediate fam-
5	ily member of an employee of an insurer
6	participant. No member of the Commission
7	shall be a shareholder of any insurer par-
8	ticipant. No member of the Commission
9	shall be a former officer or director, or a
10	former employee or former shareholder of
11	any insurer participant who was such an
12	employee, shareholder, officer, or director
13	at any time during the 2-year period end-
14	ing on the date of the appointment, unless
15	that is fully disclosed before consideration
16	in the Senate of the nomination for ap-
17	pointment to the Commission.
18	(ii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
19	term "shareholder" shall not include a
20	broadly based mutual fund that includes
21	the stocks of insurer participants as a por-
22	tion of its overall holdings.
23	(C) FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT.—A member
24	of the Commission may not be an officer or em-

1	ployee of the Federal Government, except by
2	reason of membership on the Commission.
3	(3) Period of appointment.—Members shall
4	be appointed for the life of the Commission.
5	(4) Vacancies.—Any vacancy in the Commis-
6	sion shall be filled in the same manner as the origi-
7	nal appointment.
8	(5) Chairman.—The President shall select a
9	Chairman from among the members of the Commis-
10	sion.
11	(e) Meetings.—
12	(1) Initial meeting.—Not later than 30 days
13	after the date on which all members of the Commis-
14	sion have been appointed, the Commission shall hold
15	its first meeting.
16	(2) Subsequent meetings.—The Commission
17	shall meet at the call of the Chairman, as necessary
18	to accomplish the duties under section 212.
19	(3) Quorum.—No business may be conducted
20	or hearings held without the participation of a ma-
21	jority of the members of the Commission.
22	SEC. 212. DUTIES OF ASBESTOS INSURERS COMMISSION.
23	(a) Determination of Insurer Payment Obliga-
24	TIONS.—
25	(1) In general.—

- 1 (A) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of
 2 this Act, the terms "insurer" and "insurer par3 ticipant" shall, unless stated otherwise, include
 4 direct insurers and reinsurers, as well as any
 5 run-off entity established, in whole or in part,
 6 to review and pay asbestos claims.
 - (B) Procedures for determining in-SURER PAYMENTS.—The Commission shall determine the amount that each insurer participant shall be required to pay into the Fund under the procedures described in this section. The Commission shall make this determination by first promulgating a rule establishing a methodology for allocation of payments among insurer participants and then applying such methodology to determine the individual payment for each insurer participant. The methodology may include 1 or more allocation formulas to be applied to all insurer participants or groups of similarly situated participants. The Commission's rule shall include a methodology for adjusting payments by insurer participants to make up, during any applicable payment year, any amount by which aggregate insurer payments fall below the level required in para-

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 $\frac{\text{graph}}{\text{graph}}$ (3)(C). to make up, during the first 5 years of the life of the Fund and any subsequent years as provided in section 405(e) for any reduction in an insurer participant's annual allocated amount caused by the granting of a financial hardship or exceptional circumstance adjustment under this section, and any amount by which aggregate insurer payments fall below the level required under paragraph (3)(C) by reason of the failure or refusal of any insurer participant to make a required payment, or for any other reason that causes such payments to fall below the level required under paragraph (3)(C). The Commission shall conduct a thorough study (within the time limitations under this subparagraph) of the accuracy of the reserve allocation of each insurer participant, and may request information from the Securities and Exchange Commission or any State regulatory agency. Under this procedure, not later than 120 days after the initial meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall commence a rulemaking proceeding under section 213(a) to propose and adopt a methodology for allocating payments among insurer participants. In proposing an al-

location methodology, the Commission may consult with such actuaries and other experts as it deems appropriate. After hearings and public comment on the proposed allocation methodology, the Commission shall as promptly as possible promulgate a final rule establishing such methodology. After promulgation of the final rule, the Commission shall determine the individual payment of each insurer participant under the procedures set forth in subsection (b).

(C) Scope.—Every insurer, reinsurer, and runoff entity with asbestos-related obligations in the United States shall be subject to the Commission's and Administrator's authority under this Act, including allocation determinations, and shall be required to fulfill its payment obligation without regard as to whether it is licensed in the United States. Every insurer participant not licensed or domiciled in the United States shall, upon the first payment to the Fund, submit a written consent to the Commission's and Administrator's authority under this Act, and to the jurisdiction of the courts of the United States for purposes of enforcing this

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Act, in a form determined by the Administrator. Any insurer participant refusing to provide a written consent shall be subject to fines and penalties as provided in section 223.

(D) Issuers of finite risk policies.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The issuer of any policy of retrospective reinsurance purchased by an insurer participant or its affiliate after 1990 that provides for a risk or loss transfer to insure for incurred asbestos losses and other losses (both known and unknown), including those policies commonly referred to as "finite risk", "aggregate stop loss", "aggregate excess of loss", or "loss portfolio transfer" policies, shall be obligated to make payments required under this Act directly to the Fund on behalf of the insurer participant who is the beneficiary of such policy, subject to the underlying retention and the limits of liability applicable to such policy.

(ii) Payments.—Payments to the Fund required under this Act shall be treated as loss payments for asbestos bodily injury (as if such payments were in-

1 curred as liabilities imposed in the tort 2 system) and shall not be subject to exclu-3 sion under policies described under clause 4 (i) as a liability with respect to tax or assessment. Within 90 days after the sched-6 uled date to make an annual payment to 7 the Fund, the insurer participant shall, at 8 its discretion, direct the reinsurer issuing 9 such policy to pay all or a portion of the 10 annual payment directly to the Fund up to 11 the full applicable limits of liability under 12 the policy. The reinsurer issuing such pol-13 icy shall be obligated to make such pay-14 ments directly to the Fund and shall be 15 subject to the enforcement provisions 16 under section 223. The insurer participant 17 shall remain obligated to make payment to 18 the Fund of that portion of the annual 19 payment not directed to the issuer of such 20 reinsurance policy.

(2) Amount of Payments.—

(A) AGGREGATE PAYMENT OBLIGATION.—
The total payment required of all insurer participants over the life of the Fund shall be

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- equal to \$46,025,000,000, less any bankruptcy

 trust credits under section 222(d).
 - (B) ACCOUNTING STANDARDS.—In determining the payment obligations of participants that are not licensed or domiciled in the United States or that are runoff entities, the Commission shall use accounting standards required for United States licensed direct insurers.
 - (C) Captive insurance company companies.—No payment to the Fund shall be required from a captive insurance company, unless and only to the extent a captive insurance company, on the date of enactment of this Act, has liability, directly or indirectly, for any asbestos claim of a person or persons other than and unaffiliated with its ultimate parent or affiliated group or pool in which the ultimate parent participates or participated, or unaffiliated with a person that was its ultimate parent or a member of its affiliated group or pool at the time the relevant insurance or reinsurance was issued by the captive insurance company.
 - (D) SEVERAL LIABILITY.—Unless otherwise provided under this Act, each insurer participant's obligation to make payments to the

Fund is several. Unless otherwise provided under this Act, there is no joint liability, and the future insolvency by any insurer participant shall not affect the payment required of any other insurer participant.

(3) Payment of Criteria.—

(A) Inclusion in insurer participant.

- (A) Inclusion in insurer participant category.—
 - (i) In General.—Insurers that have paid, or been assessed by a legal judgment or settlement, at least \$1,000,000 in defense and indemnity costs before the date of enactment of this Act in response to claims for compensation for asbestos injuries arising from a policy of liability insurance or contract of liability reinsurance or retrocessional reinsurance shall be insurer participants in the Fund. Other insurers shall be exempt from mandatory payments.
 - (ii) INAPPLICABILITY OF SECTION 202.—Since insurers may be subject in certain jurisdictions to direct action suits, and it is not the intent of this Act to impose upon an insurer, due to its operation as an insurer, payment obligations to the Fund

1	in situations where the insurer is the sub-
2	ject of a direct action, no insurer subject
3	to mandatory payments under this section
4	212 shall also be liable for payments to the
5	Fund as a defendant participant under
6	section 202.
7	(B) Insurer participant allocation
8	METHODOLOGY.—
9	(i) In General.—The Commission
10	shall establish the payment obligations of
11	individual insurer participants to reflect,
12	on an equitable basis, the relative tort sys-
13	tem liability of the participating insurers in
14	the absence of this Act, considering and
15	weighting, as appropriate (but exclusive of
16	workers' compensation), such factors as—
17	(I) historic premium for lines of
18	insurance associated with asbestos ex-
19	posure over relevant periods of time;
20	(II) recent loss experience for as-
21	bestos liability;
22	(III) amounts reserved for asbes-
23	tos liability;
24	(IV) the likely cost to each in-
25	surer participant of its future liabil-

1	ities under applicable insurance poli-
2	cies; and
3	(V) any other factor the Commis-
4	sion may determine is relevant and
5	appropriate.
6	(ii) Determination of reserves.—
7	The Commission may establish procedures
8	and standards for determination of the as-
9	bestos reserves of insurer participants. The
10	reserves of a United States licensed rein-
11	surer that is wholly owned by, or under
12	common control of, a United States li-
13	censed direct insurer shall be included as
14	part of the direct insurer's reserves when
15	the reinsurer's financial results are in-
16	cluded as part of the direct insurer's
17	United States operations, as reflected in
18	footnote 33 of its filings with the National
19	Association of Insurance Commissioners or
20	in published financial statements prepared
21	in accordance with generally accepted ac-
22	counting principles.
23	(C) PAYMENT SCHEDULE.—The aggregate
24	annual amount of payments by insurer partici-

1	pants over the life of the Fund shall be as fol-
2	lows:
3	(i) For years 1 and 2, \$2,700,000,000
4	annually.
5	(ii) For years 3 through 5,
6	\$5,075,000,000 annually.
7	(iii) For years 6 through 27,
8	\$1,147,000,000 annually.
9	(iv) For year 28, \$166,000,000.
10	(D) CERTAIN RUNOFF ENTITIES.—
11	(i) In General.—Whenever the Com-
12	mission requires payments by a runoff en-
13	tity that has assumed asbestos-related li-
14	abilities from a Lloyd's syndicate or names
15	that are members of such a syndicate, the
16	Commission shall not require payments
17	from such syndicates and names to the ex-
18	tent that the runoff entity makes its re-
19	quired payments. In addition, such syn-
20	dicates and names shall be required to
21	make payments to the Fund in the amount
22	of any adjustment granted to the runoff
23	entity for severe financial hardship or ex-
24	ceptional circumstances.

1	(ii) Included runoff entities.—
2	Subject to clause (i), a A runoff entity
3	shall include any direct insurer or rein-
4	surer whose asbestos liability reserves have
5	been transferred, directly or indirectly, to
6	the runoff entity and on whose behalf the
7	runoff entity handles or adjusts and, where
8	appropriate, pays asbestos claims.
9	(E) FINANCIAL HARDSHIP AND EXCEP-
10	TIONAL CIRCUMSTANCE ADJUSTMENTS.—
11	(i) In general.—Under the proce-
12	dures established in subsection (b), an in-
13	surer participant may seek adjustment of
14	the amount of its payments based on ex-
15	ceptional circumstances or severe financial
16	hardship.
17	(ii) Financial adjustments.—An
18	insurer participant may qualify for an ad-
19	justment based on severe financial hard-
20	ship by demonstrating that payment of the
21	amounts required by the Commission's
22	methodology would jeopardize the solvency
23	of such participant.
24	(iii) Exceptional circumstance
25	ADJUSTMENT.—An insurer participant

1	may qualify for an adjustment based on
2	exceptional circumstances by dem-
3	onstrating—
4	(I) that the amount of its pay-
5	ments under the Commission's alloca-
6	tion methodology is exceptionally in-
7	equitable when measured against the
8	amount of the likely cost to the par-
9	ticipant of its future liability in the
10	tort system in the absence of the
11	Fund;
12	(II) an offset credit as described
13	in subparagraphs (A) and (C) of sub-
14	section (b)(4); or
15	(III) other exceptional cir-
16	cumstances.
17	The Commission may determine whether
18	to grant an adjustment and the size of any
19	such adjustment, but adjustments shall not
20	reduce the aggregate payment obligations
21	such adjustment, but except as provided
22	$under\ paragraph\ (1)(B),\ subsection\ (f)(3),$
23	and section 405(e), any such adjustment
24	shall not affect the aggregate payment obli-
25	qations of insurer participants specified in

1	paragraph (2)(A) and subparagraph (C) of
2	this paragraph.
3	(iv) Time period of adjustment.—
4	Except for adjustments for offset credits,
5	adjustments granted under this subsection
6	shall have a term not to exceed 3 years. An
7	insurer participant may renew its adjust-
8	ment by demonstrating to the Adminis-
9	trator that it remains justified.
10	(F) Funding Holidays.—
11	(i) In general.—If the Administrator
12	determines, at any time after 10 years fol-
13	lowing the date of enactment of this Act,
14	that the assets of the Fund at the time of
15	such determination and expected future
16	payments are sufficient to satisfy the
17	Fund's anticipated obligations without the
18	need for all, or any portion of, that year's
19	payment otherwise required under this sub-
20	title, the Administrator shall reduce or
21	waive all or any part of the payments re-
22	quired from insurer participants for that
23	year.
24	(ii) Annual review.—The Adminis-
25	trator shall undertake the review required

1	by this subsection and make the necessary
2	determination under clause (i) every year.
3	(iii) Limitations of funding holi-
4	DAYS.—Any reduction or waiver of the in-
5	surer participants' funding obligations
6	shall—
7	(I) be made only to the extent the
8	Administrator determines that the
9	Fund will still be able to satisfy all of
10	its anticipated obligations; and
11	(II) be applied on an equal pro
12	rata basis to the funding obligations of
13	all insurer participants for that year.
14	(iv) New information.—If at any
15	time the Administrator determines that a
16	reduction or waiver under this section may
17	cause the assets of the Fund and expected
18	future payments to decrease to a level at
19	which the Fund may not be able to satisfy
20	all of its anticipated obligations, the Ad-
21	ministrator shall revoke all or any part of
22	such reduction or waiver to the extent nec-
23	essary to ensure that the Fund's obligations
24	are met. Such revocations shall be applied
25	on an equal pro rata basis to the funding

1	obligations of all insurer participants for
2	that year.
3	(b) Procedure for Notifying Insurer Partici-
4	PANTS OF INDIVIDUAL PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS.—
5	(1) NOTICE TO PARTICIPANTS.—Not later than
6	30 days after promulgation of the final rule estab-
7	lishing an allocation methodology under subsection
8	(a)(1), the Commission shall—
9	(A) directly notify all reasonably identifi-
10	able insurer participants of the requirement to
11	submit information necessary to calculate the
12	amount of any required payment to the Fund
13	under the allocation methodology; and
14	(B) publish in the Federal Register a no-
15	tice—
16	(i) requiring any person who may be
17	an insurer participant (as determined by
18	criteria outlined in the notice) to submit
19	such information; and
20	(ii) that includes a list of all insurer
21	participants notified by the Commission
22	under subparagraph (A), and provides for
23	30 days for the submission of comments or
24	information regarding the completeness

1	and accuracy of the list of identified in-
2	surer participants.
3	(2) Response required by individual in-
4	SURER PARTICIPANTS.—
5	(A) IN GENERAL.—Any person who re-
6	ceives notice under paragraph (1)(A), and any
7	other person meeting the criteria specified in
8	the notice published under paragraph (1)(B),
9	shall respond by providing the Commission with
10	all the information requested in the notice
11	under a schedule or by a date established by
12	the Commission.
13	(B) Certification.—The response sub-
14	mitted under subparagraph (A) shall be signed
15	by a responsible corporate officer, general part-
16	ner, proprietor, or individual of similar author-
17	ity, who shall certify under penalty of law the
18	completeness and accuracy of the information
19	submitted.
20	(3) Notice to insurer participants of ini-
21	TIAL PAYMENT DETERMINATION.—
22	(A) In General.—
23	(i) Notice to insurers.—Not later
24	than 120 days after receipt of the informa-
25	tion required by paragraph (2), the Com-

mission shall send each insurer participant a notice of initial determination requiring payments to the Fund, which shall be based on the information received from the participant in response to the Commission's request for information. An insurer participant's payments shall be payable over the schedule established in subsection (a)(3)(C), in annual amounts proportionate to the aggregate annual amount of payments for all insurer participants for the applicable year.

- (ii) Public Notice.—Not later than 7 days after sending the notification of initial determination to insurer participants, the Commission shall publish in the Federal Register a notice listing the insurer participants that have been sent such notification, and the initial determination on the payment obligation of each identified participant.
- (B) NO RESPONSE; INCOMPLETE RE-SPONSE.—If no response is received from an insurer participant, or if the response is incomplete, the initial determination requiring a pay-

1	ment	from	the	insurer	participa	ant s	hall	b€
2	based	on th	e bes	st inform	ation ava	ailable	e to	$th\epsilon$
3	Comm	ission.						

- (4) Commission review, revision, and finalization of initial payment determinations.—
 - (A) Comments from Insurer participant a notice of initial determination from the Commission, an insurer participant may provide the Commission with additional information to support adjustments to the required payments to reflect severe financial hardship or exceptional circumstances, including the provision of an offset credit for an insurer participant for the amount of any asbestos-related payments it made or was legally obligated to make, including payments released from an escrow, as the result of a bankruptcy judicially confirmed after May 22, 2003, but before the date of enactment of this Act.
 - (B) Additional participants.—If, before the final determination of the Commission, the Commission receives information that an additional person may qualify as an insurer

participant, the Commission shall require such person to submit information necessary to determine whether payments from that person should be required, in accordance with the requirements of this subsection.

(C) REVISION PROCEDURES.—The Commission shall adopt procedures for revising initial payments based on information received under subparagraphs (A) and (B), including a provision requiring an offset credit for an insurer participant for the amount of any asbestos-related payments it made or was legally obligated to make, including payments released from an escrow, as the result of a bankruptcy confirmed after May 22, 2003, but before the date of enactment of this Act.

(5) Examinations and Subpoenas.—

(A) EXAMINATIONS.—The Commission may conduct examinations of the books and records of insurer participants to determine the completeness and accuracy of information submitted, or required to be submitted, to the Commission for purposes of determining participant payments.

- (B) Subpoenas.—The Commission may request the Attorney General to subpoena per-sons to compel testimony, records, and other in-formation relevant to its responsibilities under this section. The Attorney General may enforce such subpoena in appropriate proceedings in the United States district court for the district in which the person to whom the subpoena was addressed resides, was served, or transacts business.
 - (6) Escrow Payments.—Without regard to an insurer participant's payment obligation under this section, any escrow or similar account established before the date of enactment of this Act by an insurer participant in connection with an asbestos trust fund that has not been judicially confirmed by final order by the date of enactment of this Act shall be the property of the insurer participant and returned to that insurer participant.
 - (7) Notice to insurer participants of Final payment determinations.—Not later than 60 days after the notice of initial determination is sent to the insurer participants, the Commission shall send each insurer participant a notice of final determination.

1	(c)	Insurer	PARTICIPANTS	VOLUNTARY	ALLOCA-
2	TION AG	REEMENT :			

- 3 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the Commission proposes its rule establishing an al-5 location methodology under subsection (a)(1), direct 6 insurer participants licensed or domiciled in the 7 United States, other direct insurer participants, re-8 insurer participants licensed or domiciled in the 9 United States, or other reinsurer participants, may 10 submit an allocation agreement, approved by all of the participants in the applicable group, to the Com-12 mission.
 - (2) Allocation agreement.—To the extent the participants in any such applicable group voluntarily agree upon an allocation arrangement, any such allocation agreement shall only govern the allocation of payments within that group and shall not determine the aggregate amount due from that group.
 - (3) Certification.—The Commission shall determine whether an allocation agreement submitted under subparagraph (A) meets the requirements of this subtitle and, if so, shall certify the agreement as establishing the allocation methodology governing the individual payment obligations of the partici-

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1 pants who are parties to the agreement. The author-2 ity of the Commission under this subtitle shall, with 3 respect to participants who are parties to a certified 4 allocation agreement, terminate on the day after the 5 Commission certifies such agreement. Under sub-6 section (f), the Administrator shall assume responsi-7 bility, if necessary, for calculating the individual 8 payment obligations of participants who are parties 9 to the certified agreement. 10 (d) Commission Report.— 11 (1) RECIPIENTS.—Until the work of the Com-12 mission has been completed and the Commission ter-13 minated, the Commission shall submit an annual re-14 port, containing the information described under 15 paragraph (2), to— 16 (A) the Committee on the Judiciary of the 17 Senate; 18 (B) the Committee on the Judiciary of the 19 House of Representatives; and 20 (C) the Administrator. 21 (2) Contents.—The report under paragraph 22 (1) shall state the amount that each insurer partici-23 pant is required to pay to the Fund, including the 24 payment schedule for such payments.

(e) Interim Payments.-

- (1) AUTHORITY OF ADMINISTRATOR.—During the period between the date of enactment of this Act and the date when the Commission issues its final determinations of payments, the Administrator shall have the authority to require insurer participants to make interim payments to the Fund to assure adequate funding by insurer participants during such period.
 - (2) Amount of interim payments.—During any applicable year, the Administrator may require insurer participants to make aggregate interim payments not to exceed the annual aggregate amount specified in subsection (a)(3)(C).
 - (3) Allocation of Payments.—Interim payments shall be allocated among individual insurer participants on an equitable basis as determined by the Administrator. All payments required under this subparagraph shall be credited against the participant's ultimate payment obligation to the Fund established by the Commission. If an interim payment exceeds the ultimate payment, the Fund shall pay interest on the amount of the overpayment at a rate determined by the Administrator. If the ultimate payment exceeds the interim payment, the participant shall pay interest on the amount of the under-

- payment at the same rate. Any participant may seek
 an exemption from or reduction in any payment required under this subsection under the financial
 hardship and exceptional circumstance standards established in subsection (a)(3)(D).
 - (4) APPEAL OF INTERIM PAYMENT DECISIONS.—A decision by the Administrator to establish
 an interim payment obligation shall be considered
 final agency action and reviewable under section
 303, except that the reviewing court may not stay an
 interim payment during the pendency of the appeal.
 (e) INTERIM PAYMENTS.—
 - (1) Amount of interim payment.—Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, insurer participants shall make an aggregate payment to the Fund not to exceed 50 percent of the aggregate funding obligation specified under subsection (a)(3)(C) for year 1.
 - (2) RESERVE INFORMATION.—Within 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, each insurer participant shall submit to the Administrator a certified statement of its net held reserves for asbestos liabilities as of December 31, 2004.
 - (3) Allocation of interim payment.—The Administrator shall allocate the interim payment

1 among the individual insurer participants on an eq-2 uitable basis using the net held asbestos reserve infor-3 mation provided by insurer participants under sub-4 section (a)(3)(B). Within 60 days after the date of en-5 actment of this Act, the Administrator shall publish 6 in the Federal Register the name of each insurer par-7 ticipant, and the amount of the insurer participant's 8 allocated share of the interim payment. The use of net 9 held asbestos reserves as the basis to determine an in-10 terim allocation shall not be binding on the Administrator in the determination of an appropriate final 12 allocation methodology under this section. All payments required under this paragraph shall be credited 13 14 against the participant's ultimate payment obligation 15 to the Fund established by the Commission. If an in-16 terim payment exceeds the ultimate payment, the 17 Fund shall pay interest on the amount of the over-18 payment at a rate determined by the Administrator. 19 If the ultimate payment exceeds the interim payment, 20 the participant shall pay interest on the amount of the underpayment at the same rate. Any participant 22 may seek an exemption from or reduction in any 23 payment required under this subsection under the fi-24 nancial hardship and exceptional circumstance stand-25 ards established under subsection (a)(3)(E).

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terim payment obligation shall be considered final agency action and reviewable under section 303, ex-	1	(4) Appeal of interim payment decisions.—
4 agency action and reviewable under section 303, ex- 5 cept that the reviewing court may not stay an in-	2	A decision by the Administrator to establish an in-
5 cept that the reviewing court may not stay an in-	3	terim payment obligation shall be considered final
	4	agency action and reviewable under section 303, ex-
6 terim payment during the pendency of the appeal.	5	cept that the reviewing court may not stay an in-
	6	terim payment during the pendency of the appeal.

- 7 (f) Transfer of Authority From the Commis-8 sion to the Administrator.—
 - (1) In General.—Upon termination of the Commission under section 215, the Administrator shall assume all the responsibilities and authority of the Commission, except that the Administrator shall not have the power to modify the allocation methodology established by the Commission or by certified agreement or to promulgate a rule establishing any such methodology.
 - (2) Financial hardship and exceptional circumstance adjustments.—Upon termination of the Commission under section 215, the Administrator shall have the authority, upon application by any insurer participant, to make adjustments to annual payments upon the same grounds as provided in subsection (a)(3)(D). Adjustments granted under this subsection shall have a term not to exceed 3 years. An insurer participant may renew its adjust-

ment by demonstrating that it remains justified. Upon the grant of any adjustment, the Administrator shall increase the payments, consistent with subsection (a)(1)(B), required of all other insurer participants so that there is no reduction in the aggregate payment required of all insurer participants for the applicable years. The increase in an insurer participant's required payment shall be in proportion to such participant's share of the aggregate payment obligation of all insurer participants.

(3) CREDITS FOR SHORTFALL ASSESSMENTS.—If insurer participants are required during the first 5 years of the life of the Fund to make up any shortfall in required insurer payments under subsection (a)(1)(B), then, beginning in year 6, the Administrator shall grant each insurer participant a credit against its annual required payments during the applicable years that in the aggregate equal the amount of shortfall assessments paid by such insurer participant during the first 5 years of the life of the Fund. The credit shall be prorated over the same number of years as the number of years during which the insurer participant paid a shortfall assessment. Insurer participants which did not pay all required payments to the Fund during the first 5 years of the life of the

1	Fund shall not be eligible for a credit. The Adminis-
2	trator shall not grant a credit for shortfall assess-
3	$ments\ imposed\ under\ section\ 405(e).$
4	(3)(4) Financial security requirements.—
5	Whenever an insurer participant's A.M. Best's
6	claims payment rating or Standard and Poor's fi-
7	nancial strength rating falls below $A-$, and until
8	such time as either the insurer participant's A.M.
9	Best's Rating or Standard and Poor's rating is
10	equal to or greater than A-, the Administrator
11	shall have the authority to require that the partici-
12	pating insurer either—
13	(A) pay the present value of its remaining
14	Fund payments at a discount rate determined
15	by the Administrator; or
16	(B) provide an evergreen letter of credit or
17	financial guarantee for future payments issued
18	by an institution with an A.M. Best's claims
19	payment rating or Standard & Poor's financial
20	strength rating of at least A+.
21	(g) Accounting Treatment.—Insurer participants'
22	payment obligations to the Fund shall be subject to dis-
23	counting under the applicable accounting guidelines for
24	generally accepted accounting purposes and statutory ac-
25	counting purposes for each insurer participant. This sub-

- 1 section shall in no way reduce the amount of monetary pay-
- 2 ments to the Fund by insurer participants as required
- 3 under subsection (a).
- 4 (g)(h) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—The Commission's rule
- 5 establishing an allocation methodology, its final deter-
- 6 minations of payment obligations and other final action
- 7 shall be judicially reviewable as provided in title III.

8 SEC. 213. POWERS OF ASBESTOS INSURERS COMMISSION.

- 9 (a) Rulemaking.—The Commission shall promul-
- 10 gate such rules and regulations as necessary to implement
- 11 its authority under this Act, including regulations gov-
- 12 erning an allocation methodology. Such rules and regula-
- 13 tions shall be promulgated after providing interested par-
- 14 ties with the opportunity for notice and comment.
- 15 (b) Hearings.—The Commission may hold such
- 16 hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such
- 17 testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission
- 18 considers advisable to carry out this Act. The Commission
- 19 shall also hold a hearing on any proposed regulation estab-
- 20 lishing an allocation methodology, before the Commis-
- 21 sion's adoption of a final regulation.
- (c) Information From Federal and State
- 23 AGENCIES.—The Commission may secure directly from
- 24 any Federal or State department or agency such informa-
- 25 tion as the Commission considers necessary to carry out

- 1 this Act. Upon request of the Chairman of the Commis-
- 2 sion, the head of such department or agency shall furnish
- 3 such information to the Commission.
- 4 (d) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
- 5 the United States mails in the same manner and under
- 6 the same conditions as other departments and agencies of
- 7 the Federal Government.
- 8 (e) Gifts.—The Commission may not accept, use, or
- 9 dispose of gifts or donations of services or property.
- 10 (f) Expert Advice.—In carrying out its responsibil-
- 11 ities, the Commission may enter into such contracts and
- 12 agreements as the Commission determines necessary to
- 13 obtain expert advice and analysis.
- 14 SEC. 214. PERSONNEL MATTERS.
- 15 (a) Compensation of Members.—Each member of
- 16 the Commission shall be compensated at a rate equal to
- 17 the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
- 18 scribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under sec-
- 19 tion 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (in-
- 20 cluding travel time) during which such member is engaged
- 21 in the performance of the duties of the Commission.
- 22 (b) Travel Expenses.—The members of the Com-
- 23 mission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
- 24 diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
- 25 ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title

- 1 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or
- 2 regular places of business in the performance of services
- 3 for the Commission.
- 4 (c) Staff.—
- 5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairman of the Com6 mission may, without regard to the civil service laws
 7 and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive
 8 director and such other additional personnel as may
 9 be necessary to enable the Commission to perform
 10 its duties. The employment of an executive director
 11 shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.
- 12 (2) Compensation.—The Chairman of the 13 Commission may fix the compensation of the execu-14 tive director and other personnel without regard to 15 chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 16 5, United States Code, relating to classification of 17 positions and General Schedule pay rates, except 18 that the rate of pay for the executive director and 19 other personnel may not exceed the rate payable for 20 level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 21 of such title.
- 22 (d) Detail of Government Employees.—Any 23 Federal Government employee may be detailed to the 24 Commission without reimbursement, and such detail shall

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1	be without interruption or loss of civil service status or
2	privilege.
3	(e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
4	TENT SERVICES.—The Chairman of the Commission may
5	procure temporary and intermittent services under section
6	3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
7	uals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual
8	rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
9	Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
10	SEC. 215. TERMINATION OF ASBESTOS INSURERS COMMIS-
11	SION.
12	The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the
13	last date on which the Commission makes a final deter-
14	mination of contribution under section 212(b) or 90 days
15	after the last appeal of any final action by the Commission
16	is exhausted, whichever occurs later.
17	SEC. 216. EXPENSES AND COSTS OF COMMISSION.
18	All expenses of the Commission shall be paid from
19	the Fund.
20	Subtitle C—Asbestos Injury Claims
21	Resolution Fund
22	SEC. 221. ESTABLISHMENT OF ASBESTOS INJURY CLAIMS

24 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the

RESOLUTION FUND.

25 Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation the Asbestos In-

1	jury Claims Resolution Fund, which shall be available to
2	pay—
3	(1) claims for awards for an eligible disease or
4	condition determined under title I;
5	(2) claims for reimbursement for medical moni-
6	toring determined under title I;
7	(3) principal and interest on borrowings under
8	subsection (b);
9	(4) the remaining obligations to the asbestos
10	trust of a debtor and the class action trust under
11	section $405(f)(8)$; and
12	(5) administrative expenses to carry out the
13	provisions of this Act.
14	(b) Borrowing Authority.—
15	(1) In general.—The Administrator is au-
16	thorized to borrow from time to time amounts as set
17	forth in this subsection, for purposes of enhancing li-
18	quidity available to the Fund for carrying out the
19	obligations of the Fund under this Act. The Admin-
20	istrator may authorize borrowing in such form, over
21	such term, with such necessary disclosure to its
22	lenders as will most efficiently enhance the Fund's
23	liquidity.
24	(2) Federal financing bank.—In addition to
25	the general authority in paragraph (1), the Adminis-

- trator may borrow from the Federal Financing Bank in accordance with section 6 of the Federal Financing Bank Act of 1973 (12 U.S.C. 2285), as needed for performance of the Administrator's duties under this Act for the first 5 years.
 - (3) Borrowing capacity.—The maximum amount that may be borrowed under this subsection at any given time is the amount that, taking into account all payment obligations related to all previous amounts borrowed in accordance with this subsection and all committed obligations of the Fund at the time of borrowing, can be repaid in full (with interest) in a timely fashion from—
 - (A) the available assets of the Fund as of the time of borrowing; and
 - (B) all amounts expected to be paid by participants during the subsequent 10 years.
 - (4) Repayment of monies borrowed by the Administrator under this subsection is limited solely to amounts available in the Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund established under this section.
 - (4) REPAYMENT OBLIGATIONS.—Repayment of monies borrowed by the Administrator under this subsection shall be repaid in full by the Fund contribu-

1	tors and is limited solely to amounts available,
2	present or future, in the Fund.
3	(c) Lockbox for Severe Asbestos-Related In-
4	JURY CLAIMANTS.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—Within the Fund, the Ad-
6	ministrator shall establish the following accounts:
7	(A) A Mesothelioma Account, which shall
8	be used solely to make payments to claimants
9	eligible for an award under the criteria of Level
10	IX.
11	(B) A Lung Cancer Account, which shall
12	be used solely to make payments to claimants
13	eligible for an award under the criteria of Level
14	VIII.
15	(C) A Severe Asbestosis Account, which
16	shall be used solely to make payments to claim-
17	ants eligible for an award under the criteria of
18	Level V.
19	(D) A Moderate Asbestosis Account, which
20	shall be used solely to make payments to claim-
21	ants eligible for an award under the criteria of
22	Level IV.
23	(2) Allocation.—The Administrator shall al-
24	locate to each of the 4 accounts established under
25	paragraph (1) a portion of payments made to the

Fund adequate to compensate all anticipated claimants for each account. Within 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and periodically during the life of the Fund, the Administrator shall determine an appropriate amount to allocate to each account after consulting appropriate epidemiological and statistical studies.

(d) Audit Authority.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—For the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of any information provided or payments made to the Fund, or determining whether a person who has not made a payment to the Fund was required to do so, or determining the liability of any person for a payment to the Fund, or collecting any such liability, or inquiring into any offense connected with the administration or enforcement of this title, the Administrator is authorized—
 - (A) to examine any books, papers, records, or other data which may be relevant or material to such inquiry;
 - (B) to summon the person liable for a payment under this title, or officer or employee of such person, or any person having possession, custody, or care of books of account containing

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- entries relating to the business of the person liable or any other person the Administrator may deem proper, to appear before the Administrator at a time and place named in the summons and to produce such books, papers, records, or other data, and to give such testimony, under oath, as may be relevant or material to such inquiry; and
 - (C) to take such testimony of the person concerned, under oath, as may be relevant or material to such inquiry.
 - (2)False, FRAUDULENT, OR**FICTITIOUS** STATEMENTS OR PRACTICES.—If the Administrator determines that materially false, fraudulent, or fictitious statements or practices have been submitted or engaged in by persons submitting information to the Administrator or to the Asbestos Insurers Commission or any other person who provides evidence in support of such submissions for purposes of determining payment obligations under this Act, the Administrator may impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 on any person found to have submitted or engaged in a materially false, fraudulent, or fictitious statement or practice under this Act. The Ad-

1	ministrator shall promulgate appropriate regulations
2	to implement this paragraph.
3	(e) Identity of Certain Defendant Partici-
4	PANTS; TRANSPARENCY.—
5	(1) Submission of information.—Not later
6	than 60 days after the date of enactment of this
7	Act, any person who, acting in good faith, has
8	knowledge that such person or such person's affili-
9	ated group has prior asbestos expenditures of
10	\$1,000,000 or greater, shall submit to the Adminis-
11	trator—
12	(A) either the name of such person, or
13	such person's ultimate parent; and
14	(B) the likely tier to which such person or
15	affiliated group may be assigned under this Act.
16	(2) Publication.—Not later than 20 days
17	after the end of the 60-day period referred to in
18	paragraph (1), the Administrator or Interim Admin-
19	istrator, if the Administrator is not yet appointed,
20	shall publish in the Federal Register a list of sub-
21	missions required by this subsection, including the
22	name of such persons or ultimate parents and the
23	likely tier to which such persons or affiliated groups
24	may be assigned. After publication of such list, any

person who, acting in good faith, has knowledge that

- any other person has prior asbestos expenditures of
- 2 \$1,000,000 or greater may submit to the Adminis-
- 3 trator or Interim Administrator information on the
- 4 identity of that person and the person's prior asbes-
- 5 tos expenditures.
- 6 (f) No Private Right of Action.—Except as pro-
- 7 vided in sections 203(b)(2)(D)(ii) and 204(f)(3), there
- 8 shall be no private right of action under any Federal or
- 9 State law against any participant based on a claim of com-
- 10 pliance or noncompliance with this Act or the involvement
- 11 of any participant in the enactment of this Act.
- 12 SEC. 222. MANAGEMENT OF THE FUND.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Fund shall be
- 14 held for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to as-
- 15 bestos claimants and their beneficiaries, including those
- 16 provided in subsection (e) and to otherwise defray the rea-
- 17 sonable expenses of administering the Fund.
- 18 (b) Investments.—
- 19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Fund shall
- 20 be administered and invested with the care, skill,
- 21 prudence, and diligence, under the circumstances
- prevailing at the time of such investment, that a
- prudent person acting in a like capacity and manner
- 24 would use.

1	(2) Strategy.—The Administrator shall invest
2	amounts in the Fund in a manner that enables the
3	Fund to make current and future distributions to or
4	for the benefit of asbestos claimants. In pursuing ar
5	investment strategy under this subparagraph, the
6	Administrator shall consider, to the extent relevant
7	to an investment decision or action—
8	(A) the size of the Fund;
9	(B) the nature and estimated duration of
10	the Fund;
11	(C) the liquidity and distribution require-
12	ments of the Fund;
13	(D) general economic conditions at the
14	time of the investment;
15	(E) the possible effect of inflation or defla-
16	tion on Fund assets;
17	(F) the role that each investment or course
18	of action plays with respect to the overall assets
19	of the Fund;
20	(G) the expected amount to be earned (in-
21	cluding both income and appreciation of cap-
22	ital) through investment of amounts in the
23	Fund: and

1	(H) the needs of asbestos claimants for
2	current and future distributions authorized
3	under this Act.
4	(c) Mesothelioma Research and Treatment
5	CENTERS.—
6	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall pro-
7	vide \$1,000,000 from the Fund for each of fiscal
8	years 2005 through 2009 for each of up to 10 meso-
9	thelioma disease research and treatment centers.
10	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Centers shall—
11	(A) be chosen by the Director of the Na-
12	tional Institutes of Health;
13	(B) be chosen through competitive peer re-
14	view;
15	(C) be geographically distributed through-
16	out the United States with special consideration
17	given to areas of high incidence of mesothe-
18	lioma disease;
19	(D) be closely associated with Department
20	of Veterans Affairs medical centers to provide
21	research benefits and care to veterans who have
22	suffered excessively from mesothelioma;
23	(E) be engaged in research to provide
24	mechanisms for detection and prevention of

1	mesothelioma, particularly in the areas of pain
2	management and cures;
3	(F) be engaged in public education about
4	mesothelioma and prevention, screening, and
5	treatment;
6	(G) be participants in the National Meso-
7	thelioma Registry; and
8	(H) be coordinated in their research and
9	treatment efforts with other Centers and insti-
10	tutions involved in exemplary mesothelioma re-
11	search.
12	$\frac{\mathrm{(d)}(c)}{\mathrm{Bankruptcy}}$ Trust Guarantee.—
13	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
14	provision of this Act, the Administrator shall have
15	the authority to impose a pro rata surcharge on all
16	participants under this subsection to ensure the li-
17	quidity of the Fund, if—
18	(A) the declared assets from 1 or more
19	bankruptcy trusts established under a plan of
20	reorganization confirmed and substantially con-
21	summated on or before July 31, 2004, are not
22	available to the Fund because a final judgment
23	that has been entered by a court and is no
24	longer subject to any appeal or review has en-
25	joined the transfer of assets required under sec-

1	tion 524(j)(2) of title 11, United States Code
2	(as amended by section 402(f) of this Act); and
3	(B) borrowing is insufficient to assure the
4	Fund's ability to meet its obligations under this
5	Act such that the required borrowed amount is
6	likely to increase the risk of termination of this
7	Act under section 405 based on reasonable
8	claims projections.
9	(2) Allocation.—Any surcharge imposed
10	under this subsection shall be imposed over a period
11	of 5 years on a pro rata basis upon all participants
12	in accordance with each participant's relative annual
13	liability under this subtitle and subtitle B for those
14	5 years. in accordance with the relative aggregate
15	funding obligations under sections $202(a)(2)$ and
16	212(a)(2)(A).
17	(3) Certification.—
18	(A) In general.—Before imposing a sur-
19	charge under this subsection, the Administrator
20	shall publish a notice in the Federal Register
21	and provide in such notice for a public comment
22	period of 30 days.
23	(B) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—The notice
24	required under subparagraph (A) shall in-
25	clude—

1	(i) information explaining the cir-
2	cumstances that make a surcharge nec-
3	essary and a certification that the require-
4	ments under paragraph (1) are met;
5	(ii) the amount of the declared assets
6	from any trust established under a plan of
7	reorganization confirmed and substantially
8	consummated on or before July 31, 2004,
9	that was not made, or is no longer, avail-
10	able to the Fund;
11	(iii) the total aggregate amount of the
12	necessary surcharge; and
13	(iv) the surcharge amount for each
14	tier and subtier of defendant participants
15	and for each insurer participant.
16	(C) Final notice.—The Administrator
17	shall publish a final notice in the Federal Reg-
18	ister and provide each participant with written
19	notice of that participant's schedule of pay-
20	ments under this subsection. In no event shall
21	any required surcharge under this subsection be
22	due before 60 days after the Administrator
23	publishes the final notice in the Federal Reg-
24	ister and provides each participant with written
25	notice of its schedule of payments.

1	(4) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—In no event shall the
2	total aggregate surcharge imposed by the Adminis-
3	trator exceed the lesser of—
4	(A) the total aggregate amount of the de-
5	clared assets of the trusts established under a
6	plan of reorganization confirmed and substan-
7	tially consummated prior to July 31, 2004, that
8	are no longer available to the Fund; or
9	(B) \$4,000,000,000.
10	(5) Declared assets.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—In this subsection, the
12	term "declared assets" means—
13	(i) the amount of assets transferred
14	by any trust established under a plan of
15	reorganization confirmed and substantially
16	consummated on or before July 31, 2004,
17	to the Fund that is required to be returned
18	to that trust under the final judgment de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1)(A); or
20	(ii) if no assets were transferred by
21	the trust to the Fund, the amount of as-
22	sets the Administrator determines would
23	have been available for transfer to the
24	Fund from that trust under section 402(f).

1 (B) DETERMINATION.—In making a deter2 mination under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Ad3 ministrator may rely on any information rea4 sonably available, and may request, and use
5 subpoena authority of the Administrator if nec6 essary to obtain, relevant information from any
7 such trust or its trustees.

(e)(d) Bankruptcy Trust Credits.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, but subject to paragraph (2) of this subsection, the Administrator shall provide a credit toward the aggregate payment obligations under sections 202(a)(2) and 212(a)(2)(A) for assets received by the Fund from any bankruptcy trust established under a plan of reorganization confirmed and substantially consummated after July 31, 2004.
- (2) Allocation of credits.—The Administrator shall allocate, for each such bankruptcy trust, the credits for such assets between the defendant and insurer aggregate payment obligations as follows:
 - (A) DEFENDANT PARTICIPANTS.—The aggregate amount that all persons other than insurers contributing to the bankruptcy trust would have been required to pay as Tier I de-

fendants under section 203(b) if the plan of reorganization under which the bankruptcy trust
was established had not been confirmed and
substantially consummated and the proceeding
under chapter 11 of title 11, United States
Code, that resulted in the establishment of the
bankruptcy trust had remained pending as of
the date of enactment of this Act.

(B) Insurer participants.—The aggregate amount of all credits to which insurers are entitled to under section 202(c)(4)(A) of the Act.

13 SEC. 223. ENFORCEMENT OF PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS.

- 14 (a) Default.—If any participant fails to make any 15 payment in the amount of and according to the schedule under this Act or as prescribed by the Administrator, after 16 demand and a 30-day opportunity to cure the default, 17 18 there shall be a lien in favor of the United States for the amount of the delinquent payment (including interest) 19 20 upon all property and rights to property, whether real or 21 personal, belonging to such participant.
- (b) BANKRUPTCY.—In the case of a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding, the lien imposed under subsection (a) shall be treated in the same manner as a lien for taxes due and owing to the United States for purposes of the

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1	provisions of title 11, United States Code, or section
2	3713(a) of title 31, United States Code. The United
3	States Bankruptcy Court shall have jurisdiction over any
4	issue or controversy regarding lien priority and lien perfec-
5	tion arising in a bankruptcy case due to a lien imposed
6	under subsection (a).
7	(e) CIVIL ACTION.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which there
9	has been a refusal or failure to pay any liability im-
10	posed under this Act, the Administrator may bring
11	a civil action in the United States District Court for
12	the District of Columbia, any appropriate United
13	States District Court, or any other appropriate law-
14	suit or proceeding outside of the United States—
15	(A) to enforce the liability and any lien of
16	the United States imposed under this section;
17	(B) to subject any property of the partici-
18	pant, including any property in which the par-
19	ticipant has any right, title, or interest to the
20	payment of such liability; or
21	(C) for temporary, preliminary, or perma-
22	nent relief.
23	(2) Additional penalties.—In any action
24	under paragraph (1) in which the refusal or failure

1	to pay was willful, the Administrator may seek re-
2	covery—
3	(A) of punitive damages;
4	(B) of the costs of any civil action under
5	this subsection, including reasonable fees in-
6	curred for collection, expert witnesses, and at-
7	torney's fees; and
8	(C) in addition to any other penalty, of a
9	fine equal to the total amount of the liability
10	that has not been collected.
11	(d) Enforcement Authority as to Insurer Par-
12	TICIPANTS.—
13	(1) In general.—In addition to or in lieu of
14	the enforcement remedies described in subsection
15	(c), the Administrator may seek to recover amounts
16	in satisfaction of a payment not timely paid by an
17	insurer participant under the procedures under this
18	subsection.
19	(2) Subrogation.—To the extent required to
20	establish personal jurisdiction over nonpaying in-
21	surer participants, the Administrator shall be
22	deemed to be subrogated to the contractual rights of
23	participants to seek recovery from nonpaying insur-
24	ing participants that are domiciled outside the
25	United States under the policies of liability insur-

1	ance or contracts of liability reinsurance or
2	retrocessional reinsurance applicable to asbestos
3	claims, and the Administrator may bring an action
4	or an arbitration against the nonpaying insurer par-
5	ticipants under the provisions of such policies and
6	contracts, provided that—
7	(A) any amounts collected under this sub-
8	section shall not increase the amount of deemed
9	erosion allocated to any policy or contract under
10	section 404, or otherwise reduce coverage avail-
11	able to a participant; and
12	(B) subrogation under this subsection shall
13	have no effect on the validity of the insurance
14	policies or reinsurance, and any contrary State
15	law is expressly preempted.
16	(3) Recoverability of contribution.—For
17	purposes of this subsection—
18	(A) all contributions to the Fund required
19	of a participant shall be deemed to be sums le-
20	gally required to be paid for bodily injury re-
21	sulting from exposure to asbestos;
22	(B) all contributions to the Fund required
23	of any participant shall be deemed to be a sin-
24	gle loss arising from a single occurrence under

- each contract to which the Administrator is subrogated; and
 - (C) with respect to reinsurance contracts, all contributions to the Fund required of a participant shall be deemed to be payments to a single claimant for a single loss.
 - (4) No credit or offset.—In any action brought under this subsection, the nonpaying insurer or reinsurer shall be entitled to no credit or offset for amounts collectible or potentially collectible from any participant nor shall such defaulting participant have any right to collect any sums payable under this section from any participant.
 - (5) Cooperation.—Insureds and cedents shall cooperate with the Administrator's reasonable requests for assistance in any such proceeding. The positions taken or statements made by the Administrator in any such proceeding shall not be binding on or attributed to the insureds or cedents in any other proceeding. The outcome of such a proceeding shall not have a preclusive effect on the insureds or cedents in any other proceeding and shall not be admissible against any subrogee under this section. The Administrator shall have the authority to settle

- 1 or compromise any claims against a nonpaying in-
- 2 surer participant under this subsection.
- 3 (e) Bar on United States Business.—If any di-
- 4 rect insurer or reinsurer refuses to furnish any informa-
- 5 tion requested by or to pay any contribution required by
- 6 this Act, then, in addition to any other penalties imposed
- 7 by this Act, the Administrator may shall issue an order
- 8 barring such entity and its affiliates from insuring risks
- 9 located within the United States or otherwise doing busi-
- 10 ness within the United States unless and until it complies.
- 11 If any direct insurer or reinsurer refuses to furnish any
- 12 information requested by the Administrator, the Adminis-
- 13 trator may issue an order barring such entity and its affili-
- 14 ates from insuring risks located within the United States
- 15 or otherwise doing business within the United States unless
- 16 and until it complies. Insurer participants or their affili-
- 17 ates seeking to obtain a license from any State to write
- 18 any type of insurance shall be barred from obtaining any
- 19 such license until payment of all contributions required as
- 20 of the date of license application.
- 21 (f) Credit for Reinsurance.—If the Adminis-
- 22 trator determines that an insurer participant that is a re-
- 23 insurer is in default in paying any required contribution
- 24 or otherwise not in compliance with this Act, the Adminis-
- 25 trator may issue an order barring any direct insurer par-

1	ticipant from receiving credit for reinsurance purchased
2	from the defaulting reinsurer after the date of the Adminis-
3	trator's determination of default. Any State law governing
4	credit for reinsurance to the contrary is preempted.
5	(g) Defense Limitation.—In any proceeding under
6	this section, the participant shall be barred from bringing
7	any challenge to any determination of the Administrator
8	or the Asbestos Insurers Commission regarding its liability
9	under this Act, or to the constitutionality of this Act or
10	any provision thereof, if such challenge could have been
11	made during the review provided under section 204(i)(10),
12	or in a judicial review proceeding under section 303.
13	(h) Deposit of Funds.—
14	(1) In general.—Any funds collected under
15	subsection $(c)(2)$ (A) or (C) shall be—
16	(A) deposited in the Fund; and
17	(B) used only to pay—
18	(i) claims for awards for an eligible
19	disease or condition determined under title
20	I; or
21	(ii) claims for reimbursement for med-
22	ical monitoring determined under title I.
23	(2) No effect on other liabilities.—The
24	imposition of a fine under subsection $(c)(2)(C)$ shall
25	have no effect on—

1	(A) the assessment of contributions under
2	subtitles A and B; or
3	(B) any other provision of this Act.
4	(i) Property of the Estate.—Section 541(b) of
5	title 11, United States Code, is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph $(4)(B)(ii)$, by striking "or" at
7	the end;
8	(2) in paragraph (5), by striking "prohibition."
9	and inserting "prohibition; or"; and
10	(3) by inserting after paragraph (5) and before
11	the last undesignated sentence the following:
12	"(6) the value of any pending claim against or
13	the amount of an award granted from the Asbestos
14	Injury Claims Resolution Fund established under
15	the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of
16	2005.".
17	(j) Proposed Transactions.—
18	(1) Notice of proposed transaction.—Any
19	participant that has taken any action to effectuate a
20	proposed transaction or a proposed series of trans-
21	actions under which a significant portion of such
22	participant's assets, properties or business will, if
23	consummated as proposed, be, directly or indirectly,
24	transferred by any means (including, without limita-
25	tion, by sale, dividend, contribution to a subsidiary

or split-off) to 1 or more persons other than the participant shall provide written notice to the Administrator of such proposed transaction (or proposed series of transactions). Upon the request of such participant, and for so long as the participant shall not publicly disclose the transaction or series of transactions and the Administrator shall not commence any action under paragraph (6), the Administrator shall treat any such notice as confidential commercial information under section 552 of title 5, United States Code.

(2) Timing of notice and related actions.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Any notice that a participant is required to give under paragraph (1) shall be given not later than 30 days before the date of consummation of the proposed transaction or the first transaction to occur in a proposed series of transactions.

(B) OTHER NOTIFICATIONS.—

(i) In GENERAL.—Not later than the date in any year by which a participant is required to make its contribution to the Fund, the participant shall deliver to the Administrator a written certification stating that—

1	(I) the participant has complied
2	during the period since the last such
3	certification or the date of enactment
4	of this Act with the notice requirements
5	set forth in this subsection; or
6	(II) the participant was not re-
7	quired to provide any notice under this
8	subsection during such period.
9	(ii) Summary.—The Administrator
10	shall include in the annual report required
11	to be submitted to Congress under section
12	405 a summary of all such notices (after re-
13	moving all confidential identifying infor-
14	mation) received during the most recent fis-
15	cal year.
16	(C) Notice completion.—The Adminis-
17	trator shall not consider any notice given under
18	paragraph (1) as given until such time as the
19	Administrator receives substantially all the in-
20	formation required by this subsection.
21	(3) Contents of notice.—
22	(A) In General.—The Administrator shall
23	determine by rule or regulation the information
24	to be included in the notice required under this
25	subsection, which shall include such information

1	as may be necessary to enable the Administrator
2	to determine whether—
3	(i) the person or persons to whom the
4	assets, properties or business are being
5	transferred in the proposed transaction (or
6	proposed series of transactions) should be
7	considered to be the successor in interest of
8	the participant for purposes of this Act, or
9	(ii) the proposed transaction (or pro-
10	posed series of transactions) would, if con-
11	summated, be subject to avoidance by a
12	trustee under section 544(b) or 548 of title
13	11, United States Code, as if, but whether
14	or not, the participant is subject to a case
15	under title 11, United States Code.
16	(B) Statements.—The notice shall also in-
17	clude—
18	(i) a statement by the participant as to
19	whether it believes any person will or has
20	become a successor in interest to the partici-
21	pant for purposes of this Act and, if so, the
22	identity of that person; and
23	(ii) a statement by the participant as
24	to whether that person has acknowledged

1	that it will or has become a successor in in-
2	terest for purposes of this Act.
3	(4) Definition.—In this subsection, the term
4	"significant portion of the assets, properties or busi-
5	ness of a participant" means assets (including, with-
6	out limitation, tangible or intangible assets, securities
7	and cash), properties or business of such participant
8	(or its affiliated group, to the extent that the partici-
9	pant has elected to be part of an affiliated group
10	under section 204(f)) that, together with any other
11	asset, property or business transferred by such partic-
12	ipant in any of the previous completed 5 fiscal years
13	of such participant (or, as appropriate, its affiliated
14	group), and as determined in accordance with United
15	States generally accepted accounting principles as in
16	effect from time to time—
17	(A) generated at least 40 percent of the reve-
18	nues of such participant (or its affiliated group);
19	(B) constituted at least 40 percent of the as-
20	sets of such participant (or its affiliated group);
21	(C) generated at least 40 percent of the op-
22	erating cash flows of such participant (or its af-
23	filiated group); or

1	(D) generated at least 40 percent of the net
2	income or loss of such participant (or its affili-
3	$ated\ group),$
4	as measured during any of such 5 previous fiscal
5	years.
6	(5) Consummation of transaction.—Any pro-
7	posed transaction (or proposed series of transactions)
8	with respect to which a participant is required to
9	provide notice under paragraph (1) may not be con-
10	summated until at least 30 days after delivery to the
11	Administrator of such notice, unless the Adminis-
12	trator shall earlier terminate the notice period. The
13	Administrator shall endeavor whenever possible to ter-
14	minate a notice period at the earliest practicable
15	time.
16	(6) Right of action.—
17	(A) In general.—Notwithstanding section
18	221(f), if the Administrator or any participant
19	believes that a participant proposes to engage or
20	has engaged, directly or indirectly, in, or is the
21	subject of, a transaction (or series of trans-
22	actions)—
23	(i) involving a person or persons who,
24	as a result of such transaction (or series of
25	transactions), may have or may become the

1	successor in interest or successors in interest
2	of such participant, where the status or po-
3	tential status as a successor in interest has
4	not been stated and acknowledged by the
5	participant and such person; or
6	(ii) that may be subject to avoidance
7	by a trustee under section 544(b) or 548 of
8	title 11, United States Code, as if, but
9	whether or not, the participant is a subject
10	to a case under title 11, United States Code,
11	then the Administrator or such participant may,
12	as a deemed creditor under applicable law, bring
13	a civil action in an appropriate forum against
14	the participant or any other person who is either
15	a party to the transaction (or series of trans-
16	actions) or the recipient of any asset, property or
17	business of the participant.
18	(B) Relief Allowed.—In any action com-
19	menced under this subsection, the Administrator
20	or a participant, as applicable, may seek—
21	(i) with respect to a transaction (or se-
22	ries of transactions) referenced in clause (i)
23	of subparagraph (A), a declaratory judg-
24	ment regarding whether such person will or

1	has become the successor in interest of such
2	participant; or
3	(ii) with respect to a transaction (or
4	series of transactions) referenced in clause
5	(ii) of subparagraph (A)—
6	(I) a temporary restraining order
7	or a preliminary or permanent injunc-
8	tion against such transaction (or series
9	$of\ transactions);\ or$
10	(II) such other relief regarding
11	such transaction (or series of trans-
12	actions) as the court determines to be
13	necessary to ensure that performance of
14	a participant's payment obligations
15	under this Act is not materially im-
16	paired by reason of such transaction
17	(or series of transactions).
18	(C) Applicability.—If the Administrator
19	or a participant wishes to challenge a statement
20	made by a participant that a person will not or
21	has not become a successor in interest for pur-
22	poses of this Act, then this paragraph shall be the
23	exclusive means by which the determination of
24	whether such person will or has become a suc-
25	cessor in interest of the participant shall be

1	made. This paragraph shall not preempt any
2	other rights of any person under applicable Fed-
3	eral or State law.
4	(D) Venue.—Any action under this para-
5	graph shall be brought in any appropriate
6	United States district court or, to the extent nec-
7	essary to obtain complete relief, any other appro-
8	priate forum outside of the United States.
9	(7) Rules and regulations.—The Adminis-
10	trator may promulgate regulations to effectuate the
11	intent of this subsection, including regulations relat-
12	ing to the form, timing and content of notices.
13	SEC. 224. INTEREST ON UNDERPAYMENT OR NONPAYMENT.
14	If any amount of payment obligation under this title
15	is not paid on or before the last date prescribed for pay-
16	ment, the liable party shall pay interest on such amount
17	at the Federal short-term rate determined under section
18	6621(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, plus 5 per-
19	centage points, for the period from such last date to the
20	date paid.
21	SEC. 225. EDUCATION, CONSULTATION, SCREENING, AND
22	MONITORING.
23	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall establish
24	a program for the education, consultation, medical screen-

1	ing, and medical monitoring of persons with exposure to
2	asbestos. The program shall be funded by the Fund.
3	(b) Outreach and Education.—
4	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
5	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
6	shall establish an outreach and education program,
7	including a website designed to provide information
8	about asbestos-related medical conditions to mem-
9	bers of populations at risk of developing such condi-
10	tions.
11	(2) Information.—The information provided
12	under paragraph (1) shall include information
13	about—
14	(A) the signs and symptoms of asbestos-re-
15	lated medical conditions;
16	(B) the value of appropriate medical
17	screening programs; and
18	(C) actions that the individuals can take to
19	reduce their future health risks related to as-
20	bestos exposure.
21	(3) Contracts.—Preference in any contract
22	under this subsection shall be given to providers that
23	are existing nonprofit organizations with a history
24	and experience of providing occupational health out-

reach and educational programs for individuals exposed to asbestos.

(c) Medical Screening Program.—

(1) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—Not sooner than 18 months or later than 24 months after the Administrator certifies that the Fund is fully operational and processing claims at a reasonable rate, the Administrator shall adopt guidelines establishing a medical screening program for individuals at high risk of asbestos-related disease resulting from an asbestos-related disease. In promulgating such guidelines, the Administrator shall consider the views of the Advisory Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation, the Medical Advisory Committee, and the public.

(2) Eligibility criteria.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The guidelines promulgated under this subsection shall establish criteria for participation in the medical screening program.
- (B) Considerations.—In promulgating eligibility criteria the Administrator shall take into consideration all factors relevant to the individual's effective cumulative exposure to asbestos, including—

1	(i) any industry in which the indi-
2	vidual worked;
3	(ii) the individual's occupation and
4	work setting;
5	(iii) the historical period in which ex-
6	posure took place;
7	(iv) the duration of the exposure;
8	(v) the intensity and duration of non-
9	occupational exposures; and
10	(vi) the intensity and duration of ex-
11	posure to risk levels of naturally occurring
12	asbestos as defined by the Environmental
13	Protection Agency; and
14	$\frac{(vi)}{(vii)}$ any other factors that the
15	Administrator determines relevant.
16	(3) Protocols.—The guidelines developed
17	under this subsection shall establish protocols for
18	medical screening, which shall include—
19	(A) administration of a health evaluation
20	and work history questionnaire;
21	(B) an evaluation of smoking history;
22	(C) a physical examination by a qualified
23	physician with a doctor-patient relationship
24	with the individual;

1	(D) a chest x-ray read by a certified B
2	reader as defined under section 121(a)(4); and

- (E) pulmonary function testing as defined under section 121(a)(13).
- (4) Frequency.—The Administrator shall establish the frequency with which medical screening shall be provided or be made available to eligible individuals, which shall be not less than every 5 years.
- (5) Provision of Services.—The Administrator shall provide medical screening to eligible individuals directly or by contract with another agency of the Federal Government, with State or local governments, or with private providers of medical services. The Administrator shall establish strict qualifications for the providers of such services, and shall periodically audit the providers of services under this subsection, to ensure their integrity, high degree of competence, and compliance with all applicable technical and professional standards. No provider of medical screening services may have earned more than 15 percent of their income from the provision of services of any kind in connection with asbestos litigation in any of the 3 years preceding the date of enactment of this Act. All contracts with providers of medical screening services under this sub-

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1	section shall contain provisions allowing the Admin-
2	istrator to terminate for reimbursement of screening
3	services at a reasonable rate and termination of such
4	contracts for cause if the Administrator determines
5	that the service provider fails to meet the qualifica-
6	tions established under this subsection.
7	(6) Limitation of compensation for serv-
8	ICES.—The compensation required to be paid to a
9	provider of medical screening services for such serv-
10	ices furnished to an eligible individual shall be lim-
11	ited to the amount that would be reimbursed at the
12	time of the furnishing of such services under title
13	XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et
14	seq.) for similar services if—
15	(A) the individual were entitled to benefits
16	under part A of such title and enrolled under
17	part B of such title; and
18	(B) such services are covered under title
19	XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
20	1395 et seq.).
21	(7) Funding; periodic review.—
22	(A) Funding.—The Administrator shall
23	make such funds available from the Fund to
24	implement this section, with a minimum of

\$20,000,000 but not more than \$30,000,000

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each year in each of the 5 years following the effective date of the medical screening program. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, the Administrator shall suspend the operation of the program or reduce its funding level if necessary to preserve the solvency of the Fund and to prevent the sunset of the overall program under section 405(f).

(B) Review.—The Administrator may reduce the amount of funding below \$20,000,000 each year if the program is fully implemented. The Administrator's first annual report under section 405 following the close of the 4th year of operation of the medical screening program shall include an analysis of the usage of the program, its cost and effectiveness, its medical value, and the need to continue that program for an additional 5-year period. The Administrator shall also recommend to Congress any improvements that may be required to make the program more effective, efficient, and economical, and shall recommend a funding level for the program for the 5 years following the period of initial funding referred to under subparagraph (A).

1	(d) Limitation.—In no event shall the total amount
2	allocated to the medical screening program established
3	under this subsection over the lifetime of the Fund exceed
4	\$600,000,000.
5	(e) Medical Monitoring Program and Proto-
6	COLS.—
7	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
8	tablish procedures for a medical monitoring program
9	for persons exposed to asbestos who have been ap-
10	proved for level I compensation under section 131.
11	(2) Procedures.—The procedures for medical
12	monitoring shall include—
13	(A) specific medical tests to be provided to
14	eligible individuals and the periodicity of those
15	tests, which shall initially be provided every 3
16	years and include—
17	(i) administration of a health evalua-
18	tion and work history questionnaire;
19	(ii) physical examinations, including
20	blood pressure measurement, chest exam-
21	ination, and examination for clubbing;
22	(iii) AP and lateral chest x-ray; and
23	(iv) spirometry performed according
24	to ATS standards;

1	(B) qualifications of medical providers who
2	are to provide the tests required under subpara-
3	graph (A); and
4	(C) administrative provisions for reim-
5	bursement from the Fund of the costs of moni-
6	toring eligible claimants, including the costs as-
7	sociated with the visits of the claimants to phy-
8	sicians in connection with medical monitoring,
9	and with the costs of performing and analyzing
10	the tests.
11	(3) Preferences.—
12	(A) IN GENERAL.—In administering the
13	monitoring program under this subsection, pref-
14	erence shall be given to medical and program
15	providers with—
16	(i) a demonstrated capacity for identi-
17	fying, contacting, and evaluating popu-
18	lations of workers or others previously ex-
19	posed to asbestos; and
20	(ii) experience in establishing net-
21	works of medical providers to conduct med-
22	ical screening and medical monitoring ex-
23	aminations.
24	(B) Provision of Lists.—Claimants that
25	are eligible to participate in the medical moni-

1	toring program shall be provided with a list of
2	approved providers in their geographic area at
3	the time such claimants become eligible to re-
4	ceive medical monitoring.
5	(f) Contracts.—The Administrator may enter into
6	contracts with qualified program providers that would per-
7	mit the program providers to undertake large-scale med-
8	ical screening and medical monitoring programs by means
9	of subcontracts with a network of medical providers, or
10	other health providers.
11	(g) Review.—Not later than 5 years after the date
12	of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter,
13	the Administrator shall review, and if necessary update,
14	the protocols and procedures established under this sec-
15	tion.
16	SEC. 226. NATIONAL MESOTHELIOMA RESEARCH AND
17	TREATMENT PROGRAM.
18	(a) In General.—There is established the National
19	Mesothelioma Research and Treatment Program (referred
20	to in this section as the "Program") to investigate and ad-
21	vance the detection, prevention, treatment, and cure of ma-
22	lignant mesothelioma.
23	(b) Mesothelioma Centers.—
24	(1) In General.—The Administrator shall make

- of the National Institutes of Health shall make available \$1,000,000 from amounts available to the Director, for each of fiscal years 2006 through 2015, for the establishment of each of 10 mesothelioma disease research and treatment centers.
 - (2) REQUIREMENTS.—The Director of the National Institutes of Health, in consultation with the Medical Advisory Committee, shall conduct a competitive peer review process to select sites for the centers described in paragraph (1). The Director shall ensure that sites selected under this paragraph are—
 - (A) geographically distributed throughout the United States with special consideration given to areas of high incidence of mesothelioma disease;
 - (B) closely associated with Department of Veterans Affairs medical centers, in order to provide research benefits and care to veterans who have suffered excessively from mesothelioma;
 - (C) engaged in exemplary laboratory and clinical mesothelioma research, including clinical trials, to provide mechanisms for effective therapeutic treatments, as well as detection and prevention, particularly in areas of palliation of disease symptoms and pain management;

1	(D) participants in the National Mesothe-
2	lioma Registry and Tissue Bank under sub-
3	section (c) and the annual International Meso-
4	$the lioma\ Symposium\ under\ subsection\ (d)(2)(E);$
5	(E) with respect to research and treatment
6	efforts, coordinated with other centers and insti-
7	tutions involved in exemplary mesothelioma re-
8	search and treatment;
9	(F) able to facilitate transportation and
10	lodging for mesothelioma patients, so as to en-
11	able patients to participate in the newest devel-
12	oping treatment protocols, and to enable the cen-
13	ters to recruit patients in numbers sufficient to
14	conduct necessary clinical trials; and
15	(G) nonprofit hospitals, universities, or
16	medical or research institutions incorporated or
17	organized in the United States.
18	(c) Mesothelioma Registry and Tissue Bank.—
19	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
20	make available \$1,000,000 from the Fund, and the
21	Director of the National Institutes of Health shall
22	make available \$1,000,000 from amounts available to
23	the Director, for each of fiscal years 2006 through
24	2015 for the establishment, maintenance, and oper-
25	ation of a National Mesothelioma Registry to collect

1	data regarding symptoms, pathology, evaluation,
2	treatment, outcomes, and quality of life and a Tissue
3	Bank to include the pre- and post-treatment blood
4	(serum and blood cells) specimens as well as tissue
5	specimens from biopsies and surgery. Not less than
6	\$500,000 of the amount made available under the pre-
7	ceding sentence in each fiscal year shall be allocated
8	for the collection and maintenance of tissue speci-
9	mens.
10	(2) Requirements.—The Director of the Na-
11	tional Institutes of Health, with the advice and con-
12	sent of the Medical Advisory Committee, shall conduct
13	a competitive peer review process to select a site to
14	administer the Registry and Tissue Bank described in
15	paragraph (1). The Director shall ensure that the site
16	selected under this paragraph—
17	(A) is available to all mesothelioma patients
18	and qualifying physicians throughout the United
19	States;
20	(B) is subject to all applicable medical and
21	patient privacy laws and regulations;
22	(C) is carrying out activities to ensure that
23	data is accessible via the Internet; and
24	(D) provides data and tissue samples to

qualifying researchers and physicians who apply

1	for such data in order to further the under-
2	standing, prevention, screening, diagnosis, or
3	$treatment\ of\ malignant\ mesothelioma.$
4	(d) Center for Mesothelioma Education.—
5	(1) Establishment.—The Administrator shall
6	make available \$1,000,000 from the Fund, and the
7	Director of the National Institutes of Health shall
8	make available \$1,000,000 from amounts available to
9	the Director, for each of fiscal years 2006 through
10	2015 for the establishment, with the advice and con-
11	sent of the Medical Advisory Committee, of a Center
12	for Mesothelioma Education (referred to in this sec-
13	tion as the "Center") to—
14	(A) promote mesothelioma awareness and
15	education;
16	(B) assist mesothelioma patients and their
17	family members in obtaining necessary informa-
18	tion; and
19	(C) work with the centers established under
20	subsection (b) in advancing mesothelioma re-
21	search.
22	(2) Activities.—The Center shall—
23	(A) educate the public about the new initia-
24	tives contained in this section through a Na-
25	$tional\ Me so the lioma\ Awareness\ Campaign;$

1	(B) develop and maintain a Mesothelioma
2	Educational Resource Center (referred to in this
3	section as the "MERCI"), that is accessible via
4	the Internet, to provide mesothelioma patients,
5	family members, and front-line physicians with
6	comprehensive, current information on mesothe-
7	lioma and its treatment, as well as on the exist-
8	ence of, and general claim procedures for the As-
9	bestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund;
10	(C) through the MERCI and otherwise, edu-
11	cate mesothelioma patients, family members, and
12	front-line physicians about, and encourage such
13	individuals to participate in, the centers estab-
14	lished under subsection (b), the Registry and the
15	Tissue Bank;
16	(D) complement the research efforts of the
17	centers established under subsection (b) by
18	awarding competitive, peer-reviewed grants for
19	the training of clinical specialist fellows in meso-
20	thelioma, and for highly innovative, experi-
21	mental or pre-clinical research; and
22	(E) conduct an annual International Meso-
23	thelioma Symposium.
24	(3) Requirements.—The Center shall—

1	(A) be a nonprofit corporation under sec-
2	tion $501(c)(3)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of
3	1986;
4	(B) be a separate entity from and not an
5	affiliate of any hospital, university, or medical
6	or research institution; and
7	(C) demonstrate a history of program
8	spending that is devoted specifically to the mis-
9	sion of extending the survival of current and fu-
10	ture mesothelioma patients, including a history
11	of soliciting, peer reviewing through a competi-
12	tive process, and funding research grant applica-
13	tions relating to the detection, prevention, treat-
14	ment, and cure of mesothelioma.
15	(4) Contracts for oversight.—The Director
16	of the National Institutes of Health may enter into
17	contracts with the Center for the selection and over-
18	sight of the centers established under subsection (b), or
19	selection of the director of the Registry and the Tissue
20	Bank under subsection (c) and oversight of the Reg-
21	istry and the Tissue Bank.
22	(e) Report and Recommendations.—Not later than
23	September 30, 2015, The Director of the National Institutes
24	of Health shall, after opportunity for public comment and

25 review, publish and provide to Congress a report and rec-

1	ommendations on the results achieved and information
2	gained through the Program, including—
3	(1) information on the status of mesothelioma as
4	a national health issue, including—
5	(A) annual United States incidence and
6	death rate information and whether such rates
7	are increasing or decreasing;
8	(B) the average prognosis; and
9	(C) the effectiveness of treatments and
10	means of prevention;
11	(2) promising advances in mesothelioma treat-
12	ment and research which could be further developed if
13	the Program is reauthorized; and
14	(3) a summary of advances in mesothelioma
15	treatment made in the 10-year period prior to the re-
16	port and whether those advances would justify con-
17	tinuation of the Program and whether it should be re-
18	authorized for an additional 10 years.
19	(f) Severability.—If any provision of this Act, or
20	amendment made by this Act, or the application of such
21	provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is
22	held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act (in-
23	cluding this section), the amendments made by this Act,
24	and the application of the provisions of such to any person
25	or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

- 1 (g) Regulations.—The Director of the National In-
- 2 stitutes of Health shall promulgate regulations to provide
- 3 for the implementation of this section.

4 TITLE III—JUDICIAL REVIEW

- 5 SEC. 301. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 6 (a) Exclusive Jurisdiction.—The United States
- 7 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
- 8 have exclusive jurisdiction over any action to review rules
- 9 or regulations promulgated by the Administrator or the
- 10 Asbestos Insurers Commission under this Act.
- 11 (b) Period for Filing Petition.—A petition for
- 12 review under this section shall be filed not later than 60
- 13 days after the date notice of such promulgation appears
- 14 in the Federal Register.
- 15 (c) Expedited Procedures.—The United States
- 16 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia shall provide
- 17 for expedited procedures for reviews under this section.
- 18 SEC. 302. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF AWARD DECISIONS.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Any claimant adversely affected
- 20 or aggrieved by a final decision of the Administrator
- 21 awarding or denying compensation under title I may peti-
- 22 tion for judicial review of such decision. Any petition for
- 23 review under this section shall be filed within 90 days of
- 24 the issuance of a final decision of the Administrator.

- 1 (b) EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION.—A petition for review
- 2 may only be filed in the United States Court of Appeals
- 3 for the circuit in which the claimant resides at the time
- 4 of the issuance of the final order.
- 5 (c) STANDARD OF REVIEW.—The court shall uphold
- 6 the decision of the Administrator unless the court deter-
- 7 mines, upon review of the record as a whole, that the deci-
- 8 sion is not supported by substantial evidence, is contrary
- 9 to law, or is not in accordance with procedure required
- 10 by law.
- 11 (d) Expedited Procedures.—The United States
- 12 Court of Appeals shall provide for expedited procedures
- 13 for reviews under this section.
- 14 SEC. 303. JUDICIAL REVIEW OF PARTICIPANTS' ASSESS-
- 15 MENTS.
- 16 (a) Exclusive Jurisdiction.—The United States
- 17 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
- 18 have exclusive jurisdiction over any action to review a final
- 19 determination by the Administrator or the Asbestos Insur-
- 20 ers Commission regarding the liability of any person to
- 21 make a payment to the Fund, including a notice of appli-
- 22 cable subtier assignment under section 204(i), a notice of
- 23 financial hardship or inequity determination under section
- 24 204(d), a notice of a distributor's adjustment under section

- 1 204(m), and a notice of insurer participant obligation
- 2 under section 212(b).
- 3 (b) Period for Filing Action.—A petition for re-
- 4 view under subsection (a) shall be filed not later than 60
- 5 days after a final determination by the Administrator or
- 6 the Commission giving rise to the action. Any defendant
- 7 participant who receives a notice of its applicable subtier
- 8 under section 204(i) or, a notice of financial hardship or
- 9 inequity determination under section 204(d), or a notice
- 10 of a distributor's adjustment under section 204(m), shall
- 11 commence any action within 30 days after a decision on
- 12 rehearing under section 204(i)(10), and any insurer par-
- 13 ticipant who receives a notice of a payment obligation
- 14 under section 212(b) shall commence any action within 30
- 15 days after receiving such notice. The court shall give such
- 16 action expedited consideration.

17 SEC. 304. OTHER JUDICIAL CHALLENGES.

- 18 (a) Exclusive Jurisdiction.—The United States
- 19 District Court for the District of Columbia shall have ex-
- 20 clusive jurisdiction over any action for declaratory or in-
- 21 junctive relief challenging any provision of this Act. An
- 22 action under this section shall be filed not later than 60
- 23 days after the date of enactment of this Act or 60 days
- 24 after the final action by the Administrator or the Commis-
- 25 sion giving rise to the action, whichever is later.

1	(b) DIRECT APPEAL.—A final decision in the action
2	shall be reviewable on appeal directly to the Supreme
3	Court of the United States. Such appeal shall be taken
4	by the filing of a notice of appeal within 30 days, and
5	the filing of a jurisdictional statement within 60 days, of
6	the entry of the final decision.
7	(e) Expedited Procedures.—It shall be the duty
8	of the United States District Court for the District of Co-
9	lumbia and the Supreme Court of the United States to
10	advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest pos-
11	sible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.
12	SEC. 305. STAYS, EXCLUSIVITY, AND CONSTITUTIONAL RE-
	See our sills, molestifil, me consillering we
13	VIEW.
13	VIEW.
13 14	view. (a) No Stays.—
131415	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of
13 14 15 16	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of payment by any party into the Fund pending its
13 14 15 16 17	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of payment by any party into the Fund pending its final judgment.
13 14 15 16 17 18	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of payment by any party into the Fund pending its final judgment. (2) Legal Challenges.—No court may issue a
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of payment by any party into the Fund pending its final judgment. (2) Legal Challenges.—No court may issue a stay or injunction pending final judicial action, in-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	VIEW. (a) No Stays.— (1) Payments.—No court may issue a stay of payment by any party into the Fund pending its final judgment. (2) Legal challenges.—No court may issue a stay or injunction pending final judicial action, including the exhaustion of all appeals, on a legal chal-

24 which review could have been obtained under section 301,

1	302, or 303 shall not be subject to judicial review in any
2	other proceeding.
3	(c) Constitutional Review.—
4	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
5	provision of law, any interlocutory or final judgment,
6	decree, or order of a Federal court holding this Act,
7	or any provision or application thereof, unconstitu-
8	tional shall be reviewable as a matter of right by di-
9	rect appeal to the Supreme Court.
10	(1) In General.—The United States District
11	Court for the District of Columbia shall have exclusive
12	jurisdiction over any action challenging the constitu-
13	tionality of any provision or application of this Act.
14	The following rules shall apply:
15	(A) The action shall be filed in the United
16	States District Court for the District of Colum-
17	bia and shall be heard by a 3-judge court con-
18	vened under section 2284 of title 28, United
19	$States\ Code.$
20	(B) A final decision in the action shall be
21	reviewable only by appeal directly to the Su-
22	preme Court of the United States. Such appeal
23	shall be taken by the filing of a notice of appeal

within 10 days, and the filing of a jurisdictional

	statement	within	30	days,	after	the	entry	of	the
2	final decis	sion.							

- (C) It shall be the duty of the United States

 District Court for the District of Columbia and
 the Supreme Court of the United States to advance on the docket and to expedite to the greatest possible extent the disposition of the action and appeal.
- (2) PERIOD FOR FILING APPEAL. Any such appeal shall be filed not more than 30 days after entry of such judgment, decree, or order.
- (3)(2) Repayment to asbestos trust and Class action trust.—If the transfer of the assets of any asbestos trust of a debtor or any class action trust (or this Act as a whole) is held to be unconstitutional or otherwise unlawful, the Fund shall transfer the remaining balance of such assets (determined under section 405(f)(1)(A)(iii)) back to the appropriate asbestos trust or class action trust within 90 days after final judicial action on the legal challenge, including the exhaustion of all appeals.

TITLE IV—MISCELLANEOUS 1 **PROVISIONS** 2 SEC. 401. FALSE INFORMATION. 3 (a) In General.—Chapter 63 of title 18, United 4 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-5 lowing: 6 "§ 1348. Fraud and false statements in connection 7 8 with participation in Asbestos Injury 9 Claims Resolution Fund 10 "(a) FRAUD RELATING TO ASBESTOS INJURY 11 CLAIMS RESOLUTION FUND.—Whoever knowingly and willfully executes, or attempts to execute, a scheme or arti-12 fice to defraud the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation or the Asbestos Insurers Commission under title H of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005 shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both. "(b) False Statement Relating to Asbestos 18 Injury Claims Resolution Fund.—Whoever, in any matter involving the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensa-20 tion or the Asbestos Insurers Commission, knowingly and 22 willfully—

"(1) falsifies, conceals, or covers up by any

trick, scheme, or device a material fact;

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"(2) makes any materially false, fictitious, or
fraudulent statements or representations; or
"(3) makes or uses any false writing or docu-
ment knowing the same to contain any materially
false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or entry, in
connection with the award of a claim or the deter-
mination of a participant's payment obligation under
title I or H of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Reso-
lution Act of 2005 shall be fined under this title or
imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both.".
(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
The table of sections for chapter 63 of title 18, United
States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
lowing:
"1348. Fraud and false statements in connection with participation in Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund.".
"§ 1351. Fraud and false statements in connection
with participation in Asbestos Injury
Claims Resolution Fund
"(a) Fraud Relating to Asbestos Injury Claims
RESOLUTION FUND.—Whoever knowingly and willfully exe-
cutes, or attempts to execute, a scheme or artifice to defraud
the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation or the Asbestos
Insurers Commission under title II of the Fairness in Asbes-
tos Injury Resolution Act of 2005 shall be fined under this

24 title or imprisoned not more than 20 years, or both.

1	"(b) False Statement Relating to Asbestos In-
2	JURY CLAIMS RESOLUTION FUND.—
3	"(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
4	person, in any matter involving the Office of Asbestos
5	Disease Compensation or the Asbestos Insurers Com-
6	mission, to knowingly and willfully—
7	"(A) falsify, conceal, or cover up by any
8	trick, scheme, or device a material fact;
9	"(B) make any materially false, fictitious,
10	or fraudulent statement or representation; or
11	"(C) make or use any false writing or docu-
12	ment knowing the same to contain any materi-
13	ally false, fictitious, or fraudulent statement or
14	entry, in connection with the award of a claim
15	or the determination of a participant's payment
16	obligation under title I or II of the Fairness in
17	Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005.
18	"(2) Penalty.—A person who violates this sub-
19	section shall be fined under this title or imprisoned
20	not more than 10 years, or both.".
21	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—The
22	table of sections for chapter 63 of title 18, United States
23	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"1351. Fraud and false statements in connection with participation in Asbestos Injury Claims Resolution Fund.".

1 SEC. 402. EFFECT ON BANKRUPTCY LAWS.

- 2 (a) No Automatic Stay.—Section 362(b) of title
- 3 11, United States Code, is amended—
- 4 (1) in paragraph (17), by striking "or" at the
- 5 end;
- 6 (2) in paragraph (18), by striking the period at
- 7 the end and inserting "; or"; and
- 8 (3) by inserting after paragraph (18) the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- "(19) under subsection (a) of this section of the
- enforcement of any payment obligations under sec-
- tion 204 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolu-
- tion Act of 2005, against a debtor, or the property
- of the estate of a debtor, that is a participant (as
- that term is defined in section 3 of that Act).".
- 16 (b) Assumption of Executory Contract.—Sec-
- 17 tion 365 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by
- 18 adding at the end the following:
- 19 "(p) If a debtor is a participant (as that term is de-
- 20 fined in section 3 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Reso-
- 21 lution Act of 2005), the trustee shall be deemed to have
- 22 assumed all executory contracts entered into by the partic-
- 23 ipant under section 204 of that Act. The trustee may not
- 24 reject any such executory contract.".

- 1 (c) Allowed Administrative Expenses.—Section
- 2 503 of title 11, United States Code, is amended by adding
- 3 at the end the following:
- 4 "(c)(1) Claims or expenses of the United States, the
- 5 Attorney General, or the Administrator (as that term is
- 6 defined in section 3 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
- 7 Resolution Act of 2005) based upon the asbestos payment
- 8 obligations of a debtor that is a Participant (as that term
- 9 is defined in section 3 of that Act), shall be paid as an
- 10 allowed administrative expense. The debtor shall not be
- 11 entitled to either notice or a hearing with respect to such
- 12 claims.
- 13 "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'asbes-
- 14 tos payment obligation' means any payment obligation
- 15 under title II of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolu-
- 16 tion Act of 2005.".
- 17 (d) No Discharge.—Section 523 of title 11, United
- 18 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 19 lowing:
- 20 "(f) A discharge under section 727, 1141, 1228, or
- 21 1328 of this title does not discharge any debtor that is
- 22 a participant (as that term is defined in section 3 of the
- 23 Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005) of
- 24 the debtor's payment obligations assessed against the par-
- 25 ticipant under title II of that Act.".

1	(e) Payment.—Section 524 of title 11, United States
2	Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
3	"(i) Participant Debtors.—
4	"(1) In General.—Paragraphs (2) and (3)
5	shall apply to a debtor who—
6	"(A) is a participant that has made prior
7	asbestos expenditures (as such terms are de-
8	fined in the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolu-
9	tion Act of 2005); and
10	"(B) is subject to a case under this title
11	that is pending—
12	"(i) on the date of enactment of the
13	Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act
14	of 2005; or
15	"(ii) at any time during the 1-year pe-
16	riod preceding the date of enactment of
17	that Act.
18	"(2) Tier I debtors.—A debtor that has been
19	assigned to Tier I under section 202 of the Fairness
20	in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005, shall
21	make payments in accordance with sections 202 and
22	203 of that Act.
23	"(3) Treatment of Payment obliga-
24	TIONS.—All payment obligations of a debtor under

1	sections 202 and 203 of the Fairness in Asbestos In-
2	jury Resolution Act of 2005 shall—
3	"(A) constitute costs and expenses of ad-
4	ministration of a case under section 503 of this
5	title;
6	"(B) notwithstanding any case pending
7	under this title, be payable in accordance with
8	section 202 of that Act;
9	"(C) not be stayed;
10	"(D) not be affected as to enforcement or
11	collection by any stay or injunction of any
12	court; and
13	"(E) not be impaired or discharged in any
14	current or future case under this title.".
15	(f) Treatment of Trusts.—Section 524 of title
16	11, United States Code, as amended by this Act, is
17	amended by adding at the end the following:
18	"(j) Asbestos Trusts.—
19	"(1) In general.—A trust shall assign a por-
20	tion of the corpus of the trust to the Asbestos Injury
21	Claims Resolution Fund (referred to in this sub-
22	section as the 'Fund') as established under the Fair-
23	ness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005 if
24	the trust qualifies as a 'trust' under section 201 of
25	that Act.

1	"(2) Transfer of trust assets.—
2	"(A) In General.—
3	"(i) Except as provided under sub-
4	paragraphs (B), (C), and (E), the assets in
5	any trust established to provide compensa-
6	tion for asbestos claims (as defined in sec-
7	tion 3 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
8	Resolution Act of 2005) shall be trans-
9	ferred to the Fund not later than 6
10	months 90 days after the date of enact-
11	ment of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
12	Resolution Act of 2005 or 30 days fol-
13	lowing funding of a trust established under
14	a reorganization plan subject to section
15	202(e) of that Act. Except as provided
16	under subparagraph (B), the Adminis-
17	trator of the Fund shall accept such assets
18	and utilize them for any purposes of the
19	Fund under section 221 of such Act, in-
20	cluding the payment of claims for awards
21	under such Act to beneficiaries of the trust
22	from which the assets were transferred.
23	"(ii) Notwithstanding any other provi-
24	sion of Federal or State law, no liability of
25	any kind may be imposed on a trustee of

1	a trust for transferring assets to the Fund
2	in accordance with clause (i).

"(B) AUTHORITY TO REFUSE ASSETS.—
The Administrator of the Fund may refuse to accept any asset that the Administrator determines may create liability for the Fund in excess of the value of the asset.

"(C) Allocation of trust assets.—If a trust under subparagraph (A) has beneficiaries with claims that are not asbestos claims, the assets transferred to the Fund under subparagraph (A) shall not include assets allocable to such beneficiaries. The trustees of any such trust shall determine the amount of such trust assets to be reserved for the continuing operation of the trust in processing and paying claims that are not asbestos claims. The trustees shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Administrator, or by clear and convincing evidence in a proceeding brought before the United States District Court for the District of Columbia in accordance with paragraph (4), that the amount reserved is properly allocable to claims other than asbestos claims.

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1	"(D) Sale of fund assets.—The invest-
2	ment requirements under section 222 of the
3	Fairness in Ashestes Injury Resolution Act of

3 Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of

4 2005 shall not be construed to require the Ad-

5 ministrator of the Fund to sell assets trans-

6 ferred to the Fund under subparagraph (A).

LIQUIDATED CLAIMS.—Except as specifically provided in this subparagraph, all asbestos claims against a trust are superseded and preempted as of the date of enactment of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005, and a trust shall not make any payment relating to asbestos claims after that date. If, in the ordinary course and the normal and usual administration of the trust consistent with past practices, a trust had before the date of enactment of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005, made all determinations necessary to entitle an individual claimant to a noncontingent cash payment from the trust, the trust shall (i) make any lump-sum cash payment due to that claimant, and (ii) make or provide for all remaining noncontingent payments on any award being paid or scheduled to be paid on an installment basis, in

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each case only to the same extent that the trust would have made such cash payments in the ordinary course and consistent with past practices before enactment of that Act. A trust shall not make any payment in respect of any alleged contingent right to recover any greater amount than the trust had already paid, or had completed all determinations necessary to pay, to a claimant in cash in accordance with its ordinary distribution procedures in effect as of June 1, 2003.

"(3) Injunction.—

"(A) In General.—Any injunction issued as part of the formation of a trust described in paragraph (1) shall remain in full force and effect. No court, Federal or State, may enjoin the transfer of assets by a trust to the Fund in accordance with this subsection pending resolution of any litigation challenging such transfer or the validity of this subsection or of any provision of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005, and an interlocutory order denying such relief shall not be subject to immediate appeal under section 1291(a) of title 28.

1	"(B) Availability of fund assets.—
2	Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
3	once such a transfer has been made, the assets
4	of the Fund shall be available to satisfy any
5	final judgment entered in such an action and
6	such transfer shall no longer be subject to any
7	appeal or review—
8	"(i) declaring that the transfer ef-
9	fected a taking of a right or property for
10	which an individual is constitutionally enti-
11	tled to just compensation; or
12	"(ii) requiring the transfer back to a
13	trust of any or all assets transferred by
14	that trust to the Fund.
15	"(4) Jurisdiction.—Solely for purposes of im-
16	plementing this subsection, personal jurisdiction over
17	every covered trust, the trustees thereof, and any
18	other necessary party, and exclusive subject matter
19	jurisdiction over every question arising out of or re-
20	lated to this subsection, shall be vested in the United
21	States District Court for the District of Columbia.
22	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, includ-
23	ing section 1127 of this title, that court may make
24	any order necessary and appropriate to facilitate

prompt compliance with this subsection, including

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assuming jurisdiction over and modifying, to the extent necessary, any applicable confirmation order or other order with continuing and prospective application to a covered trust. The court may also resolve any related challenge to the constitutionality of this subsection or of its application to any trust, trustee, or individual claimant. The Administrator of the Fund may bring an action seeking such an order or modification, under the standards of rule 60(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or otherwise, and shall be entitled to intervene as of right in any action brought by any other party seeking interpretation, application, or invalidation of this subsection. Any order denying relief that would facilitate prompt compliance with the transfer provisions of this subsection shall be subject to immediate appeal under section 304 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, for purposes of implementing the sunset provisions of section 402(f) of such Act which apply to asbestos trusts and the class action trust, the bankruptcy court or United States district court having jurisdiction over any such trust as of the date of enactment of such Act shall retain such jurisdiction.".

- 1 (g) No Avoidance of Transfer.—Section 546 of
- 2 title 11, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- 3 end the following:
- 4 "(h) Notwithstanding the rights and powers of a
- 5 trustee under sections 544, 545, 547, 548, 549, and 550
- 6 of this title, if a debtor is a participant (as that term is
- 7 defined in section 3 of the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
- 8 Resolution Act of 2005), the trustee may not avoid a
- 9 transfer made by the debtor under its payment obligations
- 10 under section 202 or 203 of that Act.".
- 11 (h) Confirmation of Plan.—Section 1129(a) of
- 12 title 11, United States Code, is amended by adding at the
- 13 end the following:
- 14 "(14) If the debtor is a participant (as that
- term is defined in section 3 of the Fairness in As-
- bestos Injury Resolution Act of 2005), the plan pro-
- vides for the continuation after its effective date of
- payment of all payment obligations under title II of
- that Act.".
- 20 (i) Effect on Insurance Receivership Pro-
- 21 CEEDINGS.—
- 22 (1) Lien.—In an insurance receivership pro-
- ceeding involving a direct insurer, reinsurer or run-
- off participant, there shall be a lien in favor of the
- 25 Fund for the amount of any assessment and any

- such lien shall be given priority over all other claims against the participant in receivership, except for the expenses of administration of the receivership and the perfected claims of the secured creditors. Any State law that provides for priorities inconsistent with this provision is preempted by this Act.
- 7 (2) Payment of Assessment.—Payment of 8 any assessment required by this Act shall not be 9 subject to any automatic or judicially entered stay in 10 any insurance receivership proceeding. This Act shall 11 preempt any State law requiring that payments by 12 a direct insurer, reinsurer or runoff participant in 13 an insurance receivership proceeding be approved by 14 a court, receiver or other person. Payments of as-15 sessments by any direct insurer or reinsurer partici-16 pant under this Act shall not be subject to the avoid-17 ance powers of a receiver or a court in or relating 18 to an insurance receivership proceeding.
- 19 (j) Standing in Bankruptcy Proceedings.—The 20 Administrator shall have standing in any bankruptcy case 21 involving a debtor participant. No bankruptcy court may 22 require the Administrator to return property seized to sat-23 isfy obligations to the Fund.

1	SEC. 403. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS AND EXISTING CLAIMS.
2	(a) Effect on Federal and State Law.—The
3	provisions of this Act shall supersede any Federal or State
4	law insofar as such law may relate to any asbestos claim,
5	including any claim described under subsection (e)(2).
6	(b) Effect on Silica Claims.—
7	(1) In general.—
8	(A) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in
9	this Act shall be construed to preempt, bar, or
10	otherwise preclude any personal injury claim at-
11	tributable to exposure to silica as to which the
12	plaintiff—
13	(i) pleads with particularity and es-
14	tablishes by a preponderance of evidence
15	either that—
16	(I) no claim has been asserted or
17	filed by or with respect to the exposed
18	person in any forum for any asbestos-
19	related condition and the exposed per-
20	son (or another claiming on behalf of
21	or through the exposed person) is not
22	eligible for any monetary award under
23	this Act; or
24	(II)(aa) the exposed person suf-
25	fers or has suffered a functional im-

1	pairment that was caused by exposure
2	to silica; and
3	(bb) asbestos exposure was not a
4	substantial contributing factor to such
5	functional impairment; and
6	(ii) satisfies the requirements of para-
7	graph (2).
8	(B) Preemption.—Claims attributable to
9	exposure to silica that fail to meet the require-
10	ments of subparagraph (A) shall be preempted
11	by this Act.
12	(2) Required evidence.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—In any claim to which
14	paragraph (1) applies, the initial pleading (or,
15	for claims pending on the date of enactment of
16	this Act, an amended pleading to be filed within
17	60 days after such date, but not later than 60
18	days before trial, shall plead with particularity
19	the elements of subparagraph $(A)(i)(I)$ or (II)
20	and shall be accompanied by the information
21	described under subparagraph (B)(i) through
22	(iv).
23	(B) Pleadings.—If the claim pleads the
24	elements of paragraph (1)(A)(i)(II) and by the
25	information described under clauses (i) through

1	(iv) of this subparagraph if the claim pleads the
2	elements of paragraph (1)(A)(i)(I)—
3	(i) admissible evidence, including at a
4	minimum, a B-reader's report, the under-
5	lying x-ray film and such other evidence
6	showing that the claim may be maintained
7	and is not preempted under paragraph (1):
8	(ii) notice of any previous lawsuit or
9	claim for benefits in which the exposed
10	person, or another claiming on behalf of or
11	through the injured person, asserted an in-
12	jury or disability based wholly or in part
13	on exposure to asbestos;
14	(iii) if known by the plaintiff after
15	reasonable inquiry by the plaintiff or his
16	representative, the history of the exposed
17	person's exposure, if any, to asbestos; and
18	(iv) copies of all medical and labora-
19	tory reports pertaining to the exposed per-
20	son that refer to asbestos or asbestos expo-
21	sure.
22	(3) Statute of Limitations.—In general, the
23	statute of limitations for a silica claim shall be gov-
24	erned by applicable State law, except that in any case
25	under this subsection, the statute of limitations shall

only start to run when the plaintiff becomes impaired.

(c) Superseding Provisions.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—Except as provided under paragraph (3) and section 106(f), any agreement, understanding, or undertaking by any person or affiliated group with respect to the treatment of any asbestos claim that requires future performance by any party, insurer of such party, settlement administrator, or escrow agent shall be superseded in its entirety by this Act.
- (2) No force or effect.—Except as provided under paragraph (3), any such agreement, understanding, or undertaking by any such person or affiliated group shall be of no force or effect, and no person shall have any rights or claims with respect to any such agreement, understanding, or undertaking.

(3) Exception.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 202(f), nothing in this Act shall abrogate a binding and legally enforceable written settlement agreement between any defendant participant or its insurer and a specific named

1	plaintiff with respect to the settlement of an as-
2	bestos claim of the plaintiff if—
3	(i) before the date of enactment of
4	this Act, the settlement agreement was ex-
5	ecuted directly by the settling defendant or
6	the settling insurer and the individual
7	plaintiff, or on behalf of the plaintiff where
8	the plaintiff is incapacitated and the settle-
9	ment agreement is signed by an authorized
10	legal representative;
11	(i) before the date of enactment of this
12	Act, the settlement agreement was executed
13	by—
14	(I) the settling defendant or the
15	settling insurer; and
16	(II)(aa) the specific individual
17	plaintiff, or the individual's immediate
18	relatives; or
19	(bb) an authorized legal represent-
20	ative acting on behalf of the plaintiff
21	where the plaintiff is incapacitated
22	and the settlement agreement is signed
23	by that authorized legal representative;
24	(ii) the settlement agreement contains
25	an express obligation by the settling de-

1	fendant or settling insurer to make a fu-
2	ture direct monetary payment or payments
3	in a fixed amount or amounts to the indi-
4	vidual plaintiff; and
5	(iii) within 30 days after the date of
6	enactment of this Act, or such shorter time
7	period specified in the settlement agree-
8	ment, all conditions to payment under the
9	settlement agreement have been fulfilled,
10	so that the only remaining performance
11	due under the settlement agreement is the
12	payment or payments by the settling de-
13	fendant or the settling insurer.
14	(B) Bankruptcy-related agree-
15	MENTS.—The exception set forth in this para-
16	graph shall not apply to any bankruptcy-related
17	agreement.
18	(C) COLLATERAL SOURCE.—Any settle-
19	ment payment under this section is a collateral
20	source if the plaintiff seeks recovery from the
21	Fund.
22	(D) Abrogation.—Nothing in subpara-
23	graph (A) shall abrogate a settlement agree-
24	ment otherwise satisfying the requirements of
25	that subparagraph if such settlement agreement

1	expressly anticipates the enactment of this Act
2	and provides for the effects of this Act.
3	(E) HEALTH CARE INSURANCE OR EX-
4	PENSES SETTLEMENTS.—Nothing in this Act
5	shall abrogate or terminate an otherwise fully
6	enforceable settlement agreement which was ex-
7	ecuted before the date of enactment of this Act
8	directly by the settling defendant or the settling
9	insurer and a specific named plaintiff to pay
10	the health care insurance or health care ex-
11	penses of the plaintiff.
12	(d) Exclusive Remedy.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided under
14	paragraph (2) and section 106(f), the remedies pro-
15	vided under this Act shall be the exclusive remedy
16	for any asbestos claim, including any claim described
17	in subsection (e)(2), under any Federal or State law.
18	(2) CIVIL ACTIONS AT TRIAL.—
19	(A) In general.—This Act shall not
20	apply to any asbestos claim that—
21	(i) is a civil action filed in a Federal
22	or State court (not including a filing in a
23	bankruptcy court);
24	(ii) is not part of a consolidation of
25	actions or a class action; and

1	(iii) on the date of enactment of this
2	Act—
3	(I) in the case of a civil action
4	which includes a jury trial, is before
5	the jury after its impanelling and
6	commencement of presentation of evi-
7	dence, but before its deliberations;
8	(II) in the case of a civil action
9	which includes a trial in which a judge
10	is the trier of fact, is at the presen-
11	tation of evidence at trial; or
12	(III) a verdict, final order, or
13	final judgment has been entered by a
14	trial court.
15	(B) Nonapplicability.—This Act shall
16	not apply to a civil action described under sub-
17	paragraph (A) throughout the final disposition
18	of the action.
19	(e) Bar on Asbestos Claims.—
20	(1) In general.—No asbestos claim (including
21	any claim described in paragraph (2)) may be pur-
22	sued, and no pending asbestos claim may be main-
23	tained, in any Federal or State court, except as pro-
24	vided under subsection $(d)(2)$ and section $106(f)$.
25	(2) Certain specified claims.—

1	(A) In general.—Subject to section 404
2	(d) and (e)(3) of this Act, no claim may be
3	brought or pursued in any Federal or State
4	court or insurance receivership proceeding—
5	(i) relating to any default, confessed
6	or stipulated judgment on an asbestos
7	claim if the judgment debtor expressly
8	agreed, in writing or otherwise, not to con-
9	test the entry of judgment against it and
10	the plaintiff expressly agreed, in writing or
11	otherwise, to seek satisfaction of the judg-
12	ment only against insurers or in bank-
13	ruptey;
14	(ii) relating to the defense, investiga-
15	tion, handling, litigation, settlement, or
16	payment of any asbestos claim by any par-
17	ticipant, including claims for bad faith or
18	unfair or deceptive claims handling or
19	breach of any duties of good faith; or
20	(iii) arising out of or relating to the
21	asbestos-related injury of any individual
22	and—
23	(I) asserting any conspiracy, con-
24	cert of action, aiding or abetting, act,
25	conduct, statement, misstatement, un-

1	dertaking, publication, omission, or
2	failure to detect, speak, disclose, pub-
3	lish, or warn relating to the presence
4	or health effects of asbestos or the
5	use, sale, distribution, manufacture,
6	production, development, inspection,
7	advertising, marketing, or installation
8	of asbestos; or
9	(II) asserting any conspiracy,
10	act, conduct, statement, omission, or
11	failure to detect, disclose, or warn re-
12	lating to the presence or health effects
13	of asbestos or the use, sale, distribu-
14	tion, manufacture, production, devel-
15	opment, inspection, advertising, mar-
16	keting, or installation of asbestos, as-
17	serted as or in a direct action against
18	an insurer or reinsurer based upon
19	any theory, statutory, contract, tort,
20	or otherwise; or
21	(iv) by any third party, and premised
22	on any theory, allegation, or cause of ac-
23	tion, for reimbursement of healthcare costs
24	allegedly associated with the use of or ex-

1	posure to asbestos, whether such claim is
2	asserted directly, indirectly or derivatively.
3	(B) Exceptions.—Subparagraph (A) (ii)
4	and (iii) shall not apply to claims against par-
5	ticipants by persons—
6	(i) with whom the participant is in
7	privity of contract;
8	(ii) who have received an assignment
9	of insurance rights not otherwise voided by
10	this Act; or
11	(iii) who are beneficiaries covered by
12	the express terms of a contract with that
13	participant.
14	(3) Preemption.—Any action asserting an as-
15	bestos claim (including a claim described in para-
16	graph (2)) in any Federal or State court is pre-
17	empted by this Act, except as provided under sub-
18	section (d)(2) and section $106(f)$.
19	(4) DISMISSAL.—Except as provided under sub-
20	section (d)(2), no judgment other than a judgment
21	of dismissal may be entered in any such action, in-
22	cluding an action pending on appeal, or on petition
23	or motion for discretionary review, on or after the
24	date of enactment of this Act. A court may dismiss
25	any such action on its motion. If the court denies

the motion to dismiss, it shall stay further proceedings until final disposition of any appeal taken under this Act.

(5) Removal.—

- (A) In General.—If an action in any State court under paragraph (3) is preempted, barred, or otherwise precluded under this Act, and not dismissed, or if an order entered after the date of enactment of this Act purporting to enter judgment or deny review is not rescinded and replaced with an order of dismissal within 30 days after the filing of a motion by any party to the action advising the court of the provisions of this Act, any party may remove the case to the district court of the United States for the district in which such action is pending.
- (B) TIME LIMITS.—For actions originally filed after the date of enactment of this Act, the notice of removal shall be filed within the time limits specified in section 1441(b) of title 28, United States Code.
- (C) PROCEDURES.—The procedures for removal and proceedings after removal shall be in accordance with sections 1446 through 1450 of

title 28, United States Code, except as may be necessary to accommodate removal of any actions pending (including on appeal) on the date of enactment of this Act.

(D) REVIEW OF REMAND ORDERS.—

(i) In General.—Section 1447 of title 28, United States Code, shall apply to any removal of a case under this section, except that notwithstanding subsection (d) of that section, a court of appeals may accept an appeal from an order of a district court granting or denying a motion to remand an action to the State court from which it was removed if application is made to the court of appeals not less than 7 days after entry of the order.

(ii) TIME PERIOD FOR JUDGMENT.—If the court of appeals accepts an appeal under clause (i), the court shall complete all action on such appeal, including rendering judgment, not later than 60 days after the date on which such appeal was filed, unless an extension is granted under clause (iii).

1	(iii) Extension of time period.—
2	The court of appeals may grant an exten-
3	sion of the 60-day period described in
4	clause (ii) if—
5	(I) all parties to the proceeding
6	agree to such extension, for any pe-
7	riod of time; or
8	(II) such extension is for good
9	cause shown and in the interests of
10	justice, for a period not to exceed 10
11	days.
12	(iv) Denial of Appeal.—If a final
13	judgment on the appeal under clause (i) is
14	not issued before the end of the period de-
15	scribed in clause (ii), including any exten-
16	sion under clause (iii), the appeal shall be
17	denied.
18	(E) Jurisdiction.—The jurisdiction of
19	the district court shall be limited to—
20	(i) determining whether removal was
21	proper; and
22	(ii) determining, based on the evi-
23	dentiary record, whether the claim pre-
24	sented is preempted, barred, or otherwise
25	precluded under this Act.

(6) Credits.—

- (A) In General.—If, notwithstanding the express intent of Congress stated in this section, any court finally determines for any reason that an asbestos claim is not barred under this subsection and is not subject to the exclusive remedy or preemption provisions of this section, then any participant required to satisfy a final judgment executed with respect to any such claim may elect to receive a credit against any assessment owed to the Fund equal to the amount of the payment made with respect to such executed judgment.
 - (B) REQUIREMENTS.—The Administrator shall require participants seeking credit under this paragraph to demonstrate that the participant—
 - (i) timely pursued all available remedies, including remedies available under this paragraph to obtain dismissal of the claim; and
 - (ii) notified the Administrator at least 20 days before the expiration of any period within which to appeal the denial of a motion to dismiss based on this section.

1	(C) Information.—The Administrator
2	may require a participant seeking credit under
3	this paragraph to furnish such further informa-
4	tion as is necessary and appropriate to establish
5	eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit.
6	(D) Intervention.—The Administrator
7	may intervene in any action in which a credit
8	may be due under this paragraph.
9	SEC. 404. EFFECT ON INSURANCE AND REINSURANCE CON-
10	TRACTS.
11	(a) Erosion of Insurance Coverage Limits.—
12	(1) Definitions.—In this section, the fol-
13	lowing definitions shall apply:
14	(A) DEEMED EROSION AMOUNT.—The
15	term "deemed erosion amount" means the
16	amount of erosion deemed to occur at enact-
17	ment under paragraph (2).
18	(B) Early sunset.—The term "early
19	sunset" means an event causing termination of
20	the program under section 405(f) which relieves
21	the insurer participants of paying some portion
22	of the aggregate payment level of
23	\$46,025,000,000 required under section
24	212(a)(2)(A).

1 (C) EARNED AMOUNT.—The EROSION term "earned erosion amount" means, in the 2 event of any early sunset under section 405(f), 3 the percentage, as set forth in the following schedule, depending on the year in which the 6 defendant participants' funding obligations end, 7 of those amounts which, at the time of the early 8 sunset, a defendant participant has paid to the 9 fund and remains obligated to pay into the 10 fund.

Year After Enactment In Which **Applicable Defendant Participant's Funding Obligation Ends:** Percentage: 67.06 2 3 86.72 96.55 4 5 102.45 6 90.12 7 81.32 8 74.7169.589 65.4710 62.11 11 59.31 12 13 56.9454.90 14 53.14 15 16 51.60 17 50.24 18 49.03 19 47.9520 46.98 46.10 21 22 45.30 23 44.57 24 43.90 25 43.28 42.71 26 27 42.18 28 40.82 29 39.42

1	(D) Remaining aggregate products
2	LIMITS.—The term "remaining aggregate prod-
3	ucts limits" means aggregate limits that apply
4	to insurance coverage granted under the "prod-
5	ucts hazard", "completed operations hazard",
6	or "Products—Completed Operations Liability"
7	in any comprehensive general liability policy
8	issued between calendar years 1940 and 1986
9	to cover injury which occurs in any State, as re-
10	duced by—
11	(i) any existing impairment of such
12	aggregate limits as of the date of enact-
13	ment of this Act; and
14	(ii) the resolution of claims for reim-
15	bursement or coverage of liability or paid
16	or incurred loss for which notice was pro-
17	vided to the insurer before the date of en-
18	actment of this Act.
19	(E) Scheduled payment amounts.—
20	The term "scheduled payment amounts" means
21	the future payment obligation to the Fund
22	under this Act from a defendant participant in
23	the amount established under sections 203 and

204.

1	(F) UNEARNED EROSION AMOUNT.—The
2	term "unearned erosion amount" means, in the
3	event of any early sunset under section 405(f),
4	the difference between the deemed erosion
5	amount and the earned erosion amount.
6	(2) Quantum and timing of erosion.—
7	(A) Erosion upon enactment.—The
8	collective payment obligations to the Fund of
9	the insurer and reinsurer participants as as-
10	sessed by the Administrator shall be deemed as
11	of the date of enactment of this Act to erode re-
12	maining aggregate products limits available to a
13	defendant participant only in an amount of
14	38.1 percent of each defendant participant's
15	scheduled payment amount.
16	(B) No assertion of claim.—No insurer
17	or reinsurer may assert any claim against a de-
18	fendant participant or captive insurer for insur-
19	ance, reinsurance, payment of a deductible, or
20	retrospective premium adjustment arising out
21	of that insurer's or reinsurer's payments to the
22	Fund or the erosion deemed to occur under this
23	section.

(C) Policies without certain limits

OR WITH EXCLUSION.—Except as provided

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under subparagraph (E), nothing in this section shall require or permit the erosion of any insurance policy or limit that does not contain an aggregate products limit, or that contains an asbestos exclusion.

- (D) Treatment OF CONSOLIDATION ELECTION.—If an affiliated group elects consolidation as provided in section 204(f), the total erosion of limits for the affiliated group under paragraph (2)(A) shall not exceed 59.64 38.1 percent of the scheduled payment amount of the single payment obligation for the entire affiliated group. The total erosion of limits for any individual defendant participant in the affiliated group shall not exceed its individual share of 59.64 38.1 percent of the affiliated group's scheduled payment amount, as measured by the individual defendant participant's percentage share of the affiliated group's prior asbestos expenditures.
- (E) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, nothing in this Act shall be deemed to erode remaining aggregate products limits of a defendant participant that can demonstrate by a

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reponderance of the evidence that 75 percent of its prior asbestos expenditures were made in defense or satisfaction of asbestos claims alleging bodily injury arising exclusively from the exposure to asbestos at premises owned, rented, or controlled by the defendant participant (a "premises defendant"). In calculating such percentage, where expenditures were made in defense or satisfaction of asbestos claims alleging bodily injury due to exposure to the defendant participant's products and to asbestos at premises owned, rented, or controlled by the defendant participant, half of such expenditures shall be deemed to be for such premises exposures. If a defendant participant establishes itself as a premises defendant, 75 percent of the payments by such defendant participant shall erode coverage limits, if any, applicable to premises liabilities under applicable law.

(3) Method of Erosion.—

(A) Allocation.—The amount of erosion allocated to each defendant participant shall be allocated among periods in which policies with remaining aggregate product limits are available to that defendant participant pro rata by

1	policy period, in ascending order by attachment
2	point.
3	(B) OTHER EROSION METHODS.—
4	(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
5	subparagraph (A), the method of erosion
6	of any remaining aggregate products limits
7	which are subject to—
8	(I) a coverage-in-place or settle-
9	ment agreement between a defendant
10	participant and 1 or more insurance
11	participants as of the date of enact-
12	ment; or
13	(II) a final and nonappealable
14	judgment as of the date of enactment
15	or resulting from a claim for coverage
16	or reimbursement pending as of such
17	date, shall be as specified in such
18	agreement or judgment with regard to
19	erosion applicable to such insurance
20	participants' policies.
21	(ii) Remaining limits.—To the ex-
22	tent that a final nonappealable judgment
23	or settlement agreement to which an in-
24	surer participant and a defendant partici-
25	pant are parties in effect as of the date of

enactment of this Act extinguished a de-
fendant participant's right to seek coverage
for asbestos claims under an insurer par-
ticipant's policies, any remaining limits in
such policies shall not be considered to be
remaining aggregate products limits under
subsection $(a)(1)(A)$.
(4) RESTORATION OF AGGREGATE PRODUCTS
LIMITS UPON EARLY SUNSET.—
(A) RESTORATION.—In the event of an
early sunset, any unearned erosion amount will
be deemed restored as aggregate products limits
available to a defendant participant as of the
date of enactment.
(B) METHOD OF RESTORATION.—The un-
earned erosion amount will be deemed restored
to each defendant participant's policies in such
a manner that the last limits that were deemed
eroded at enactment under this subsection are
deemed to be the first limits restored upon
early sunset.
(C) Tolling of Coverage Claims.—In
the event of an early sunset, the applicable stat-
ute of limitations and contractual provisions for

the filing of claims under any insurance policy

with restored aggregate products limits shall be deemed tolled after the date of enactment through the date 6 months after the date of early sunset.

- (5) Payments by defendant participant shall be deemed to erode, exhaust, or otherwise satisfy applicable self-insured retentions, deductibles, retrospectively rated premiums, and limits issued by non-participating insolvent or captive insurance companies. Reduction of remaining aggregate limits under this subsection shall not limit the right of a defendant participant to collect from any insurer not a participant.
- (6) Effect on other insurance claims.—
 Other than as specified in this subsection, this Act does not alter, change, modify, or affect insurance for claims other than asbestos claims.

(b) DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE.—

(1) Arbitration.—The parties to a dispute regarding the erosion of insurance coverage limits under this section may agree in writing to settle such dispute by arbitration. Any such provision or agreement shall be valid, irrevocable, and enforce-

- able, except for any grounds that exist at law or in equity for revocation of a contract.
 - (2) Title 9, united states code.—Arbitration of such disputes, awards by arbitrators, and confirmation of awards shall be governed by title 9, United States Code, to the extent such title is not inconsistent with this section. In any such arbitration proceeding, the erosion principles provided for under this section shall be binding on the arbitrator, unless the parties agree to the contrary.
 - (3) Final and binding between the arbitrator shall be final and binding between the parties to the arbitration, but shall have no force or effect on any other person. The parties to an arbitration may agree that in the event a policy which is the subject matter of an award is subsequently determined to be eroded in a manner different from the manner determined by the arbitration in a judgment rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction from which no appeal can or has been taken, such arbitration award may be modified by any court of competent jurisdiction upon application by any party to the arbitration. Any such modification shall govern the rights and obligations between such parties after the date of such modification.

1	(c) Effect on Nonparticipants.—
2	(1) In general.—No insurance company or
3	reinsurance company that is not a participant, other
4	than a captive insurer, shall be entitled to claim that
5	payments to the Fund erode, exhaust, or otherwise
6	limit the nonparticipant's insurance or reinsurance
7	obligations.
8	(2) Other claims.—Nothing in this Act shall
9	preclude a participant from pursuing any claim for
10	insurance or reinsurance from any person that is not
11	a participant other than a captive insurer.
12	(d) Finite Risk Policies Not Affected.—
13	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
14	provision of this Act, except subject to section
15	212(a)(1)(D), this Act shall not alter, affect or im-
16	pair any rights or obligations of—
17	(A) any party to an insurance contract
18	that expressly provides coverage for govern-
19	mental charges or assessments imposed to re-
20	place insurance or reinsurance liabilities in ef-
21	fect on the date of enactment of this Act; or
22	(B) subject to paragraph (2), any person
23	with respect to any insurance or reinsurance
24	purchased by a participant after December 31,

1990, that expressly (but not necessarily exclu-

- sively) provides coverage for asbestos liabilities, including those policies commonly referred to as "finite risk" policies.
- (2) Limitation.—No person may assert that 4 5 any amounts paid to the Fund in accordance with 6 this Act are covered by any policy described under 7 paragraph (1)(B) purchased by a defendant partici-8 pant, unless such policy specifically provides cov-9 erage for required payments to a Federal trust fund 10 established by a Federal statute to resolve asbestos 11 injury claims.
- 12 (e) Effect on Certain Insurance and Reinsur-13 ance Claims.—
 - No Subject to section 212(a)(1)(D), no participant or captive insurer may pursue an insurance or reinsurance claim against another participant or captive insurer for payments to the Fund required under this Act, except under a contract written agreement specifically providing insurance or reinsurance, or other reimbursement for required payments to a Federal trust fund established by a Federal statute to resolve asbestos injury claims or, where applicable, under finite risk policies under subsection (d).

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(2) Certain insurance assignments void-ED.—Any assignment of any rights to insurance coverage for asbestos claims to any person who has asserted an asbestos claim before the date of enactment of this Act, or to any trust, person, or other entity not part of an affiliated group as defined in section 201(1) of this Act established or appointed for the purpose of paying asbestos claims which were asserted before such date of enactment, or by any Tier I defendant participant, before any sunset of this Act, shall be null and void. This subsection shall not void or affect in any way any assignments of rights to insurance coverage other than to asbestos claimants or to trusts, persons, or other entities not part of an affiliated group as defined in section 201(1) of this Act established or appointed for the purpose of paying asbestos claims, or by Tier I defendant participants.

(3) Insurance claims preserved.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, this Act shall not alter, affect, or impair any rights or obligations of any person with respect to any insurance or reinsurance for amounts that any person pays, has paid, or becomes legally obligated to pay in respect of asbestos or other claims, *including claims filed*,

1	pursued, or revived under section 405(g), except to
2	the extent that—
3	(A) such person pays or becomes legally
4	obligated to pay claims that are superseded by
5	section 403;
6	(A) such claims are preempted, barred, or
7	superseded by section 403;
8	(B) any such rights or obligations of such
9	person with respect to insurance or reinsurance
10	are prohibited by paragraph (1) or (2) of sub-
11	section (e); or
12	(C) the limits of insurance otherwise avail-
13	able to such participant in respect of asbestos
14	claims are deemed to be eroded under sub-
15	section (a).
16	SEC. 405. ANNUAL REPORT OF THE ADMINISTRATOR AND
17	SUNSET OF THE ACT.
18	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall submit
19	an annual report to the Committee on the Judiciary of
20	the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the
21	House of Representatives on the operation of the Asbestos
22	Injury Claims Resolution Fund within 6 months after the
23	close of each fiscal year.
24	(b) Contents of Report.—The annual report sub-
25	mitted under this subsection shall include an analysis of—

1	(1) the claims experience of the program during
2	the most recent fiscal year, including—
3	(A) the number of claims made to the Of-
4	fice and a description of the types of medical
5	diagnoses and asbestos exposures underlying
6	those claims;
7	(B) the number of claims denied by the
8	Office and a description of the types of medical
9	diagnoses and asbestos exposures underlying
10	those claims, and a general description of the
11	reasons for their denial;
12	(C) a summary of the eligibility determina-
13	tions made by the Office under section 114;
14	(D) a summary of the awards made from
15	the Fund, including the amount of the awards;
16	and
17	(E) for each eligible condition, a statement
18	of the percentage of asbestos claimants who
19	filed claims during the prior calendar year and
20	were determined to be eligible to receive com-
21	pensation under this Act, who have received the
22	compensation to which such claimants are enti-
23	tled according to section 131;
24	(2) the administrative performance of the pro-
25	gram, including—

1	(A) the performance of the program in
2	meeting the time limits prescribed by law and
3	an analysis of the reasons for any systemic
4	delays;
5	(B) any backlogs of claims that may exist
6	and an explanation of the reasons for such
7	backlogs;
8	(C) the costs to the Fund of administering
9	the program; and
10	(D) any other significant factors bearing
11	on the efficiency of the program;
12	(3) the financial condition of the Fund, includ-
13	ing—
14	(A) statements of the Fund's revenues, ex-
15	penses, assets, and liabilities;
16	(B) the identity of all participants, the
17	funding allocations of each participant, and the
18	total amounts of all payments to the Fund;
19	(C) a list of all financial hardship or in-
20	equity adjustments applied for during the fiscal
21	year, and the adjustments that were made dur-
22	ing the fiscal year;
23	(D) a statement of the investments of the
	(D) a statement of the investments of the

1	(E) a statement of the borrowings of the
2	Fund;
3	(4) the financial prospects of the Fund, includ-
4	ing—
5	(A) an estimate of the number and types
6	of claims, the amount of awards, and the par-
7	ticipant payment obligations for the next fiscal
8	year;
9	(B) an analysis of the financial condition
10	of the Fund, including an estimation of the
11	Fund's ability to pay claims for the subsequent
12	5 years in full as and when required, an evalua-
13	tion of the Fund's ability to retire its existing
14	debt and assume additional debt, and an eval-
15	uation of the Fund's ability to satisfy other ob-
16	ligations under the program; and
17	(C) a report on any changes in projections
18	made in earlier annual reports or sunset anal-
19	yses regarding the Fund's ability to meet its fi-
20	nancial obligations;
21	(5) any recommendations from the Advisory
22	Committee on Asbestos Disease Compensation and
23	the Medical Advisory Committee of the Fund to im-
24	prove the diagnostic, exposure, and medical criteria
25	so as to pay only those claimants whose injuries are

- 1 caused by exposure to asbestos those claimants who
 2 suffer from injuries for which exposure to asbestos was
 3 a substantial contributing factor;
- 4 (6) a summary of the results of audits con-5 ducted under section 115; and
- 6 (7) a summary of prosecutions under section 7 1348 of title 18, United States Code (as added by 8 this Act).
- 9 (e) CLAIMS ANALYSIS.—If the Administrator con-10 cludes, on the basis of the annual report submitted under this section, that the Fund is compensating claims for injuries that are not caused by exposure to asbestos and compensating such claims may, currently or in the future, undermine the Fund's ability to compensate persons with 14 15 injuries that are eaused by exposure to asbestos, the Administrator shall include in the report an analysis of the reasons for the situation, a description of the range of reasonable alternatives for responding to the situation, and 18 a recommendation as to which alternative best serves the interest of claimants and the public. The report shall in-21 elude a description of changes in the diagnostic, exposure, or medical criteria of section 121 that the Administrator believes may be necessary to protect the Fund from compensating claims not caused by exposure to asbestos.

1	(c) Claims Analysis and Verification of Unan-
2	TICIPATED CLAIMS.—
3	(1) In General.—If the Administrator con-
4	cludes, on the basis of the annual report submitted
5	under this section, that—
6	(A) the average number of claims that qual-
7	ify for compensation under a claim level or des-
8	ignation exceeds 125 percent of the number of
9	claims expected to qualify for compensation
10	under that claim level or designation in the most
11	recent Congressional Budget Office estimate of
12	asbestos-injury claims for any 3-year period, the
13	Administrator shall conduct a review of a statis-
14	tically significant sample of claims qualifying
15	for compensation under the appropriate claim
16	level or designation; or
17	(B) the average number of claims that qual-
18	ify for compensation under a claim level or des-
19	ignation is less than 75 percent of the number of
20	claims expected to qualify for compensation
21	under that claim level or designation in the most
22	recent Congressional Budget Office estimate of
23	asbestos-injury claims for any 3-year period, the
24	Administrator shall conduct a review of a statis-
25	tically significant sample of claims deemed ineli-

1	gible for compensation under the appropriate
2	claim level or designation.
3	(2) Determinations.—The Administrator shall
4	examine the best available medical evidence and any
5	$recommendation \ made \ under \ subsection \ (b)(5) \ in$
6	order to determine which 1 or more of the following
7	is true:
8	(A) Without a significant number of excep-
9	tions, all of the claimants who qualified for com-
10	pensation under the claim level or designation
11	suffer from an injury or disease for which expo-
12	sure to asbestos was a substantial contributing
13	factor.
14	(B) A significant number of claimants who
15	qualified for compensation under the claim level
16	or designation do not suffer from an injury or
17	disease for which exposure to asbestos was a sub-
18	stantial contributing factor.
19	(C) A significant number of claimants who
20	were denied compensation under the claim level
21	of designation did suffer from an injury or dis-
22	ease for which exposure to asbestos was a sub-
23	stantial contributing factor.
24	(D) The Congressional Budget Office projec-
25	tions underestimated or overestimated the actual

number of persons who suffer from an injury or
disease for which exposure to asbestos was a substantial contributing factor.

RECOMMENDATIONS CONCERNING CLAIMSCRITERIA.—If the Administrator determines that a significant number of the claimants who qualified for compensation under the claim level under review do not suffer from an injury or disease for which exposure to asbestos was a substantial contributing factor, or that a significant number of the claimants who were denied compensation under the claim level under review suffered from an injury or disease for which exposure to asbestos was a substantial contributing factor, the Administrator shall recommend to Congress, under subsection (e), changes to the compensation criteria in order to ensure that the Fund provides compensation for injury or disease for which exposure to asbestos was a substantial contributing factor, but does not provide compensation to claimants who do not suffer from an injury or disease for which asbestos exposure was a substantial contributing factor.

23 (d) Recommendations of Administrator and Ad-24 visory Committee.—

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1	(1) Referral.—If the Administrator rec-
2	ommends changes to this Act under subsection (c), the
3	recommendations and accompanying analysis shall be
4	referred to the Advisory Committee on Asbestos Dis-
5	ease Compensation established under section 102 (in
6	this subsection referred to as the "Advisory Com-
7	mittee").
8	(2) Advisory committee recommendations.—
9	The Advisory Committee shall hold expedited public
10	hearings on the alternatives and recommendations of
11	the Administrator and make its own recommenda-
12	tions for reform of the program under titles I and II.
13	(3) Transmittal to congress.—Not later than
14	90 days after receiving the recommendations of the
15	Administrator, the Advisory Committee shall trans-
16	mit the recommendations of the Administrator and
17	the recommendations of the Advisory Committee to
18	the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the
19	Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Rep-
20	resentatives.
21	(d)(e) Shortfall Analysis.—
22	(1) In general.—
23	(A) Analysis.—If the Administrator con-
24	cludes, on the basis of the information con-
25	tained in the annual report submitted under

this section, that the Fund may not be able to 1 2 pay claims as such claims become due at any 3 time within the next 5 years, the Administrator 4 shall include in the report an analysis of the reasons for the situation, an estimation of when 6 the Fund will no longer be able to pay claims 7 as such claims become due, a description of the 8 range of reasonable alternatives for responding 9 to the situation, and a recommendation as to which alternative best serves the interest of 10 11 claimants and the public. The report may in-12 clude a description of changes in the diagnostic, 13 exposure, or medical criteria of section 121 that 14 the Administrator believes may be necessary to 15 protect the Fund.

- (B) RANGE OF ALTERNATIVES.—The range of alternatives under subparagraph (A) may include—
 - (i) triggering the termination of this Act under subsection (f) at any time after the date of enactment of this Act; and
 - (ii) reform of the program set forth in titles I and II of this Act (including changes in the diagnostic, exposure, or medical criteria, changes in the enforce-

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ment or application of those criteria, changes in the timing of payments, changes in contributions by defendant participants, insurer participants (or both such participants), or changes in award values).

(C) Insurer shortfall assessments.— Beginning in year 6 of the life of the Fund, if the Administrator determines that a shortfall in payment of the annual amounts required to be paid by insurer participants under section 212(a)(3)(C) is the substantial factor that would cause the Administrator to recommend the termination of this Act under subsection (f), then the Administrator may impose shortfall assessments on insurer participants in addition to the payments imposed under section 212, except that the Administrator shall not impose such assessments if the additional amounts would not be sufficient to permit the Administrator to avoid recommending termination of this Act. During any given year, the total of such shortfall assessments shall not exceed the amount by which, during the prior year, total payments by insurer participants fell short of the aggregate amounts re-

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1	quired to be paid under section $212(a)(3)(C)$.
2	Shortfall assessments shall be allocated among
3	insurer participants using the methodology
4	adopted by the Asbestos Insurers Commission
5	under section $212(a)(1)(B)$.
6	(2) Considerations.—In formulating rec-
7	ommendations, the Administrator shall take into ac-
8	count the reasons for any shortfall, actual or pro-
9	jected, which may include—
10	(A) financial factors, including return on
11	investments, borrowing capacity, interest rates,
12	ability to collect contributions, and other rel-
13	evant factors;
14	(B) the operation of the Fund generally,
15	including administration of the claims proc-
16	essing, the ability of the Administrator to col-
17	lect contributions from participants, potential
18	problems of fraud, the adequacy of the criteria
19	to rule out idiopathic mesothelioma, and inad-
20	equate flexibility to extend the timing of pay-
21	ments;
22	(C) the appropriateness of the diagnostic,
23	exposure, and medical criteria, including the
24	adequacy of the criteria to rule out idiopathic

mesothelioma;

1	(D) the actual incidence of asbestos-related
2	diseases, including mesothelioma, based on epi-
3	demiological studies and other relevant data;
4	(E) compensation of diseases with alter-
5	native causes; and
6	(F) other factors that the Administrator
7	considers relevant.
8	(3) Recommendation of Termination.—Any
9	recommendation of termination should include a
10	plan for winding up the affairs of the Fund (and the
11	program generally) within a defined period, includ-
12	ing paying in full all claims resolved at the time the
13	report is prepared. Any plan under this paragraph
14	shall provide for priority in payment to the claim-
15	ants with the most serious illnesses.
16	(4) Resolved Claims.—For purposes of this
17	section, a claim shall be deemed resolved when the
18	Administrator has determined the amount of the
19	award due the claimant, and either the claimant has
20	waived judicial review or the time for judicial review
21	has expired.
22	(e) Recommendations of Administrator and
23	Commission.—
24	(1) In General.—If the Administrator rec-
25	ommends changes to this Act under subsection (e),

the recommendations and accompanying analysis shall be referred to a special commission consisting of the Attorney General, the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Commerce, or their designees. The Commission shall hold expedited public hearings on the Administrator's alternatives and recommendations and then make its own recommendations for reform of the program set forth in titles I and II of this Act. Within 180 days after receiving the Administrator's recommendations, the Commission shall transmit its own recommendations to the Congress in the same manner as set forth in subsection (a).

(2) REFERRAL. If the Administrator recommends changes to, or termination of, this Act under subsection (d), the recommendations and accompanying analysis shall be referred to the Commission. The Commission shall hold expedited public hearings on the Administrator's alternatives and recommendations and then make its own recommendations for reform of the program set forth in titles I and II of this Act. Within 180 days after receiving the Administrator's recommendations, the Commission shall transmit its own recommendations to Con-

1	gress in the same manner as set forth in subsection
2	(a).
3	(f) Sunset of Act.—
4	(1) In general.—
5	(A) Termination.—Subject to paragraph
6	(4), titles I (except subtitle A) and II and sec-
7	tions 403 and 404(e)(2) shall terminate as pro-
8	vided under paragraph (2), if the Adminis-
9	trator—
10	(i) has begun the processing of claims;
11	and
12	(ii) as part of the review conducted to
13	prepare an annual report under this sec-
14	tion, determines that if any additional
15	claims are resolved, the Fund will not have
16	sufficient resources when needed to pay
17	100 percent of all resolved claims while
18	also meeting all other obligations of the
19	Fund under this Act, including the pay-
20	ment of—
21	(I) debt repayment obligations;
22	and
23	(II) remaining obligations to the
24	asbestos trust of a debtor and the
25	class action trust.

- 1 (B) Remaining obligations.—For pur-2 poses of subparagraph (A)(ii), the remaining 3 obligations to the asbestos trust of the debtor 4 and the class action trust shall be determined 5 by the Administrator by assuming that, instead 6 of a lump-sum payment, such trust had trans-7 ferred its assets to the Fund on an annual 8 basis, taking into consideration relevant factors, 9 including the most recent projections made by 10 the trust's actuary before the date of enactment of this Act of the amount and timing of future 12 claim payments and administrative and oper-13 ating expenses.
 - (2) Effective date of termination.—A termination under paragraph (1) shall take effect 180 days after the date of a determination of the Administrator under paragraph (1) and shall apply to all asbestos claims that have not been resolved by the Fund as of the date of the determination.
 - (3) RESOLVED CLAIMS.—If a termination takes effect under this subsection, all resolved claims shall be paid in full by the Fund.
 - (4) Extinguished claims.—A claim that is extinguished under the statute of limitations provi-

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sions in section 113(b) is not revived at the time of sunset under this subsection.

(5) Continued funding.—If a termination takes effect under this subsection, participants will still be required to make payments as provided under subtitles A and B of title II. If the full amount of payments required by title II is not necessary for the Fund to pay claims that have been resolved as of the date of termination, pay the Fund's debt and obligations to the asbestos trusts and class action trust, and support the Fund's continued operation as needed to pay such claims, debt, and obligations, the Administrator may reduce such payments. Any such reductions shall be allocated among participants in approximately the same proportion as the liability under subtitles A and B of title II.

(6) Sunset claims.—

(A) Definitions.—In this paragraph—

- (i) the term "sunset claims" means claims filed with the Fund, but not yet resolved, when this Act has terminated; and
- (ii) the term "sunset claimants" means persons asserting sunset claims.
- (B) IN GENERAL.—If a termination takes effect under this subsection, the applicable stat-

- under subsection (g) shall be tolled for any past or pending sunset claimants while such claimants were pursuing claims filed under this Act.

 For those claimants who decide to pursue a sunset claim in accordance with subsection (g), the applicable statute of limitations shall apply, except that claimants who filed a claim against the Fund under this Act before the date of termination shall have 2 years after the date of termination to file a sunset claim in accordance with subsection (g).
 - (7) Asbestos trusts and class action trust.—On and after the date of termination under this subsection, the trust distribution program of any asbestos trust and the class action trust shall be replaced with the medical criteria requirements of section 121.
 - (8) Payment to asbestos trusts and class action trust shall be transferred to the respective asbestos trusts of the debtor and the class action trust of the debtor and the class action trust within 90 days.
- 25 (g) Nature of Claim After Sunset.—

(1) In general.—

- (A) Relief.—On and after the date of termination under subsection (f), any individual with an asbestos claim who has not previously had a claim resolved by the Fund, may in a civil action obtain relief in damages subject to the terms and conditions under this subsection and paragraph (6) of subsection (f).
- (B) Resolved Claims.—An individual who has had a claim resolved by the Fund may not pursue a court action, except that an individual who received an award for a nonmalignant disease (Levels I through V) from the Fund may assert a claim for a subsequent or progressive disease under this subsection, unless the disease was diagnosed or the claimant had discovered facts that would have led a reasonable person to obtain such a diagnosis before the date on which the previous claim against the Fund was disposed.
- (C) Mesthelioma claim.—An individual who received an award for a nonmalignant or malignant disease (except mesothelioma) (Levels I through VIII) from the Fund may assert a claim for mesothelioma under this subsection,

1	unless the mesothelioma was diagnosed or the
2	claimant had discovered facts that would have
3	led a reasonable person to obtain such a diag-
4	nosis before the date on which the nonmalig-
5	nant or other malignant claim was disposed.
6	(2) Exclusive remedy.—As of the effective
7	date of a termination of this Act under subsection
8	(f), an action under paragraph (1) shall be the ex-
9	clusive remedy for any asbestos claim that might
10	otherwise exist under Federal, State, or other law,
11	regardless of whether such claim arose before or
12	after the date of enactment of this Act or of the ter-
13	mination of this Act, except that claims against the
14	Fund that have been resolved before the date of the
15	termination determination under subsection (f) may
16	be paid by the Fund.
17	(3) Venue.—
18	(A) In general.—Actions under para-
19	graph (1) may be brought in—
20	(i) any Federal district court;
21	(ii) any State court in the State where
22	the claimant resides; or
23	(iii) any State court in a State where
24	the asbestos exposure occurred.

- 1 (B) DEFENDANTS NOT FOUND.—If any
 2 defendant cannot be found in the State de3 scribed in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph
 4 (A), the claim may be pursued only against that
 5 defendant in the Federal district court or the
 6 State court located within any State in which
 7 the defendant may be found.
 - (C) Determination of most appropriate forum.—If a person alleges that the asbestos exposure occurred in more than one county (or Federal district), the trial court shall determine which State and county (or Federal district) is the most appropriate forum for the claim. If the court determines that another forum would be the most appropriate forum for a claim, the court shall dismiss the claim. Any otherwise applicable statute of limitations shall be tolled beginning on the date the claim was filed and ending on the date the claim is dismissed under this subparagraph.
 - (D) STATE VENUE REQUIREMENTS.—
 Nothing in this paragraph shall preempt or supersede any State's law relating to venue requirements within that State which are more restrictive.

1	(4) Class action trusts.—Notwithstanding
2	any other provision of this section—

- (A) after the assets of any class action trust have been transferred to the Fund in accordance with section 203(b)(5), no asbestos claim may be maintained with respect to asbestos liabilities arising from the operations of a person with respect to whose liabilities for asbestos claims a class action trust has been established, whether such claim names the person or its successors or affiliates as defendants; and
- (B) if a termination takes effect under subsection (f), the exclusive remedy for all asbestos claims (including sunset claims and claims first arising or first presented after termination of the Fund) arising from such operations will be a claim against the class action trust to which the Administrator has transferred funds under subsection (f)(8) to pay asbestos claims, if necessary in proportionally reduced amounts.
- (5) Expert witnesses.—If scientific, technical, or other specialized knowledge will assist the trier of fact to understand the evidence or to determine a fact in issue in an action permitted under paragraph (1),

1	a witness qualified as an expert by knowledge, skill,
2	experience, training, or education, may testify thereto
3	in the form of an opinion or otherwise, if—
4	(A) the testimony is based upon sufficient
5	facts or data;
6	(B) the testimony is the product of reliable
7	principles and methods; and
8	(C) the witness has applied the principles
9	and methods reliably to the facts of the case.
10	SEC. 406. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION RELATING TO LIABIL-
11	ITY OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
12	(a) Causes of Actions.—Except as otherwise spe-
13	cifically provided in this Act, nothing in this Act shall be
14	construed as creating a cause of action against the United
15	States Government, any entity established under this Act,
16	or any officer or employee of the United States Govern-
17	ment or such entity.
18	(b) Funding Liability.—Nothing in this Act shall
19	be construed to—
20	(1) create any obligation of funding from the
21	United States Government, other than the funding
22	for personnel and support as provided under this
23	Act; or including any borrowing authorized under
24	section $221(b)(2)$; or

1	(2) obligate the United States Government to
2	pay any award or part of an award, if amounts in
3	the Fund are inadequate.
4	SEC. 407. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.
5	(2) LIDDY MONTANA CLAIMANTS Nothing in this

- 5 (a) Libby, Montana Claimants.—Nothing in this
- 6 Act shall preclude the formation of a fund for the payment
- 7 of eligible medical expenses related to treating asbestos-
- 8 related disease for current and former residents of Libby,
- 9 Montana. The payment of any such medical expenses shall
- 10 not be collateral source compensation as defined under
- 11 section 134(a).
- 12 (b) Healthcare From Provider of Choice.—
- 13 Nothing in this Act shall be construed to preclude any eli-
- 14 gible claimant from receiving healthcare from the provider
- 15 of their choice.
- 16 SEC. 408. VIOLATIONS OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH AND
- 17 **SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.**
- 18 (a) Asbestos in Commerce.—If the Administrator
- 19 receives information concerning conduct occurring after
- 20 the date of enactment of this Act that may have been a
- 21 violation of standards issued by the Environmental Protec-
- 22 tion Agency under the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
- 23 U.S.C. 2601 et seq.), relating to the manufacture, impor-
- 24 tation, processing, disposal, and distribution in commerce
- 25 of asbestos-containing products, the Administrator shall

- 1 refer the matter in writing within 30 days after receiving
- 2 that information to the Administrator of the Environ-
- 3 mental Protection Agency and the United States attorney
- 4 for possible civil or criminal penalties, including those
- 5 under section 17 of the Toxic Substances Control Act (15
- 6 U.S.C. 2616), and to the appropriate State authority with
- 7 jurisdiction to investigate asbestos matters.
- 8 (b) Asbestos as Air Pollutant.—If the Adminis-
- 9 trator receives information concerning conduct occurring
- 10 after the date of enactment of this Act that may have been
- 11 a violation of standards issued by the Environmental Pro-
- 12 tection Agency under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401
- 13 et seq.), relating to asbestos as a hazardous air pollutant,
- 14 the Administrator shall refer the matter in writing within
- 15 30 days after receiving that information to the Adminis-
- 16 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency and the
- 17 United States attorney for possible criminal and civil pen-
- 18 alties, including those under section 113 of the Clean Air
- 19 Act (42 U.S.C. 7413), and to the appropriate State au-
- 20 thority with jurisdiction to investigate asbestos matters.
- 21 (c) Occupational Exposure.—If the Adminis-
- 22 trator receives information concerning conduct occurring
- 23 after the date of enactment of this Act that may have been
- 24 a violation of standards issued by the Occupational Safety
- 25 and Health Administration under the Occupational Safety

- 1 and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 651 et seq.), relating
- 2 to occupational exposure to asbestos, the Administrator
- 3 shall refer the matter in writing within 30 days after re-
- 4 ceiving that information and refer the matter to the Sec-
- 5 retary of Labor or the appropriate State agency with au-
- 6 thority to enforce occupational safety and health stand-
- 7 ards, for investigation for possible civil or criminal pen-
- 8 alties under section 17 of the Occupational Safety and
- 9 Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 666).
- 10 (d) Enhanced Criminal Penalties for Willful
- 11 Violations of Occupational Standards for Asbes-
- 12 TOS.—Section 17(e) of the Occupational Safety and
- 13 Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 656(e)) is amended—
- 14 (1) by striking "Any" and inserting "(1) Ex-
- cept as provided in paragraph (2), any"; and
- 16 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 17 "(2) Any employer who willfully violates any standard
- 18 issued under section 6 with respect to the control of occu-
- 19 pational exposure to asbestos, shall upon conviction be
- 20 punished by a fine in accordance with section 3571 of title
- 21 18, United States Code, or by imprisonment for not more
- 22 than 5 years, or both, except that if the conviction is for
- 23 a violation committed after a first conviction of such per-
- 24 son, punishment shall be by a fine in accordance with sec-

1	tion 3571 of title 18, United States Code, or by imprison-
2	ment for not more than 10 years, or both.".
3	(e) Contributions to the Asbestos Trust Fund
4	BY EPA AND OSHA ASBESTOS VIOLATORS.—
5	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall as-
6	sess employers or other individuals determined to
7	have violated asbestos statutes, standards, or regula-
8	tions administered by the Department of Labor, the
9	Environmental Protection Agency, and their State
10	counterparts, for contributions to the Asbestos In-
11	jury Claims Resolution Fund (in this section re-
12	ferred to as the "Fund").
13	(2) Identification of violators.—Each
14	year, the Administrator shall—
15	(A) in consultation with the Assistant Sec-
16	retary of Labor for Occupational Safety and
17	Health, identify all employers that, during the
18	previous year, were subject to final orders find-
19	ing that they violated standards issued by the
20	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
21	for control of occupational exposure to asbestos
22	(29 C.F.R. 1910.1001, 1915.1001, and
23	1926.1101) or the equivalent asbestos stand-
24	ards issued by any State under section 18 of

1	the Occupational Safety and Health Act (29
2	U.S.C. 668); and
3	(B) in consultation with the Administrator
4	of the Environmental Protection Agency, iden-
5	tify all employers or other individuals who, dur-
6	ing the previous year, were subject to final or-
7	ders finding that they violated asbestos regula-
8	tions administered by the Environmental Pro-
9	tection Agency (including the National Emis-
10	sions Standard for Asbestos established under
11	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), the
12	asbestos worker protection standards estab-
13	lished under part 763 of title 40, Code of Fed-
14	eral Regulations, and the regulations banning
15	asbestos promulgated under section 501 of this
16	Act), or equivalent State asbestos regulations.
17	(3) Assessment for contribution.—The
18	Administrator shall assess each such identified em-
19	ployer or other individual for a contribution to the
20	Fund for that year in an amount equal to—
21	(A) 2 times the amount of total penalties
22	assessed for the first violation of occupational
23	health and environmental statutes, standards
24	or regulations;

1	(B) 4 times the amount of total penalties
2	for a second violation of such statutes, stand-
3	ards, or regulations; and
4	(C) 6 times the amount of total penalties
5	for any violations thereafter.
6	(4) Liability.—Any assessment under this
7	subsection shall be considered a liability under this
8	Act.
9	(5) PAYMENTS.—Each such employer or other
10	individual assessed for a contribution to the Fund
11	under this subsection shall make the required con-
12	tribution to the Fund within 90 days of the date of
13	receipt of notice from the Administrator requiring
14	payment.
15	(6) Enforcement.—The Administrator is au-
16	thorized to bring a civil action under section 223(c)
17	against any employer or other individual who fails to
18	make timely payment of contributions assessed
19	under this section.
20	(f) REVIEW OF FEDERAL SENTENCING GUIDELINES
21	FOR ENVIRONMENTAL CRIMES RELATED TO ASBES-
22	TOS.—Under section 994 of title 28, United States Code,
23	and in accordance with this section, the United States
24	Sentencing Commission shall review and amend, as appro-

1	priate, the United States Sentencing Guidelines and re-
2	lated policy statements to ensure that—
3	(1) appropriate changes are made within the
4	guidelines to reflect any statutory amendments that
5	have occurred since the time that the current guide-
6	line was promulgated;
7	(2) the base offense level, adjustments, and spe-
8	cific offense characteristics contained in section
9	2Q1.2 of the United States Sentencing Guidelines
10	(relating to mishandling of hazardous or toxic sub-
11	stances or pesticides; recordkeeping, tampering, and
12	falsification; and unlawfully transporting hazardous
13	materials in commerce) are increased as appropriate
14	to ensure that future asbestos-related offenses re-
15	flect the seriousness of the offense, the harm to the
16	community, the need for ongoing reform, and the
17	highly regulated nature of asbestos;
18	(3) the base offense level, adjustments, and spe-
19	cific offense characteristics are sufficient to deter
20	and punish future activity and are adequate in cases
21	in which the relevant offense conduct—
22	(A) involves asbestos as a hazardous or
23	toxic substance; and
24	(B) occurs after the date of enactment of
25	this Act;

- 1 (4) the adjustments and specific offense charac2 teristics contained in section 2B1.1 of the United
 3 States Sentencing Guidelines related to fraud, de4 ceit, and false statements, adequately take into ac5 count that asbestos was involved in the offense, and
 6 the possibility of death or serious bodily harm as a
 7 result;
 - (5) the guidelines that apply to organizations in chapter 8 of the United States Sentencing Guidelines are sufficient to deter and punish organizational criminal misconduct that involves the use, handling, purchase, sale, disposal, or storage of asbestos; and
 - (6) the guidelines that apply to organizations in chapter 8 of the United States Sentencing Guidelines are sufficient to deter and punish organizational criminal misconduct that involves fraud, deceit, or false statements against the Office of Asbestos Disease Compensation.

20 SEC. 409. NONDISCRIMINATION OF HEALTH INSURANCE.

21 (a) Denial, Termination, or Alteration of 22 Health Coverage.—No health insurer offering a health 23 plan may deny or terminate coverage, or in any way alter 24 the terms of coverage, of any claimant or the beneficiary 25 of a claimant, on account of the participation of the claim-

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1	ant or beneficiary in a medical monitoring program under
2	this Act, or as a result of any information discovered as
3	a result of such medical monitoring.
4	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) HEALTH INSURER.—The term "health in-
6	surer" means—
7	(A) an insurance company, healthcare
8	service contractor, fraternal benefit organiza-
9	tion, insurance agent, third-party administrator,
10	insurance support organization, or other person
11	subject to regulation under the laws related to
12	health insurance of any State;
13	(B) a managed care organization; or
14	(C) an employee welfare benefit plan regu-
15	lated under the Employee Retirement Income
16	Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
17	(2) HEALTH PLAN.—The term "health plan"
18	means—
19	(A) a group health plan (as such term is
20	defined in section 607 of the Employee Retire-
21	ment Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
22	1167)), and a multiple employer welfare ar-
23	rangement (as defined in section 3(4) of such
24	Act) that provides health insurance coverage; or

1	(B) any contractual arrangement for the
2	provision of a payment for healthcare, including
3	any health insurance arrangement or any ar-
4	rangement consisting of a hospital or medical
5	expense incurred policy or certificate, hospital
6	or medical service plan contract, or health
7	maintenance organizing subscriber contract.
8	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
9	(1) ERISA.—Section 702(a)(1) of the Em-
10	ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29
11	U.S.C. 1182(a)(1)), is amended by adding at the
12	end the following:
13	"(I) Participation in a medical monitoring
14	program under the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
15	Resolution Act of 2005.".
16	(2) Public Service Health act.—Section
17	2702(a)(1) of the Public Health Service Act (42
18	U.S.C. 300gg-1(a)(1)) is amended by adding at the
19	end the following:
20	"(I) Participation in a medical monitoring
21	program under the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
22	Resolution Act of 2005.".
23	(3) Internal revenue code of 1986.—Sec-
24	tion 9802(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of
25	1986 is amended by adding at the end the following

1	"(I) Participation in a medical monitoring
2	program under the Fairness in Asbestos Injury
3	Resolution Act of 2005.".
4	TITLE V—ASBESTOS BAN
5	SEC. 501. PROHIBITION ON ASBESTOS CONTAINING PROD-
6	UCTS.
7	(a) In General.—Title II of the Toxic Substances
8	Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2641 et seq.) is amended—
9	(1) by inserting before section 201 (15 U.S.C.
10	2641) the following:
11	"Subtitle A—General Provisions";
12	and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"Subtitle B—Ban of Asbestos
15	Containing Products
16	"SEC. 221. BAN OF ASBESTOS CONTAINING PRODUCTS.
17	"(a) Definitions.—In this chapter:
18	"(1) Administrator.—The term 'Adminis-
19	trator' means the Administrator of the Environ-
20	mental Protection Agency.
21	"(2) Asbestos.—The term 'asbestos' in-
22	cludes—
23	"(A) chrysotile;
24	"(B) amosite;
25	"(C) crocidolite;

1	"(D) tremolite asbestos;
2	"(E) winchite asbestos;
3	"(F) richterite asbestos;
4	"(G) anthophyllite asbestos;
5	"(H) actinolite asbestos;
6	"(I) amphibole asbestos asbestiform
7	amphibole minerals; and
8	"(J) any of the minerals listed under sub-
9	paragraphs (A) through (I) that has been
10	chemically treated or altered, and any
11	asbestiform variety, type, or component thereof.
12	"(3) Asbestos containing product.—The
13	term 'asbestos containing product' means any prod-
14	uct (including any part) to which asbestos is delib-
15	erately or knowingly added or used because the spe-
16	cific properties of asbestos are necessary for product
17	use or function. Under no circumstances shall the
18	term 'asbestos containing product' be construed to
19	include products that contain de minimus levels of
20	naturally occurring asbestos as defined by the Ad-
21	ministrator not later than 1 year after the date of
22	enactment of this chapter.
23	"(4) DISTRIBUTE IN COMMERCE.—The term
24	'distribute in commerce'—

1	"(A) has the meaning given the term in
2	section 3 of the Toxic Substances Control Act
3	(15 U.S.C. 2602); and
4	"(B) shall not include—
5	"(i) an action taken with respect to
6	an asbestos containing product in connec-
7	tion with the end use of the asbestos con-
8	taining product by a person that is an end
9	user, or an action taken by a person who
10	purchases or receives a product, directly or
11	indirectly, from an end user; or
12	"(ii) distribution of an asbestos con-
13	taining product by a person solely for the
14	purpose of disposal of the asbestos con-
15	taining product in compliance with applica-
16	ble Federal, State, and local requirements.
17	"(b) In General.—Subject to subsection (c), the
18	Administrator shall promulgate—
19	"(1) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
20	actment of this chapter, proposed regulations that—
21	"(A) prohibit persons from manufacturing,
22	processing, or distributing in commerce asbes-
23	tos containing products; and
24	"(B) provide for implementation of sub-
25	sections (c) and (d); and

"(2) not later than 2 years after the date of en-1 2 actment of this chapter, final regulations that, effec-3 tive 60 days after the date of promulgation, prohibit 4 persons from manufacturing, processing, or distrib-5 uting in commerce asbestos containing products. 6 "(c) Exemptions.— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person may petition 7 8 the Administrator for, and the Administrator may 9 grant, an exemption from the requirements of sub-10 section (b), if the Administrator determines that— "(A) the exemption would not result in an 11 12 unreasonable risk of injury to public health or 13 the environment; and 14 "(B) the person has made good faith ef-15 forts to develop, but has been unable to develop, 16 a substance, or identify a mineral that does not 17 present an unreasonable risk of injury to public 18 health or the environment and may be sub-19 stituted for an asbestos containing product. 20 "(2) Terms and conditions.—An Except for 21 an exception authorized under paragraph (3)(A)(i), 22 an exemption granted under this subsection shall be 23 in effect for such period (not to exceed 5 years) and

subject to such terms and conditions as the Adminis-

trator may prescribe.

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1	"(3) Governmental use.—
2	"(A) In General.—The Administrator of
3	the Environmental Protection Agency shall pro-
4	vide an exemption from the requirements of
5	subsection (b), without review or limit on dura-
6	tion, if such exemption for an asbestos con-
7	taining product is—
8	"(i) sought by the Secretary of De-
9	fense and the Secretary certifies, and pro-
10	vides a copy of that certification to Con-
11	gress, that—
12	"(I) use of the asbestos con-
13	taining product is necessary to the
14	eritical functions of the Department;
15	"(II) no reasonable alternatives
16	to the asbestos containing product
17	exist for the intended purpose; and
18	"(III) use of the asbestos con-
19	taining product will not result in an
20	unreasonable risk to health or the en-
21	vironment; or
22	"(ii) sought by the Administrator of
23	the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
24	ministration and the Administrator of the
25	National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-

1	tration certifies, and provides a copy of
2	that certification to Congress, that—
3	"(A) In General.—
4	"(i) Department of defense.—
5	Nothing in this section or in the regulations
6	promulgated by the Administrator under
7	subsection (b) shall prohibit or limit the
8	manufacture, processing, or distribution in
9	commerce of asbestos containing products by
10	or for the Department of Defense or the use
11	of asbestos containing products by or for the
12	Department of Defense if the Secretary of
13	Defense certifies (or recertifies within 10
14	years of a prior certification), and provides
15	a copy of the certification to Congress,
16	that—
17	"(I) use of asbestos containing
18	product is necessary to the critical
19	functions of the Department, which in-
20	cludes the use of the asbestos con-
21	taining product in any weaponry,
22	equipment, aircraft, vehicles, or other
23	classes or categories of property which
24	are owned or operated by the Armed
25	Forces of the United States (including

1	the Coast Guard) or by the National
2	Guard of any State and which are
3	uniquely military in nature;
4	"(II) no reasonably available and
5	equivalent alternatives to the asbestos
6	containing product exist for the in-
7	tended purpose; and
8	"(III) use of the asbestos con-
9	taining product will not result in a
10	known unreasonable risk to health or
11	$the\ environment.$
12	"(ii) National Aeronautics and
13	SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—The Adminis-
14	trator of the Environmental Protection
15	Agency shall provide an exemption from the
16	requirements of subsection (b), without re-
17	view or limit on duration, if such exemp-
18	tion for an asbestos containing product is
19	sought by the Administrator of the National
20	Aeronautics and Space Administration and
21	the Administrator of the National Aero-
22	nautics and Space Administration certifies,
23	and provides a copy of that certification to
24	Congress, that—

1	"(I) the asbestos containing
2	product is necessary to the critical
3	functions of the National Aeronautics
4	and Space Administration;
5	"(II) no reasonable alternatives
6	to the asbestos containing product
7	exist for the intended purpose; and
8	"(III) the use of the asbestos
9	containing product will not result in
10	an unreasonable risk to health or the
11	environment.
12	"(B) Administrative procedure act.—
13	Any certification required under subparagraph
14	(A) shall not be subject to chapter 5 of title 5,
15	United States Code (commonly referred to as
16	the 'Administrative Procedure Act').
17	"(4) Specific exemptions.—The following
18	are exempted:
19	"(A) Asbestos diaphragms for use in the
20	manufacture of chlor-alkali and the products
21	and derivative therefrom.
22	"(B) Roofing cements, coatings, and
23	mastics utilizing asbestos that is totally encap-
24	sulated with asphalt, subject to a determination

1	by the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-
2	tection Agency under paragraph (5).
3	"(5) Environmental protection agency
4	REVIEW.—
5	"(A) REVIEW IN 18 MONTHS.—Not later
6	than 18 months after the date of enactment of
7	this chapter, the Administrator of the Environ-
8	mental Protection Agency shall complete a re-
9	view of the exemption for roofing cements, coat-
10	ings, and mastics utilizing asbestos that are to-
11	tally encapsulated with asphalt to determine
12	whether—
13	"(i) the exemption would result in an
14	unreasonable risk of injury to public health
15	or the environment; and
16	"(ii) there are reasonable, commercial
17	alternatives to the roofing cements, coat-
18	ings, and mastics utilizing asbestos that is
19	totally encapsulated with asphalt.
20	"(B) REVOCATION OF EXEMPTION.—Upon
21	completion of the review, the Administrator of
22	the Environmental Protection Agency shall have
23	the authority to revoke the exemption for the
24	products exempted under paragraph (4)(B), if
25	warranted.

1	"(d) Disposal.—
2	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
3	graph (2), not later than 3 years after the date of
4	enactment of this chapter, each person that pos-
5	sesses an asbestos containing product that is subject
6	to the prohibition established under this section shall
7	dispose of the asbestos containing product, by a
8	means that is in compliance with applicable Federal
9	State, and local requirements.
10	"(2) Exemption.—Nothing in paragraph (1)—
11	"(A) applies to an asbestos containing
12	product that—
13	"(i) is no longer in the stream of com-
14	merce; or
15	"(ii) is in the possession of an end
16	user or a person who purchases or receives
17	an asbestos containing product directly or
18	indirectly from an end user; or
19	"(B) requires that an asbestos containing
20	product described in subparagraph (A) be re-
21	moved or replaced.".
22	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
23	The table of contents in section 1 of the Toxic Substances
24	Control Act (15 U.S.C. prec. 2601) is amended—

1	(1) by inserting before the item relating to sec-
2	tion 201 the following:
	"Subtitle A—General Provisions";
3	and
4	(2) by adding at the end of the items relating
5	to title II the following:
	"Subtitle B—Ban of Asbestos Containing Products
	"Sec. 221. Ban of asbestos containing products.".
6	SEC. 502. NATURALLY OCCURRING ASBESTOS.
7	(a) Study.—
8	(1) In general.—Not later than 12 months
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
10	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency
11	shall—
12	(A) conduct a study to assess the risks of ex-
13	posure to naturally occurring asbestos, including
14	the appropriateness of the existing risk assess-
15	ment values for asbestos and methods of assessing
16	exposure; and
17	(B) submit a report that contains a detailed
18	statement of the findings and conclusions of such
19	study to—
20	(i) the majority and minority leaders
21	of the Senate;
22	(ii) the Speaker and the minority lead-
23	er of the House of Representatives; and

1	(iii) the relevant committees of juris-
2	diction of the Senate and House of Rep-
3	resentatives, including—
4	(I) the Environment and Public
5	Works Committee of the Senate;
6	(II) the Appropriations Com-
7	mittee of the Senate;
8	(III) the Judiciary Committee of
9	$the \ Senate;$
10	(IV) the Energy and Commerce
11	Committee of the House of Representa-
12	tives;
13	(V) the Judiciary Committee of
14	the House of Representatives; and
15	(VI) the Appropriations Com-
16	mittee of the House of Representatives.
17	(2) Development requirements.—
18	(A) In General.—Not later than 18
19	months after the date of enactment of this Act,
20	the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
21	tion Agency, in consultation with appropriate
22	Federal and State agencies and other interested
23	parties after appropriate notice, shall establish
24	dust management guidelines, and model State
25	regulations that States can choose to adopt, for

1	commercial and residential development, and
2	road construction in areas where naturally oc-
3	curring asbestos is present and considered a risk.
4	Such dust management guidelines may at a
5	minimum incorporate provisions consistent with
6	the relevant California Code of Regulation (17
7	C.C.R. 93105–06).
8	(B) Dust management guidelines.—
9	Guidelines under this paragraph shall include—
10	(i) site management practices to mini-
11	mize the disturbance of naturally occurring
12	asbestos and contain asbestos mobilized
13	from the source at the development site;
14	(ii) air and soil monitoring programs
15	to assess asbestos exposure levels at the de-
16	velopment site and to determine whether as-
17	bestos is migrating from the site; and
18	(iii) appropriate disposal options for
19	asbestos-containing materials to be removed
20	from the site during development.
21	(b) Testing Protocols.—
22	(1) In General.—Not later than 18 months
23	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
24	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in
25	consultation with appropriate State agencies, shall es-

1	tablish comprehensive protocols for testing for the
2	presence of naturally occurring asbestos.
3	(2) Protocols.—The protocols under this sub-
4	section shall address both ambient air monitoring and
5	activity-based personal sampling and include—
6	(A) suggested sampling devices and guide-
7	lines to address the issues of methods com-
8	parability, sampler operation, performance spec-
9	ifications, and quality control and quality assur-
10	ance;
11	(B) a national laboratory and air sampling
12	accreditation program for all methods of anal-
13	yses of air and soil for naturally occurring as-
14	bestos;
15	(C) recommended laboratory analytical pro-
16	cedures, including fiber types, fiber lengths, and
17	fiber aspect ratios; and
18	(D) protocols for collecting and analyzing
19	aggregate and soil samples for asbestos content,
20	including proper and consistent sample prepara-
21	tion practices suited to the activity likely to
22	occur on the soils of the study area.
23	(c) Existing Buildings and Areas.—Not later than
24	1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
25	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall issue

1	$public\ education\ materials,\ recommended\ best\ management$
2	practices and recommended remedial measures for areas
3	containing naturally occurring asbestos including exist-
4	ing—
5	(1) schools and parks; and
6	(2) commercial and residential development.
7	(d) Mapping.—The Secretary of the Interior shall—
8	(1) acquire infrared mapping data for naturally
9	occurring asbestos, prioritizing California counties
10	experiencing rapid population growth;
11	(2) process that data into map images; and
12	(3) collaborate with the California Geological
13	Survey and any other appropriate State agencies in
14	producing final maps of asbestos zones.
15	(e) Research Grants.—The Director of the National
16	Institutes of Health shall administer 1 or more research
17	grants to qualified entities for studies that focus on better
18	understanding the health risks of exposure to naturally oc-
19	curring asbestos. Grants under this subsection shall be
20	awarded through a competitive peer-reviewed, merit-based
21	process.
22	(f) Task Force Participation.—Representatives of
23	Region IX of the United States Environmental Protection
24	Agency, and the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease
25	Registry of the United States Department of Health and

1	Human Services shall participate in any task force con-
2	vened by the State of California to evaluate policies and
3	adopt guidelines for the mitigation of risks associated with
4	naturally occurring asbestos.
5	(g) Matching Grants.— The Administrator of the
6	Environmental Protection Agency is authorized to award
7	50 percent matching Federal grants to States and munici-
8	palities. Not later than 4 months after the date of enactment
9	of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
10	tion Agency shall establish criteria to award such grants—
11	(1) for monitoring and remediation of naturally
12	occurring asbestos—
13	(A) at schools, parks, and other public
14	areas; and
15	(B) in serpentine aggregate roads gener-
16	ating significant public exposure; and
17	(2) for development, implementation, and en-
18	forcement of State and local dust management regula-
19	tions concerning naturally occurring asbestos, pro-
20	vided that after the Administrator has issued model
21	State regulations under subsection (a)(2), such State
22	and local regulations shall be at least as protective as
23	the model regulations to be eligible for the matching
24	grants.

- AVAILABILITY 1 (h) FUNDS.—An amount OF2 \$40,000,000 from the Fund shall be made available to carry out the requirements of this section, including up to 3 4 \$9,000,000 for the Secretary of the Interior to carry out 5 subsection (d), up to \$4,000,000 for the Director of the Na-6 tional Institutes of Health to carry out subsection (e), and the remainder for the Administrator of the Environmental 8 Protection Agency, at least \$15,000,000 of which shall be used for the matching grants under subsection (g). 10 (i) Construction.— 11 (1) Guidelines and protocols.—The guide-12 lines and protocols issued by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under the specific 13 14 authorities in subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall be
- authorities in subsections (a), (b), and (c) shall be construed as nonbinding best practices unless adopted as a mandatory requirement by a State or local government. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, accreditation for testing will not be granted except in
- section (b)(2)(B).
 (2) FEDERAL CAUSES OF ACTION.—This section
 shall not be construed as creating any new Federal
 cause of action for civil, criminal, or punitive dam-

accordance with the guidelines issued under sub-

24 ages.

1	(3) FEDERAL CLAIMS.—This section shall not be
2	construed as creating any new Federal claim for in-
3	junctive or declaratory relief against a State, local, or
4	private party.
5	(4) States and localities.— Nothing in this
6	section shall limit the authority of States or localities
7	concerning naturally occurring asbestos.

Calendar No. 131

109TH CONGRESS S. 852

A BILL

To create a fair and efficient system to resolve claims of victims for bodily injury caused by asbestos exposure, and for other purposes.

June 16, 2005

Reported with amendments